



HOUSE REPUBLICAN STAFF ANALYSIS

Bill:	House File 2624 (Formerly HSB 571)	House Committee:	PASSED on February 17 (14-6)
Committee:	Judiciary	House Floor:	
Floor Manager:	Rep. Gustoff	Senate Floor:	
Date:	March 9, 2026	Governor:	
Staff:	Amanda Wille (1-5230)		

DNA Collection

- Requires DNA collection when a person is arrested for a felony or aggravated misdemeanor.
- If the person is acquitted, or if charges are dropped the DNA shall be removed from the database.
- **Fiscal Impact-** Costs for DCI-\$1.4 million with an annual ongoing cost of \$473,000.

Section by Section Analysis

Section 1 – DNA Profiling- Definitions (81.1)

Under current law a person is required to submit DNA to the CODIS system if they have been convicted, adjudicate delinquent, received a deferred judgement, or found not guilty by reason of insanity for any offense that requires a DNA sample.

The bill requires people arrested of qualifying offenses to submit DNA samples.

Section 2 –DNA Profiling- Persons Required to Submit a DNA sample (81.2)

Adds individuals arrested for a felony or aggravated misdemeanor to the list of individuals who must submit DNA samples.

Section 3 –DNA Profiling- Persons Required to Submit a DNA sample (81.2)

Samples are not required if they have already been taken before and are in the database.

Section 4 –DNA Profiling- Expungement of DNA Records (81.9)

If DNA has been taken and the individual is acquitted, or charges are dismissed the DNA shall be automatically removed from the system by court order within 30 days.

Amendment Analysis

H-8183 Gustoff

DNA will be taken upon arrest for felonies and violent aggravated misdemeanors.

H-### to H-8183-Gustoff- Fixes error in H-8183.