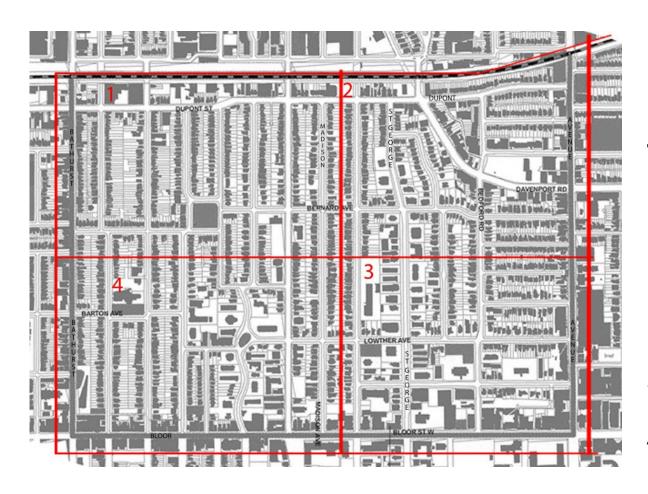
TOWARDS A PLAN FOR THE ANNEX

INTRODUCTION

Annex / Quadrants



Project Team

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Purpose / Objectives

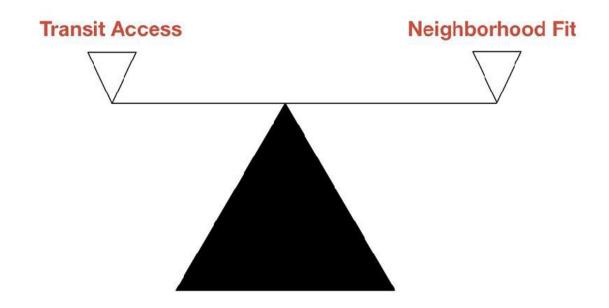
- Accommodate growth in a measured way, ensuring new development enhances the Annex as a complete community
- Strengthen the community's position in relation to City and Provincial decision-making
- Add focus and clarity for community and developers

Driving political issues:

- Current rules and approval process not coping with accelerating redevelopment pressure
- •Provincial intensification policy re: high order transit access has declared open season on existing historic core neighborhoods
- Current Government overriding City development policy



January 2021 LPAT decision re 64 Prince Arthur:
Balance between transit-related intensification and other planning considerations.



However, more recent 287 Davenport decision: Neighbourhood fit considerations all but ignored in tribunal decision

Fitting development:









The Annex Character

Historical Evolution

Pre 1920: Annex "city-suburb": Well-to-do small town

original urban suburb - homes & services;

1920 to 1950: City suburb: Toronto emerges as Ontario's major City

Incursion of cars, institutional uses, multiple unit conversion

1950 to 1980: Post-war era: Baby boom brings accelerated growth

TTC subway, through traffic, mid-rise apartments, shops, and entertainment transform

many arterial streets, particularly near subway stations; substantial UofT student growth

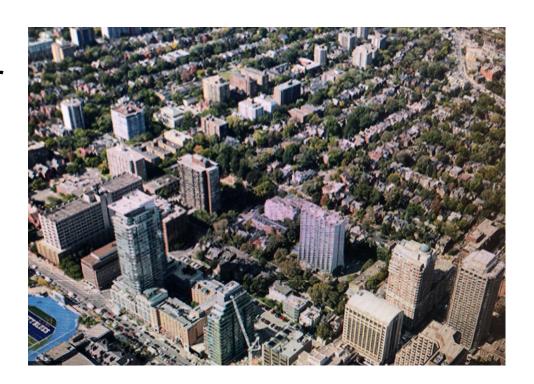
1980 - present: Megalopolitization: All of the above on steroids

High rise mixed use buildings on all arterials magnify the transformation

Streetscape / character continuum as future framework:

A continuum of three distinct categories of streetscape / character has evolved:

- Residential Neighbourhoods,
- Apartment Neighbourhoods,
- Mixed-use streets with urban services;



Looming









Principle 1: Ensure neighbourhood fit

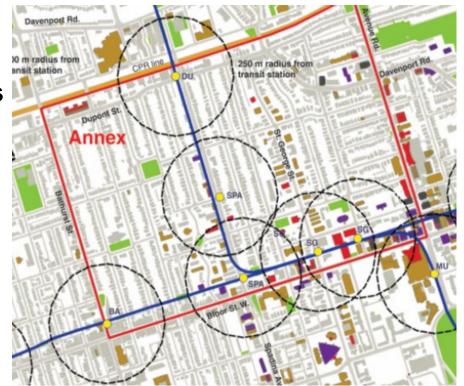
Permit major new development only where it will complement and enhance the character of the Annex

Key characteristics and attributes of Annex built-form and streetscapes:

- Consistent scale within residential areas
- Historic houses and conservation districts
- Setbacks from street
- Lush landscaping and tree canopy
- Extensive private gardens

Principle 2: Establish Priorities for Intensification

Conservation of heritage neighbourhoods should have priority over intensification in the application of Provincial policies



Principle 3: Respect the Neighbourhood Character

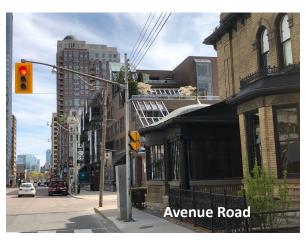
Each of the distinct Streetscape Characters can respond to pressure for change while still retaining the integrity of its particular character



- Neighbourhood Residential



- Apartment Neighbourhood



- Mixed-use Arterials

CONSERVE > ENHANCE > TRANSFORM >







Principle 4: Improve the public realm

Identify municipal initiatives to enhance sidewalks and boulevards

- Transform streetscapes
- Add parkettes
- Restore the tree canopy
- Supplement public realm



