

# THIRD MEETING OF STATES PARTIES TO THE TREATY ON THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS

# 2 - 7 March 2025

# PARTICIPANTS' GUIDE

Greetings ICAN friends!

Soon, ICAN partners, governments, experts, academics, affected community representatives, lawmakers, and others will gather in New York City for the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW).

ICAN is honored to continue as the civil society coordinator for the TPNW and its meetings.

There has been a great deal of progress on the Treaty since the last Nuclear Ban week in New York. The ban treaty has grown with 4 ratifications (Sao Tome, Indonesia, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands) and one signature (Solomon Islands). And there has been a robust intersessional period advancing issues including victim assistance and the security concerns of states party to the Treaty.

This is the 80th year since the invention of nuclear weapons and their first use, and the risks surrounding them have grown significantly. This week in New York, as we come together for the third Meeting of States Parties (3MSP), is an opportunity to use the meetings, panels, artistic and youth events to draw attention to these risks, and serves as a reminder that there is a solution through the TPNW.

This guide is designed to help those who are unfamiliar with the city in getting around and making the most of this action-packed Nuclear Ban Week. You'll find practical information about entering the US, traveling from any of the city airports into Manhattan, how to get to the UN, and a preview of the exciting events and activities planned throughout the week. Finally, there is information on how to navigate New York.

We will begin our week at the iconic Riverside Church, in which U.S. civil rights leader (and Nobel Peace laureate) Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr called out for those demanding civil rights to link hands with those calling for peace. This historic <u>speech</u> is relevant today, during this time of nuclear and climate risks, in which "We are confronted with the fierce urgency of now."

As we welcome you to New York, we appreciate your willingness to move past indecision to action, and be part of the solution to the problem of nuclear weapons.

Onwards, Melissa Parke, Executive Director

# **CONTENTS**

GENERAL INFORMATION	1
UNITED STATES VISA AND ENTRY REQUIREMENTS	1
ACCOMMODATION	1
CURRENCY AND PAYMENT	1
TIME	2
WEATHER	2
HEALTH	2
COVID-19 INFORMATION	2
POWER PLUGS AND SOCKET	2
LANGUAGE	3
PHONE	3
911 IS THE EMERGENCY NUMBER IN NEW YORK	3
REACHING ICAN WHILE YOU ARE IN NEW YORK	3
CODE OF CONDUCT	3
TRAVEL FROM JFK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	4
TAXI	4
SUBWAY	4
COMMUTER TRAIN	4
AIRPORT SHUTTLE	5
TRAVEL FROM NEWARK AIRPORT	5
TAXI	5
AIRPORT SHUTTLE	5
BUS	5
COMMUTER TRAIN	6
TRAVEL FROM LAGUARDIA AIRPORT	6
TAXI	6
BUS	7
ACCESSING THE UNITED NATIONS	7
MEALS AT THE UNITED NATIONS	7
TRANSPORT TO THE UNITED NATIONS	7
EXPLORING NEW YORK CITY	9
TAXI	9
SUBWAY	10
WALKING	10
BICYCLE	10
HOP-ON HOP-OFF BUS	11
WHAT TO SEE	11

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# UNITED STATES VISA AND ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

To enter the United States, a visa is required for the majority of visitors. For more information on whether you need a visa to enter the US, the type of visa you need, and the supporting documents you need, please visit the <u>United States Department of State website</u>.

You may also be required to get a **transit visa** for countries in which you may need to transfer or stop over during your trip to and from New York.

Please let us know if you require visa support letters or any other visa-related information by sending an email to <a href="mailto:tpnw-msp@icanw.org">tpnw-msp@icanw.org</a>.

Meeting all visa and entry requirements including to the United States is the sole responsibility of participants.

#### ACCOMMODATION

Participants are responsible for making their accommodation arrangements including any hotel reservations. Please note that hotel reservations will only be quaranteed with a credit card.

Search engines to find hotels in New York include:

- Trivago
- Agoda
- <u>Kayak</u>
- Expedia
- Booking.com/Hotels
- Google.com/travel

#### Reviews of hotels in New York:

- Yelp
- Trip Advisor

The UN is located in the Midtown-East neighborhood (42nd Street & 1st Avenue) which is quite expensive, though less expensive accommodations may be secured further away and require only a short subway or bus commute.

Oftentimes campaigners have booked their accommodations at the <u>Pod 39</u> or <u>Pod 51</u> hotels. Other recommended hotels are: <u>Millennium Hilton New York One UN Plaza</u>, <u>Hotel 57 luxurban</u>, <u>Hilton Garden Inn</u>, <u>EVEN Hotel New York - Midtown East</u>.

# CURRENCY AND PAYMENT

The US uses the U.S. Dollar. Current exchange rates can be found <u>here</u>. There are plenty of currency exchange locations around New York City and most banks offer exchange services. There are also currency exchange locations in the airport.

For cash withdrawals, most of the ATMs in NYC are linked to a network that most likely uses credit cards (Mastercard, Visa, Maestro, American Express and so on). Please check with your local bank for this information, and as to whether you can use your ATM or credit card internationally. Some banks require advance notice of international travel.

#### TIME

Please refer to the time difference between New York and your country here.

## WEATHER

To check for current weather conditions in New York, please refer to the weather channel. You can expect the average temperatures in New York in March to range from 34 to 52 Fahrenheit (1 to 11 Celsius).

#### **HEALTH**

Participants are responsible for their own inoculations and medical/health insurance arrangements, including life, health, medical evacuations and treatments, and other forms deemed appropriate.

ICAN does not take responsibility for the ill health of any participants during their stay.

It is the sole responsibility for participants to ensure that they obtain travel health insurance coverage prior to entering the United States.

# COVID-19 INFORMATION

As of May 12, 2023, noncitizen nonimmigrant visitors to the US <u>arriving by air</u> or <u>arriving by land</u> <u>or sea</u> no longer need to show proof of being fully vaccinated against COVID-19. That means, if you plan to visit the US, you do not need to be tested or vaccinated for COVID-19. Refer to the <u>US government website</u> for further information.

UN Headquarters is following guidelines issued by the World Health Organization, the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), New York State, and New York City for increased health and safety procedures. Full COVID-19 vaccination is strongly recommended for entry to the UN premises. Showing proof of vaccination is not required. Masks are recommended, but not required. Refer to the UN website for further information.

New York City provides information about COVID-19 <u>testing here</u>, and information about COVID-19 <u>treatment here</u>.

#### POWER PLUGS AND SOCKET

The United States uses type A and B power plug sockets. The standard voltage is 120 V and the frequency is 60 Hz. Check <a href="here">here</a> if you need a power plug adapter or voltage converter for the power sockets (outlets) used.

# LANGUAGE

The United State's official language is English. ICAN's working meetings will be conducted primarily in English, although some events may include interpretation at the organizer's discretion.

## PHONE

The international code to call the USA is "+1".

# 911 IS THE EMERGENCY NUMBER IN NEW YORK

Call 911 when you are in immediate danger or witness a crime in progress.

Call 911 if you have a serious injury or life-threatening medical condition.

Remember to carry your travel insurance card or health insurance card with you at all times.

# REACHING ICAN WHILE YOU ARE IN NEW YORK

If you need to be in touch with an ICAN staff member while in New York, the best way to do so is to send a message to <a href="mailto:tpnw-msp@icanw.org">tpnw-msp@icanw.org</a>, and include your Whatsapp number if possible.

# CODE OF CONDUCT

For all events within the UN system, the UN code of conduct applies.

For all ICAN events, ICAN's <u>Statement of Values</u> and <u>Code of Conduct</u> applies.

# TRAVEL FROM JFK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

#### TAXI

Taking a taxi is the least stressful way of getting from the airport to Manhattan but the most expensive and it may be the slowest, depending on traffic conditions. All taxis from JFK to any part of Manhattan have a fixed fare of \$70. However, that's not likely all you'll need to pay. If you're traveling during "peak hours," which are from 4–8 p.m. on weekdays, there's an additional surcharge of \$5. If there are any tolls along the way, those will also be added to your fare. And finally, tipping your driver about 15-20% is customary. You can expect to pay around \$95 for the journey, including tip.

When you're leaving the airport, make sure to hail one of the **official NYC yellow cabs** from the taxi stand outside each terminal. **Ignore anyone else who is soliciting taxi rides; it's illegal for them to do so and they are not official cabs.** 

#### **SUBWAY**

You need to use the **AirTrain** to get out of the airport. The AirTrain is a tram that circles all of the terminals at JFK and connects to two different transit stations outside of the airport with service to the city: Jamaica Station and Howard Beach.

If your final destination is in Manhattan, it's most likely that you need to transfer at Jamaica Station.

While the AirTrain is free if you're using it to travel between terminals, you'll need to pay a fee of \$8.50 if your starting or ending point is outside of the airport. Once you're off the AirTrain at Jamaica Station, follow signs for the Sutphin Boulevard–Archer Avenue subway station.

In addition to the AirTrain ticket, you'll also need a subway ticket, which costs an additional \$2.90. The available train options are the E, J, and Z lines, and which one you take depends on where you're going.

Use Google Maps or Apple Maps to type in the address of your destination. Either one should give you the best route that involves the least transfers.

#### COMMUTER TRAIN

The Long Island Railroad, or LIRR, is the fastest way to get into Manhattan from the airport. Just as with the subway, you'll first need to take the **AirTrain from the airport to Jamaica Station.** You can buy tickets from the ticket office, at one of the machines, or on your phone using the <u>MTA eTix application</u>. You can also buy tickets on the train.

All Manhattan-bound trains go to either Penn Station or Grand Central Station and take about 25 minutes. At Penn Station, you can connect to the 1, 2, 3, A, C, E D, F, N Q, R, or W subways lines, and at Grand Central, you can connect to the 4, 5, 6, 7, or S subway lines. Or you can take a bus or taxi from either station to your final destination.

# AIRPORT SHUTTLE

<u>Several private companies offer shuttles</u> throughout the day that take you directly to major transit hubs in Manhattan. If you want flexibility with your drop-off location, including the possibility of being dropped off right at your hotel door, you can reserve a seat with <u>GO Airlink</u>. It's a little more expensive than shared buses, but you can choose your own drop-off location just as if you were in a taxi. However, it's a shared shuttle, so the travel time can really vary depending on if you're the first person dropped off or the last one.

# TRAVEL FROM NEWARK AIRPORT

Newark Airport (EWR) is about 17 miles from midtown Manhattan. Depending on the day and time you arrive and the way you choose to travel from EWR to Manhattan, the trip can take about half an hour or well over an hour.

# TAXI

Depending on where you're going, **a yellow taxi** from Newark to Manhattan can cost between \$50-\$120, not including tolls and possible surcharges for oversized luggage. The local taxi commission will also add a surcharge for credit card payments. The total cost can easily top \$100 once tip, tolls and other surcharges are included. You can find sample fares from EWR <a href="here">here</a>.

When you're leaving the airport, make sure to **hail one of the official yellow cabs** from the taxi stand. Ignore anyone else who is soliciting taxi rides; it's illegal for them to do so and they are not official cabs.

#### AIRPORT SHUTTLE

<u>Several private companies offer shuttles</u> throughout the day that take you directly to major transit hubs in Manhattan. If you want flexibility with your drop-off location, including the possibility of being dropped off right at your hotel door, you can reserve a seat with <u>Go Airlink NYC</u>. It's a little more expensive than shared buses, but you can choose your own drop-off location just as if you were in a taxi. However, it's a shared shuttle, so the travel time can really vary depending on if you're the first person dropped off or the last one.

#### BUS

There's also <u>express bus</u> service available from Newark Airport to 3 different locations in Manhattan:

- Grand Central Station (41st Street between Park & Lexington Avenues)
- Bryant Park (42nd Street & 5th Avenue), and
- Port Authority Bus Terminal (41st Street between 8th and 9th Avenues).

Departures run every 15-20 minutes. Service is available from 4 am to 1 am. If your hotel is not near one of the above drop-off locations, you can access the subway from any of the stops listed above. You can also get a taxi or walk to your destination.

#### COMMUTER TRAIN

<u>AirTrain</u> combined with New Jersey Transit trains are the most budget-friendly way to travel from Newark Airport to Manhattan.

From your terminal, follow the signs to the AirTrain, **stopping at the orange and blue NJ Transit ticket machines at the AirTrain entrance to purchase tickets.** If you plan to use the train for your return trip, you can buy a round trip now. The ticket you buy is for your complete journey on both the AirTrain and the NJ Transit train.

You'll need to purchase a ticket to go to **New York Penn Station**, NOT *Newark Penn Station*. At the time of writing this, the cost of tickets was \$15.75. From the AirTrain platform take the train going to the **Newark Liberty International Airport AirTrain station**.

The ride takes from 7-10 minutes depending on the airport terminal from which you started.

At the Newark Liberty Airport Station, **get off the AirTrain and connect** with the NJ Transit train going to New York Penn Station. Look for signs and screens directing you to the right platform.

Make sure you **get on the train bound for New York Penn Station**, not Newark Penn Station. The ride to New York Penn will be about 30 minutes. Newark Penn takes about half that time.

The train you're looking for is an **NJ Transit train**, not an Amtrak train. Expect a train conductor to check tickets onboard the NJ Transit train. The train is also likely to make a couple of stops but don't get off the train until you reach New York Penn Station.

## TRAVEL FROM LAGUARDIA AIRPORT

#### TAXI

You can get a **yellow taxi** at the Taxi Stand outside of Baggage Claim. To Brooklyn, you can expect to pay \$30-\$40 plus a \$5 surcharge. To Manhattan, you can anticipate a total charge of \$60-75. Bridge tolls and tips are not included. You can find sample fares to various locations here.

When you're leaving the airport, make sure to hail one of the **official NYC yellow cabs** from the taxi stand outside each terminal. **Ignore anyone else who is soliciting taxi rides; it's illegal for them to do so and they are not official cabs.** If you are unsure about a taxi service, visit the Port Authority Welcome Center located at the arrivals area of each terminal where uniformed staff can assist you.

#### BUS

The M60-SBS is an express bus service that will take passengers from LaGuardia to 2 locations in Manhattan:

- Upper West Side (Broadway / W 106 St)
- Harlem (E 125 St / Lexington Av)

This bus costs \$2.90 for a one-way ride and leaves from Terminals A, B, and C.

You can also take the LaGuardia Link Q70 bus from Terminals B or C and transfer at Jackson Heights-Roosevelt Ave to the E, F, M, or R subway lines. The bus is free of charge, and the subway costs \$2.90.

Use Google Maps or Apple Maps to type in the address of your destination. Either one should give you the best route that involves the least transfers.

# THE UNITED NATIONS

3MSP will take place in the Trusteeship Council Chamber at UN Headquarters in New York City, from 3-7 March.

## ISSUANCE OF GROUNDS PASSES

Ground passes valid for the duration of the Meeting of States Parties will be available for collection at a time and location to be announced in due course. Representatives will need to have their passport and a printed copy of the confirmation email with them to collect a grounds pass. Grounds pass or events pass are necessary to enter the UN premises.

#### MEALS AT THE UNITED NATIONS

The following options are available in United Nations Secretariat building:

- Riverview Café on the Conference Building, 4th Floor South (M-F 11:30 am 3:00 pm)
- The Lobby Café on the Secretariat Lobby, 1st Floor North (M-F 8:00 am 3:30 pm)
- Vienna Café on the General Assembly, 1st Basement South (M-F 10:00 am 5:00 pm)

Various restaurants are also available within a short walking distance of United Nations Headquarters.

## TRANSPORT TO THE UNITED NATIONS

**By subway:** Number 4, 5, 6 or 7 trains to Grand Central Station, then walk east three blocks on East 42nd Street to 1<sub>st</sub> Avenue. All subway rides are \$2.90, regardless of distance, and include one free transfer to the bus.

**By bus:** buses M15 and M15 stop in front of the United Nations on 1st Avenue. All bus rides are \$2.90 for one way, and include one free transfer to another bus or subway.

By taxi: New York City taxis are available from any destination.

**By foot:** You could also walk to the UN depending on your hotel location. Please use your Google Maps or Apple Maps.

# **EXPLORING NEW YORK CITY**

New York is known as the "city that never sleeps" and public transit runs all night long (though less frequently). Similarly, there are cafes, diners, corner stores and more open at all hours, though not always in all neighborhoods.

You can find a growing list of locally run restaurants and cafés near the UN and 3MSP events here. We have included some notes and descriptions of each restaurant in this list. Some restaurants have graciously offered deals and discounts to participants of the 3MSP—we have indicated which ones in the comments of the list. Be sure to check it out!

#### TAXI

The iconic yellow taxi is certainly a popular way to get around the city with residents and visitors alike. Taxis are metered, with fares starting at \$3, and then increasing as time and distance pass – you can see the fares <a href="here">here</a>. Note that tolls will also be added to your taxi fare. New York taxi fares can be paid in cash, or with a credit or debit card.

There are of course alternatives to the yellow taxi, including ride-sharing services such as <u>Uber</u> and <u>Lyft</u>. These need to be booked in advance using their apps, and do generally work out cheaper than a yellow cab.

#### BUS

The New York Metropolitan Transport Authority (MTA) operates a fleet of almost 6,000 buses in New York, which cover over 322 routes. Suffice to say, you should be able to find a bus route to meet your needs!

Buses only stop at marked stops, which are normally located two to three blocks apart. Bus stops are clearly marked with blue signs and sometimes with shelters. The bus stop will indicate which bus routes service the route.

To use the public bus in New York, just stand at the stop, and as your bus approaches, just signal with your hand that you want the bus to stop. Fares are \$2.90 for standard buses, and \$7.00 for express buses. Fares can be paid in cash, by <a href="MetroCard">MetroCard</a> or using contactless via the <a href="OMNY system">OMNY system</a>. If paying in cash, you need to give exact change, and be aware that only coins are accepted as fare – no bills.

If you have a contactless payment card or smartphone device, the OMNY system is the easiest way to pay for your fare. Just swipe your card or device on the reader and the fare will be deducted. OMNY also has the advantage that you only pay for the first 12 fares in a week (starting on a Monday). Rides after that are free.

When you want to get off the bus, locate a "stop" button on the bus, which you should press to indicate to the driver that you want to stop at the next stop. You don't need to swipe your Metrocard or contactless payment card to disembark.

#### **SUBWAY**

One of the most popular ways to get around New York is the Subway. This is a great way to get around the city as you avoid any traffic.

With 472 subway stations, the New York City subway is the largest subway system in the world as measured by total number of stations. It's also one of the oldest subway systems in the world, as well as one of the busiest. It operates twenty four hours a day across 36 lines, and serves four out of five of New York's boroughs.

Riding the subway is easy. First, you need to find a nearby subway station, which will be well signposted with an entry sign. This sign will also indicate which routes are served at the station, with routes denoted either by numbers or letters. Each route also has its own color. The majority of subway stations will have a map of the network to help you plan your route.

As with the bus system, you can pay for your fare either with a MetroCard, a contactless payment device using OMNY or ApplePay, or you can purchase a single ticket.

OMNY, ApplePay, and Metrocard fares are \$2.90, whilst single tickets are \$3.25. Fares are not distance dependent and unlike many other subway systems, there is no zone system. So you can go as far as you want on your single ticket. Each ride comes with one free transfer which can be used for both buses and trains.

Tickets and MetroCards can be bought at the vending machines at the stations, or if available, at ticket desks. The machines accept coins, bills and credit/debit cards. We definitely recommend buying a MetroCard for your New York City visit.

To access the subway, you need to scan your ticket, contactless payment device/card, or MetroCard at the turnstile, which will activate the barrier with a green "GO" sign. You will exit through similar turnstiles or doors, but the majority of these do not require you to scan a ticket – you just walk through them. Trains stop at every station, you do not need to request the stop.

# WALKING

New York is a big place, but don't discount walking as an option for getting around! Just be aware that distances might be further than you imagine when looking at a map. Still, exploring different parts of the city on foot, which is for the most part fairly flat, is certainly a possibility.

Just be aware that the locals will also be walking around, and they tend to move quickly, and can get irritated by slow moving tourists. So be aware of your surroundings, and don't just stop in the middle of busy sidewalks to grab a selfie or consult your map!

# BICYCLE

New York has a bike hire program whereby you can get access to a large network of bikes located around the city, which you can drop off and pick off at various points.

The <u>Citi Bike program</u> is open to both locals and visitors. Passes can be bought through the <u>Citi Bike Mobile App</u>, or in person at a station kiosk (see kiosks <u>here</u>). Passes can be bought with either a debit or credit card – cash is not accepted.

Once you have your 1 or 3 day pass you use the bike for up to 30 minutes at a time. After thirty minutes, there's an extra fee, so if you want to ride longer, it's best to drop off the bike and pick up another one.

#### HOP-ON HOP-OFF BUS

If you're looking for a way around New York that focuses on the attractions and also provides information, then you'll likely want to take a Hop-On Hop-Off bus tour of New York. These open-top buses follow routes around the city that stop at all the major attractions you'll want to visit, and you can get on and off as often as you want for the duration of your ticket.

HOHO buses are a great way to see a lot of a city in a short amount of time without trying to figure out the public transport system, plus they come with commentary which will give you lots of information about the city you are visiting, and the New York HOHO buses are no different. You can buy HOHO bus tickets in advance here, or they are also included on many of the New York city attraction passes, such as the New York Pass, New York Explorer Pass & New York Sightseeing Pass.

#### WHAT TO SEE

While we expect everyone to be busy with the 3MSP, side events and more during NuclearBan Week, you might find yourself with some down time and want to check out some of what the city has to offer.

## The New York Public Library Stephen A. Schwarzman Building

The main branch of the New York Public Library is a New York City landmark located in Bryant Park. The library offers a place for visitors to sit and work in a quiet place surrounded by art and architecture. Additionally, the library has an impressive collection which they curate and display in various permanent and rotating exhibitions.

#### The Details:

- Website.
- Located on 42nd St. and 5th Ave. at Bryant Park.
- Open 10am 6 pm Daily; 1pm 5pm on Sundays.
- Free of charge.
- Walking: 18 mins from the UN, a straight shot on 42nd St.
- Public Transit: Catch the M42 in front of the UN.
- The library also has a gift shop and coffee shop on the first floor where visitors can buy sandwiches and coffee.

#### On View:

- The library has many beautiful rooms for visitors to sit and study in. Be sure to check out the Rose Room and its fantastic ceiling.
- The library's <u>Treasures Exhibition</u> displays an incredible collection of historical artifacts, from a copy of the U.S. Declaration of Independence in Thomas Jefferson's handwriting, to a manuscript draft of Maya Angelou's *I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings*.
- Other Exhibits on view during the 3MSP:

- o From Panama to New York: The Musical Journey of Rubén Blades.
- Letters from Home: The Black ABCs Reimagined.
- o Rhythm Is My Business: Women Who Shaped Jazz.
- o A Century of The New Yorker.

#### **Central Park**

The centerpiece of Manhattan, Central Park is an historic park, first proposed in 1840, made up of 843 acres of walkways, trees, gardens, and architectural landmarks. Connecting the Upper East Side and the Upper West Side, the park provides an incredible view of the city and is a destination for tourists and locals alike. For an inexpensive afternoon in New York, head over to the park and catch a few scenic destinations, stop for lunch, or take a carousel ride.

#### The Details:

- Website.
- The south end of the park <u>begins at 59th St.</u> and extends up to <u>110th St</u>. You can reach the southern end of the park walking from the UN in about 30 minutes. From the UN, you can also expect to reach sites anywhere in the park using public transportation in 30 minutes.
- Free of charge, although some attractions require admission.
- Public restrooms can be difficult to find so make sure to reference the park's <u>restroom map</u>.

## Highlights:

- Belvedere Castle
  - o Open 10am 5pm.
  - Free of charge.
  - From the castle, you can see many of Central Park's iconic views including <u>Delacorte Theater</u>, the <u>Great Lawn</u>, the <u>Turtle Pond</u>, and the <u>Ramble</u>.
- Central Park Bridges
  - The park is filled with many impressive bridges, including the iconic <u>Bow Bridge</u>.
  - You can find a map of the bridges <u>here</u>.
- Wollman Park Ice Skating Rink
  - \$15 for adults during off peak times, and \$12 for skate rentals.
  - Monday Thursday is off peak; you can find hours <u>here.</u>
- Carousel
  - Built in 1871, this historic carousel is open for rides today.
  - Open 11am 5pm.
  - \$3.25 for a ride.
- Bethesda Terrace
  - Bethesda Terrace is a central gathering point in the park, and the home of some famous historic sites including:
    - Bethesda Fountain.
    - Bethesda Terrace Arcade.

- Jackie Kennedy Onassis Reservoir
  - The reservoir provides a wonderful view of the Upper West Side and the Upper East Side.
  - There is a 1.58 mile walk around the reservoir.

#### The Metropolitan Museum of Art

The Metropolitan, or, the Met, is the fourth largest museum in the world, and the most-visited museum in the United States. An encyclopedic art museum, it holds a massive collection with works from the ancient world to contemporary art. Along with their extensive permanent collection, the Met has a number of temporary exhibits.

#### The Details:

- \$30 for adults, \$17 for students.
- Hours: Sunday Tuesday, Thursday 10am 5pm; Friday and Saturday 10am 9am; closed Wednesday.
- Located on the eastern side of Central Park at 82nd St.
- The easiest way to get to the Met from the UN is by taking the M15-SBS bus north and transferring to the M79-SBS bus at 79th St. This trip should take a little under 30 minutes.

## On View during the 3MSP:

- Jesse Krimes: Corrections
- Floridas: Anastasia Samoylova and Walker Evans
- <u>The Three Perfections: Japanese Poetry, Calligraphy, and Painting from the Mary and Cheney Cowles Collection</u>
- Ink and Ivory: Indian Drawings and Photographs Selected with James Ivory
- Jazz-Age Silks: The Stehli Silks Americana Collection, 1925–1928
- Afterlives: Contemporary Art in the Byzantine Crypt
- Materialized Space: The Architecture of Paul Rudolph
- The Great Hall Commission: Tong Yang-Tze, Dialogue
- The Genesis Facade Commission: Lee Bul, Long Tail Halo

#### The Museum of Modern Art

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) is an art museum located in Midtown Manhattan. Opened in 1929, MoMA was the United State's first museum dedicated entirely to modern art. Today, with its impressive standing collection and rotating exhibits, it is considered one of the most influential cultural institutions in the world of modern and contemporary art.

#### The Details:

- \$30 for adults, \$17 for students.
- Open 10:30am 5:30pm daily.
- Located at W 53rd St. between 5th and 6th Ave.
- The fastest way to reach the MoMa from the UN is to take the M50 bus from 1st Ave. to 5th Ave.
- Website.

#### On View during the 3MSP:

- Lillie P. Bliss and the Birth of the Modern.
- Marlon Mullen.
- Norman Teague—Jam Sessions.
- Otobong Nkanga.
- Light—Rafaël Rozendaal.
- Robert Frank's Scrapbook Footage.

## The High Line

This elevated public park is 30 feet above street level on an old rail line, providing a 1.43 mile walk with river and city views. The High Line begins in the Chelsea neighborhood at the Whitney Museum and ends at Hudson Yards on 34th St. Along the walk, there are a number of public art and environmental installations.

#### The Details:

- Open 7am 8pm.
- Free of charge.
- Traveling from the UN, you can take the 7 train at Grand Central Station to the end of the line at Hudson Yards.
- Website.

#### **Grand Central Station**

Grand Central Terminal, or as it is better known, Grand Central Station, is a National Historic Landmark. Its Beaux-Arts architectural design puts together innumerable works of art, and also serves as a very active spot for commuters catching various subway trains, as well as the Long Island Railroad and Metro-North Railroad.

#### The Details:

- Free of charge.
- Open all hours, the Grand Central Market is open 8am 9pm.
- Located at 42nd Ave and Park Ave.
- To reach Grand Central from the UN, you can walk 10 minutes westward on 42nd St, or catch the M42 bus for an 8 minute ride.
- The trains that converge at Grand Central include the 4, 5, 6, 7, and S subway lines.
- Website.

#### Highlights:

- The Grand Central Main Concourse ceiling is a majestic 1927 mural by Edward Trumbull.
- <u>Grand Central Market</u> is colorful and active, full of delicious artisanal food vendors. Beware—it can get very pricey!
- The New York Transit Museum has an <u>annex exhibit</u> at Grand Central, which includes a model train display and a gift shop.