

HTML Cheatsheet

HTML tag	Explanation	Closing tag
<h1>	<p>The <h1> element designates the largest size of heading. Any phrase or sentence wrapped in an h1 tag will appear as a big headline. There are six sizes of heading. <h1> is the largest and <h6> is the smallest.</p>	</h1>
<h6>	<p>The <h6> element designates the smallest size of heading. Any phrase or sentence wrapped in an h6 tag will appear as a modest subheadline. There are six sizes of heading and <h6> is the smallest.</p>	</h6>
<p>	<p>The <p> tag wraps a paragraph of text, with a small margin of space above and below the paragraph to separate it from other elements. The <p> tag often contains other HTML tags like those for links, line breaks and bold or italic text.</p>	</p>
	<p>The tag denotes bold text. Any characters contained between the opening tag and the closing tag will be bold. This HTML tag is often nested inside paragraph tags.</p>	
	<p>The tag denotes italic text. Any characters contained between the opening tag and the closing tag will be italic. This HTML tag is often nested inside paragraph tags.</p>	
	<p>The tag denotes an unordered list. That is, a dot point list. Each list item within an element will start on a new line and get its own dot point.</p>	

	The tag denotes an ordered list. That is, a numbered list. Each list item within an element will start on a new line and get its own numbered point. The numbers increment automatically.	
	The tag denotes a list item. This element is always nested inside another HTML tag: either a tag for an unordered dot-point list; or an tag for a numbered list	
<blockquote>	The <blockquote> tag denotes a stretch of large, quoted text. This is useful for highlighting a sentence within a longer article. The <blockquote> tag will often include other HTML tags, like those for bold text or italic text.	</blockquote>
<button>	The <button> tag unsurprisingly denotes a button element. The words between the opening <button> tag and the closing </button> tag form the text that appears on the button. This <button> element is often nested inside form tags.	</button>
	The <a> tag denotes a hyperlink. The words, images or other content between the opening <a> tag and the closing tag will all be linked to the chosen URL. The URL of the link is set using a special “href” attribute, which is added to the opening <a> tag.	
<iframe src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/XUPxnAmBWQE">	The <iframe> tag denotes an embedded page. This is the HTML tag that allows you to add videos from YouTube to your own website. The URL of the embedded page is set using a special “src” attribute, which is the link to the content you are embedding on your page.	</iframe>

Standalone elements, or “self-closing HTML tags” (i.e. elements with no closing tag)

Ultimately the reason these don't have closing tags is because no other content can be nested within them. For example, you can't nest text or other content inside a line break or an image.

HTML tag	Explanation
	<p>The tag denotes an image. It instructs the browser to show the image that lives at a specific URL. The URL of the image is set using the special "src" attribute, which is the link to where the image file is hosted.</p> <p>The element is a self-closing tag, as an image can't enclose text or other content.</p>
<hr />	<p>The <hr /> tag is a "horizontal rule". It simply shows a straight horizontal line from one side of the text area to the other. It's useful when separating unrelated content. For example, separating one blog post from another one above it.</p> <p>The <hr /> element is a self-closing tag, as a straight horizontal line can't enclose text or other content.</p>
 	<p>The
 tag denotes a simple line break. When placed between two text, image or other elements it ensures the second one starts on a new line.</p> <p>The
 element is a self-closing tag, as a line break can't enclose text or other content.</p>
<input />	<p>The <input /> tag denotes a data capture field within a form (e.g. a text field where supporters can enter information, like a first name or email field)</p>