In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate, insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2   (a) IN GENERAL.—This Act may be cited as the “James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023”.
3   (b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in this or any other Act to the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023” shall be deemed to be a reference to the “James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023”.

10 SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
11   (a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into 11 divisions as follows:
12   (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
(B) the Secretary of Defense with respect to matters concerning the Defense Agencies and facilities of a reserve component owned by a State rather than the United States.

TITLE XXIX—FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX

Subtitle A—Fallon Range Training Complex

Sec. 2901. Military land withdrawal for Fallon Range Training Complex.
Sec. 2902. Numu Newe Special Management Area.
Sec. 2903. National conservation areas.
Sec. 2904. Collaboration with State and county.
Sec. 2905. Wilderness areas in Churchill County, Nevada.
Sec. 2906. Release of wilderness study areas.
Sec. 2907. Land conveyances and exchanges.
Sec. 2908. Checkerboard resolution.

Subtitle B—Lander County Economic Development and Conservation

Sec. 2911. Definitions.

PART I—LANDER COUNTY PUBLIC PURPOSE LAND CONVEYANCES

Sec. 2921. Definitions.
Sec. 2922. Conveyances to Lander County, Nevada.

PART II—LANDER COUNTY WILDERNESS AREAS

Sec. 2931. Definitions.
Sec. 2932. Designation of wilderness areas.
Sec. 2933. Release of wilderness study areas.

Subtitle A—Fallon Range Training Complex

SEC. 2901. MILITARY LAND WITHDRAWAL FOR FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX.

The Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013 (Public Law 113–66; 127 Stat. 1025) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“Subtitle G—Fallon Range Training Complex, Nevada

SEC. 2981. WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION OF PUBLIC LAND.

“(a) WITHDRAWAL.—

“(1) BOMBING RANGES.—Subject to valid rights in existence on the date of enactment of this subtitle, and except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, the land established as the B–16, B–17, B–19, and B–20 Ranges, as referred to in subsection (b), and all other areas within the boundary of such land as depicted on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, which may become subject to the operation of the public land laws, are withdrawn from all forms of—

“(A) entry, appropriation, or disposal under the public land laws;

“(B) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and

“(C) disposition under all laws relating to mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials.
“(2) DIXIE VALLEY TRAINING AREA.—The land and interests in land within the boundaries established at the Dixie Valley Training Area, as referred to in subsection (b), are withdrawn from all forms of—

“(A) entry, appropriation, or disposal under the public land laws; and

“(B) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws.

“(b) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The public land and interests in land withdrawn and reserved by this section comprise approximately 790,825 acres of land in Churchill County, Lyon County, Mineral County, Pershing County, and Nye County, Nevada, as generally depicted as ‘Proposed FRTC Modernization’ and ‘Existing Navy Withdrawal Areas’ on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’, dated November 30, 2022, and filed in accordance with section 2912. The ranges in the Fallon Range Training Complex described in this subsection are identified as B–16, B–17, B–19, B–20, Dixie Valley Training Area and the Shoal Site.

“(c) PURPOSE OF WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION.—
“(1) BOMBING RANGES.—The land withdrawn by subsection (a)(1) is reserved for use by the Secretary of the Navy for—

“(A) aerial testing and training, bombing, missile firing, electronic warfare, tactical combat maneuvering, and air support;

“(B) ground combat tactical maneuvering and firing; and

“(C) other defense-related purposes that are—

“(i) consistent with the purposes specified in the preceding paragraphs; and

“(ii) authorized under section 2914.

“(2) DIXIE VALLEY TRAINING AREA.—The land withdrawn by subsection (a)(2) is reserved for use by the Secretary of the Navy for—

“(A) aerial testing and training, electronic warfare, tactical combat maneuvering, and air support; and

“(B) ground combat tactical maneuvering.

“(d) INAPPLICABILITY OF GENERAL PROVISIONS.—Notwithstanding section 2911(a) and except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, sections 2913 and 2914 shall not apply to the land withdrawn by subsection (a)(2).
“SEC. 2982. MANAGEMENT OF WITHDRAWN AND RESERVED LAND.

“(a) MANAGEMENT BY THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.—During the duration of the withdrawal under section 2981, the Secretary of the Navy shall manage the land withdrawn and reserved comprising the B–16, B–17, B–19, and B–20 Ranges for the purposes described in section 2981(c)—

“(1) in accordance with—

“(A) an integrated natural resources management plan prepared and implemented under title I of the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670a et seq.);

“(B) a written agreement between the Secretary of the Navy and the Governor of Nevada that provides for a minimum of 15 days annually for big game hunting on portions of the B–17 Range consistent with military training requirements;

“(C) a programmatic agreement between the Secretary of the Navy and the Nevada State Historic Preservation Officer and other parties, as appropriate, regarding management of historic properties as the properties relate to operation, maintenance, training, and construction at the Fallon Range Training Complex;
“(D) written agreements between the Secretary of the Navy and affected Indian tribes and other stakeholders to accommodate access by Indian tribes and State and local governments to the B–16, B–17, B–19, and B–20 Ranges consistent with military training requirements and public safety;

“(E) a written agreement entered into by the Secretary of the Navy and affected Indian tribes that provides for regular, guaranteed access, consisting of a minimum of 4 days per month, for affected Indian tribes; and

“(F) any other applicable law; and

“(2) in a manner that—

“(A) provides that any portion of the land withdrawn by section 2981(a) that is located outside of the Weapons Danger Zone, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, shall be relinquished to the Secretary of the Interior and managed under all applicable public land laws;

“(B) ensures that the Secretary of the Navy avoids target placement and training within—

“(i) biologically sensitive areas, as mapped in the Record of Decision for the
Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization Final Environmental Impact Statement dated March 12, 2020; and

“(ii) to the maximum extent practicable, areas that have cultural, religious, and archaeological resources of importance to affected Indian tribes;

“(C) ensures that access is provided for special events, administrative, cultural, educational, wildlife management, and emergency management purposes; and

“(D) provides that within the B–17 Range the placement of air to ground ordnance targets shall be prohibited throughout the entirety of the withdrawal in the areas identified as the ‘Monte Cristo Range Protection Area’ on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022.

“(b) MANAGEMENT BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—During the duration of the withdrawal under section 2981, the Secretary of the Interior shall manage the land withdrawn and reserved comprising the Dixie Valley Training Area
and the Shoal Site for the applicable purposes described in section 2981(c) in accordance with—

“(A) the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);

“(B) the Record of Decision for the Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization Final Environmental Impact Statement dated March 12, 2020;

“(C) this subtitle; and

“(D) any other applicable law.

“(2) CONSULTATION WITH SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.—Prior to authorizing any use of the land comprising the Dixie Valley Training Area or Shoal Site withdrawn and reserved by section 2981, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with the Secretary of the Navy. Such consultation shall include—

“(A) informing the Secretary of the Navy of the pending authorization request so that the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior may work together to preserve the training environment; and

“(B) prior to authorizing any installation or use of mobile or stationary equipment used to transmit and receive radio signals, obtaining
permission from the Secretary of the Navy to authorize the use of such equipment.

“(3) AGREEMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior shall enter into an agreement describing the roles and responsibilities of each Secretary with respect to the management and use of the Dixie Valley Training Area and Shoal Site to ensure no closure of an existing county road and no restrictions or curtailment on public access for the duration of the withdrawal while preserving the training environment and in accordance with this subsection.

“(4) ACCESS.—The land comprising the Dixie Valley Training Area withdrawn and reserved by section 2981(a)(2) shall remain open for public access for the duration of the withdrawal.

“(5) AUTHORIZED USES.—Subject to applicable laws and policy, the following uses are permitted in the Dixie Valley Training Area for the duration of the withdrawal:

“(A) Livestock grazing.

“(B) Geothermal exploration and development west of State Route 121, as managed by the Bureau of Land Management in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy.
“(C) Exploration and development of salable minerals or other fluid or leasable minerals, as managed by the Bureau of Land Management in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy.

“(6) INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior shall allow water and utility infrastructure within the Dixie Valley Training Area withdrawn by section 2981(a)(2) as described in sections 2995(a)(4) and 2996.

“(c) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF COMMITMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded area of the B–16, B–17, or B–20 Ranges, as depicted on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex which are withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 until the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior certify in writing to the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the
Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and
the Committee on Natural Resources of the House
of Representatives on the completion of the commit-
ments pertaining to each range from the Record of
Decision for the Fallon Range Training Complex
Modernization Final Environmental Impact State-
ment dated March 12, 2020, and the provisions of
this subtitle. The Secretary of the Navy and the Sec-
retary of the Interior may submit certifications for
individual ranges to allow operational use of a spe-
cific range prior to completion of commitments re-
lated to other ranges.

“(2) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Public access to the ex-
esting Pole Line Road shall be maintained until com-
pletion of construction of an alternate route as speci-
fied by section 2991(a)(2)(B).

“(3) PAYMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this subtitle, subject to the
availability of appropriations, from amounts appro-
priated to the Secretary of the Navy for operation
and maintenance, the Secretary of the Navy shall
transfer to Churchill County, Nevada, $20,000,000
for deposit in an account designated by Churchill
County, Nevada, to resolve the loss of public access
and multiple use within Churchill County, Nevada.
“SEC. 2983. ORDNANCE LANDING OUTSIDE TARGET AREAS.

“The Secretary of the Navy, in the administration of an Operational Range Clearance program, shall ensure that tracked ordnance (bombs, missiles, and rockets) known to have landed outside a target area in the B–17 and B–20 Ranges is removed within 180 days of the event and, to the extent practicable, tracked ordnance known to have landed within the Monte Cristo Range Protection Area described in section 2982(a)(2)(D) shall be removed within 45 days of the event. The Secretary of the Navy shall report to the Fallon Range Training Complex Inter-governmental Executive Committee directed by section 3011(a)(5) of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (title XXX of Public Law 106–65; 113 Stat. 885; 134 Stat. 4349) not less frequently than annually, instances in which ordnance land outside target areas and the status of efforts to clear such ordnance.

“SEC. 2984. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER RESERVATIONS.

“(a) B–16 AND B–20 RANGES.—To the extent the withdrawal and reservation made by section 2981 for the B–16 and B–20 Ranges withdraws land currently withdrawn and reserved for use by the Bureau of Reclamation, the reservation made by section 2981 shall be the primary reservation for public safety management actions only, and the existing Bureau of Reclamation reservation shall be the primary reservation for all other management ac-
tions. The Secretary of the Navy shall enter into an agree-
ment with the Secretary of the Interior to ensure contin-
ued access to the B–16 and B–20 Ranges by the Bureau
of Reclamation to conduct management activities con-
sistent with the purposes for which the Bureau of Re-
clamation withdrawal was established.

“(b) SHOAL SITE.—The Secretary of Energy shall re-
main responsible and liable for the subsurface estate and
all activities of the Secretary of Energy at the Shoal Site
withdrawn and reserved by Public Land Order Number
2771, as amended by Public Land Order Number 2834.

“SEC. 2985. INTEGRATED NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGE-
MENT PLAN.

“(a) PREPARATION REQUIRED.—

“(1) PREPARATION; DEADLINE.—Within 2
years after the date of enactment of this subtitle,
the Secretary of the Navy shall update the current
integrated natural resources management plan for
the land withdrawn and reserved by section 2981.

“(2) COORDINATION.—The Secretary of the
Navy shall prepare the integrated natural resources
management plan in coordination with the Secretary
of the Interior, the State of Nevada, Churchill Coun-
ty, Nevada, other impacted counties in the State of
Nevada, and affected Indian tribes.
“(b) Resolution of Conflicts.—

“(1) In General.—Any disagreement among the parties referred to in subsection (a) concerning the contents or implementation of the integrated natural resources management plan prepared under that subsection or an amendment to the management plan shall be resolved by the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the State of Nevada, acting through—

“(A) the State Director of the Nevada State Office of the Bureau of Land Management;

“(B) the Commanding Officer of Naval Air Station Fallon, Nevada;

“(C) the State Director of the Nevada Department of Wildlife;

“(D) if appropriate, the Regional Director of the Pacific Southwest Region of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service; and

“(E) if appropriate, the Regional Director of the Western Region of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

“(2) Consultation.—Prior to the resolution of any conflict under paragraph (1), the Secretary of the Navy shall consult with the Intergovernmental
Executive Committee in accordance with section 3011(a)(5) of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (title XXX of Public Law 106–65; 113 Stat. 885; 134 Stat. 4349).

“(c) ELEMENTS OF PLAN.—Subject to subsection (b), the integrated natural resources management plan under subsection (a)—

“(1) shall be prepared and implemented in accordance with the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670 et seq.);

“(2) shall include provisions for—

“(A) proper management and protection of the natural resources of the land; and

“(B) sustainable use by the public of such resources to the extent consistent with the military purposes for which the land is withdrawn and reserved;

“(3) shall coordinate access with the Nevada Department of Wildlife to manage hunting, fishing, and trapping on the land where compatible with the military mission;

“(4) shall provide for livestock grazing and agricultural out-leasing on the land, if appropriate—

“(A) in accordance with section 2667 of title 10, United States Code; and
“(B) at the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy;

“(5) shall identify current test and target impact areas and related buffer or safety zones on the land;

“(6) shall provide that the Secretary of the Navy—

“(A) shall take necessary actions to prevent, suppress, manage, and rehabilitate brush and range fires occurring on land withdrawn or owned within the Fallon Range Training Complex and fires resulting from military activities outside the withdrawn or owned land of the Fallon Range Training Complex; and

“(B) notwithstanding section 2465 of title 10, United States Code—

“(i) may obligate funds appropriated or otherwise available to the Secretary of the Navy to enter into memoranda of understanding, cooperative agreements, and contracts for fire management; and

“(ii) shall reimburse the Secretary of the Interior for costs incurred under this paragraph;
“(7) shall provide that all gates, fences, and barriers constructed after the date of enactment of this subtitle shall be designed and erected, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with military security, safety, and sound wildlife management use, to allow for wildlife access;

“(8) if determined appropriate by the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the State of Nevada after review of any existing management plans applicable to the land, shall incorporate the existing management plans;

“(9) shall include procedures to ensure that—

“(A) the periodic reviews of the integrated natural resources management plan required by the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670 et seq.) are conducted jointly by the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the State of Nevada; and

“(B) affected counties and affected Indian tribes and the public are provided a meaningful opportunity to comment on any substantial revisions to the plan that may be proposed pursuant to such a review;
“(10) shall provide procedures to amend the integrated natural resources management plan as necessary;

“(11) shall allow access to, and ceremonial use of, Tribal sacred sites to the extent consistent with the military purposes for which the land is withdrawn and reserved by section 2981(a); and

“(12) shall provide for timely consultation with affected Indian tribes.

“SEC. 2986. USE OF MINERAL MATERIALS.

“Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle or of the Act of July 31, 1947 (commonly known as the Materials Act of 1947; 30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Secretary of the Navy may use sand, gravel, or similar mineral materials resources of the type subject to disposition under that Act from land withdrawn and reserved by this subtitle if use of such resources is required for construction needs on the land.

“SEC. 2987. TRIBAL ACCESS AGREEMENT AND CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY.

“(a) Tribal Access Agreement.—

“(1) In general.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior shall enter into an agreement with each affected In-
dian tribe for the purpose of establishing continued,
regular, and timely access to the land withdrawn
and reserved by section 2981, including all land sub-
ject to previous withdrawals under section 3011(a)
of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (title
XXX of Public Law 106–65; 113 Stat. 885), for cul-
tural, religious, gathering and ceremonial uses by af-

“(2) Access.—The Secretary of the Navy
shall—

“(A) provide access in accordance with the
agreement entered into under paragraph (1);
and

“(B) to the extent practicable and con-
sistent with operational, safety, and security
needs, seek to minimize notice from the affected
Indian tribe and chaperoning requirements for
Tribal access.

“(3) Resolution of Conflicts.—If an af-
affected Indian tribe provides written comments to the
Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Inte-
rior proposing changes or additions to the agreement
entered into under paragraph (1) and the proposals
are not incorporated in the final agreement, the Sec-

secretary concerned shall—
“(A) respond in writing to the affected Indian tribe explaining a clear, identifiable rationale why the proposed change was not incorporated; and

“(B) share the written responses under subparagraph (A) with the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate.

“(b) ETHNOGRAPHIC STUDY.—The Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with the State of Nevada and appropriate Tribal governments, shall conduct an ethnographic study of the expanded Fallon Range Training Complex to assess the importance of that area to Indian tribes and the religious and cultural practices of those Indian tribes.

“(c) CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY.—

“(1) SURVEY.—The Secretary of the Navy, after consultation with affected Indian tribes and review of data, studies, and reports in the possession of such Indian tribes, shall conduct a cultural resources survey of the land withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 for each of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not
subject to previous surveys in support of the Record of Decision for the Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization Final Environmental Impact Statement dated March 12, 2020, and previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex that includes pedestrian field surveys and the inventory and identification of specific sites containing cultural, religious, and archaeological resources of importance to affected Indian tribes.

“(2) RESULTS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary of the Navy shall provide the results of the survey conducted under paragraph (1) to affected Indian tribes for review and comment prior to concluding survey activities.

“(3) INCLUSION IN AGREEMENT.—The agreement under subsection (a) shall include access to the specific sites identified by the survey conducted under paragraph (1) by affected Indian tribes, including proper disposition or protection of, and any requested access to, any identified burial sites, in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.).

“(4) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF SURVEY.—The Secretary of the
Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex until the date of completion of the survey required by paragraph (1).

“(d) Participation of Affected Indian Tribes.—In conducting an ethnographic study or cultural resources survey under subsection (b) or (e), the Secretary of the Navy shall coordinate with, and provide for the participation of, each applicable affected Indian tribe.

“(e) Agreement to Mitigate Adverse Effects.—The Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Interior, and affected Indian tribes shall enter into an agreement consistent with section 306108 of title 54, United States Code, that identifies actions to avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects to sites identified in subsection (c), including adverse effects from noise. Using the results of surveys conducted under subsection (c), the Navy shall, in coordination with affected Indian tribes and to the extent practicable, avoid placing targets or other range infrastructure in culturally sensitive areas. The Navy shall avoid placement of targets in known sensitive habitat, cultural, or historic areas within the Monte Cristo Mountains.
“(f) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which each of the agreements required under this section have been entered into and the survey and study required under this section have been completed, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior shall jointly submit to Congress a report describing—

“(1) the access protocols established by the agreement under subsection (a);

“(2) the results of the ethnographic study conducted under subsection (b);

“(3) the results of the cultural resources survey under subsection (c); and

“(4) actions to be taken to avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects to sites on the land withdrawn and reserved by section 2981.

“(g) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—Information concerning the nature and specific location of a cultural resource shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552 of title 5 and any other law unless the Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with affected Indian tribes, determines that disclosure would—

“(1) further the purposes of this section;

“(2) not create risk of harm to or theft or destruction of the cultural resource or the site containing the cultural resource; and
“(3) be in accordance with other applicable laws.”.

“SEC. 2988. RESOLUTION OF WALKER RIVER PAIUTE TRIBE CLAIMS.

“(a) PAYMENT TO TRIBE.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subtitle and subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Navy shall transfer $20,000,000 of amounts appropriated to the Secretary of the Navy for operation and maintenance to an account designated by the Walker River Paiute Tribe (referred to in this section as the ‘Tribe’) to resolve the claims of the Tribe against the United States for the contamination, impairment, and loss of use of approximately 6,000 acres of land that is within the boundaries of the reservation of the Tribe.

“(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF PAYMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex and that are withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 until the date on which the amount is transferred under subsection (a).

“(c) ADDITIONAL TRUST LAND.—
“(1) EnvironMental site assessment.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subtitle and prior to taking the land described in paragraph (4) into trust for the benefit of the Tribe under paragraph (3)(A), the Director of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (referred to in this subsection as the ‘Director’) shall complete an environmental site assessment to determine with respect to the land—

“(A) the likelihood of the presence of hazardous substance-related or other environmental liability; and

“(B) if the Director determines the presence of hazardous substance-related or other environmental liability is likely under subparagraph (A)—

“(i) the extent of the contamination caused by such hazardous substance or other environmental liability; and

“(ii) whether that liability can be remediated by the United States.

“(2) Contaminated land.—

“(A) In general.—If the Director determines pursuant to the environmental site assessment completed under paragraph (1) that there is a likelihood of the presence of haz-
ardous substance-related or other environmental
liability on the land described in paragraph (4),
the Director shall consult with the Tribe on
whether the land is still suitable for transfer
into trust for the benefit of the Tribe.

“(B) DETERMINATION.—If the Tribe de-
determines land identified as contaminated under
subparagraph (A) is still suitable to take into
trust for the benefit of the Tribe, the Director,
notwithstanding any other provision of law,
shall take the land into trust for the benefit of
the Tribe in accordance with paragraph (3).

“(3) LAND TO BE HELD IN TRUST FOR THE
TRIBE; IDENTIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE LAND.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Tribe deter-
dines pursuant to paragraph (2) that the land
described in paragraph (4) should be taken into
trust for the benefit of the Tribe (including if
such land is determined to be contaminated),
subject to valid existing rights, all right, title,
and interest of the United States in and to the
land shall be—

“(i) held in trust by the United States
for the benefit of the Tribe; and
“(ii) made part of the existing reservation of the Tribe.

“(B) IDENTIFICATION OF SUITABLE AND COMPARABLE ALTERNATIVE LAND.—If the Tribe determines pursuant to paragraph (2), due to discovered environmental issues that the land described in paragraph (4) is not suitable to be taken into trust for the benefit of the Tribe, not later than 1 year after the date on which the Tribe makes that determination, the Director and the Tribe shall enter into an agreement to identify suitable and comparable alternative land in relative distance and located in the same county as the land described in paragraph (4) to be withdrawn from Federal use and taken into trust for the benefit of the Tribe.

“(C) ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITY.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the United States shall not be liable for any soil, surface water, groundwater, or other contamination resulting from the disposal, release, or presence of any environmental contamination on any portion of the land described
in paragraph (4) that occurred on or before the date on which the land was taken into trust for the benefit of the Tribe. The United States shall not fund or take any action to remediate such land after such land has been so taken into trust.

“(ii) ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION DESCRIPTION.—An environmental contamination described in clause (i) includes any oil or petroleum products, hazardous substances, hazardous materials, hazardous waste, pollutants, toxic substances, solid waste, or any other environmental contamination or hazard as defined in any Federal law or law of the State of Nevada.

“(4) LAND DESCRIBED.—Subject to paragraph (5), the land to be held in trust for the benefit of the Tribe under paragraph (3)(A) is the approximately 8,170 acres of Bureau of Land Management and Bureau of Reclamation land located in Churchill and Mineral Counties, Nevada, as generally depicted on the map entitled ‘Walker River Paiute Trust Lands’ and dated April 19, 2022, and more particularly described as follows:
“(A) FERNLEY EAST PARCEL.—The following land in Churchill County, Nevada:

“(i) All land held by the Bureau of Reclamation in T. 20 N., R. 26 E., sec. 28, Mount Diablo Meridian.

“(ii) All land held by the Bureau of Reclamation in T. 20 N., R. 26 E., sec. 36, Mount Diablo Meridian.

“(B) WALKER LAKE PARCEL.—The following land in Mineral County, Nevada:

“(i) All land held by the Bureau of Land Management in T. 11 N., R. 29 E., secs. 35 and 36, Mount Diablo Meridian.

“(ii) All land held by the Bureau of Reclamation in T. 10 N., R. 30 E., secs. 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 16, 17, 20, 21, 28, 29, 32, and 33, Mount Diablo Meridian.

“(iii) All land held by the Bureau of Land Management in T. 10.5 N., R. 30 E., secs. 31 and 32, Mount Diablo Meridian.

“(5) ADMINISTRATION.—

“(A) SURVEY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary of the Interior (referred to in this
paragraph as the ‘Secretary’) shall complete a
survey to fully describe, and adequately define
the boundaries of, the land described in para-
graph (4).

“(B) LEGAL DESCRIPTION.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon completion
of the survey required under subparagraph
(A), the Secretary shall publish in the Fed-
eral Register a legal description of the land
described in paragraph (4).

“(ii) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Be-
fore the date of publication of the legal de-
scription under this subparagraph, the
Secretary may correct any technical or
clerical errors in the legal description as
the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(iii) EFFECT.—Effective beginning
on the date of publication of the legal de-
scription under this subparagraph, the
legal description shall be considered to be
the official legal description of the land to
be held in trust for the benefit of the Tribe
under paragraph (3)(A).

“(6) USE OF TRUST LAND.—The land taken
into trust under paragraph (3)(A) shall not be eli-


ble, or considered to have been taken into trust, for class II gaming or class III gaming (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2703)).

“(d) Eligibility for Federal and Federally Funded Programs.—Funds paid to the Tribe pursuant to this section, including any interest or investment income earned, may not be treated as income or resources or otherwise used as the basis for denying or reducing the basis for Federal financial assistance or other Federal benefit (including under the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.)) to which the Tribe, a member of the Tribe, or a household would otherwise be entitled.

“Sec. 2989. Land to be Held in Trust for the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe.

“(a) Land to Be Held in Trust.—

“(1) In General.—Subject to valid existing rights, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land described in paragraph (2) shall be—

“(A) held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe; and

“(B) made part of the reservation of the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe.
“(2) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The land referred to in paragraph (1) is the approximately 10,000 acres of land administered by the Bureau of Land Management and the Bureau of Reclamation, as generally depicted as ‘Reservation Expansion Land’ on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022.

“(3) SURVEY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary of the Interior shall complete a survey of the boundary lines to establish the boundaries of the land taken into trust under paragraph (1).

“(4) USE OF TRUST LAND.—The land taken into trust under this section shall not be eligible, or considered to have been taken into trust, for class II gaming or class III gaming (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2703)).

“(5) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—On request by the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe, the Secretary of the Interior shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe to provide assistance in the management of the land taken
into trust under this section for cultural protection
and conservation management purposes.

“SEC. 2990. NUMU NEWE CULTURAL CENTER.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap-
propriations from amounts appropriated to the Secretary
of the Navy for operation and maintenance, the Secretary
of the Navy shall provide financial assistance to a cultural
center established and operated by the Fallon Paiute Shos-
shone Tribe and located on the Reservation of the Fallon
Paiute Shoshone Tribe, the purpose of which is to help
sustain Numu Newe knowledge, culture, language, and
identity associated with aboriginal land and traditional
ways of life for the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe and
other affected Indian tribes (referred to in this section as
the ‘Center’).

“(b) STUDIES AND INVENTORIES.—The Center shall
integrate information developed in the cultural resources
inventories and ethnographic studies carried out under
section 2987.

“(c) TRANSFER.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this subtitle and subject to the avail-
ability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Navy shall
transfer to an account designated by the Fallon Paiute
Shoshone Tribe—
“(1) $10,000,000 for the development and construction of the Center; and

“(2) $10,000,000 to endow operations of the Center.

“(d) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF PAYMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex and that are withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 until the date on which the amounts are transferred under subsection (c).

“SEC. 2991. ROAD RECONSTRUCTION AND TREATMENT OF EXISTING ROADS AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

“(a) ROAD RECONSTRUCTION.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Navy shall be responsible for the timely—

“(1) reconstruction of—

“(A) Lone Tree Road leading to the B–16 Range; and

“(B) State Highway 361; and

“(2) relocation of—

“(A) Sand Canyon and Red Mountain Roads, consistent with alternative 2A, as de-
scribed in the Final FRTC Road Realignment Study dated March 14, 2022; and

“(B) Pole Line Road, consistent with alternative 3B, as described in the Final FRTC Road Realignment Study dated March 14, 2022.

“(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF REQUIREMENTS.—In accordance with section 2982(c)(1), the Secretary of the Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex and that are withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 until the date on which the Secretary of the Navy determines that each of the requirements of subsection (a) have been met.

“(c) EXISTING ROADS AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY; ACCESS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The withdrawal and reservation of land made by section 2981 shall not be construed to affect the following roads and associated rights-of-way:

“(A) United States Highways 50 and 95.

“(B) State Routes 121 and 839.
“(C) The Churchill County, Nevada, roads identified as Simpson Road, East County Road, Earthquake Fault Road, and Fairview Peak Road.

“(2) ACCESS.—Any road identified on the map described in section 2981(b) as an existing minor county road shall be available for managed access consistent with the purposes of the withdrawal.

“(d) NEW RIGHTS-OF-WAY.—The Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, shall be responsible for the timely grant of new rights-of-way for Sand Canyon and Red Mountain Road, Pole Line Road, and East County Road to the appropriate County.

“(e) I–11 CORRIDORS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall manage the land located within the ‘Churchill County Preferred I–11 Corridor’ and ‘NDOT I–11 Corridor’ as depicted on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, in accordance with this section.

“(f) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—A copy of the map described in section 2981(b) shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the Bureau of Land Management.
“(g) WITHDRAWAL OF LAND.—Subject to any valid rights in existence on the date of enactment of this subtitle, the land located within the corridors depicted as ‘Utility and Infrastructure Corridors’ on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, is withdrawn from—

“(1) location and entry under the mining laws; and

“(2) disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials.

“(h) TERMINATION OF WITHDRAWAL.—A withdrawal under subsection (g) shall terminate on the date on which—

“(1) the Secretary of the Interior, in coordination with Churchill County, Nevada, terminates the withdrawal; or

“(2) the applicable corridor or land is patented.

“(i) REVISED STATUTES SECTION 2477 CLAIMS.—The withdrawal and reservation of land by section 2981 shall not affect the ability of Churchill County, Nevada, to seek adjudication of claims under section 2477 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 932), as in effect prior to being repealed by section 706(a) of the Federal Land Pol-

“(j) TREATMENT OF THE WEST-WIDE ENERGY CORRIDOR.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in section 2981 shall be construed to restrict the development of high voltage electrical power utility lines within the portion of the designated West-Wide Energy Corridor that is located outside of the B–16 Range.

“(2) TRANSMISSION LINE.—The Secretary of the Navy shall allow 1 transmission line within that portion of the designated West-Wide Energy Corridor that is located within the B–16 Range nearest the existing transmission line adjacent to the western boundary of the B–16 Range.

“(3) FUTURE TRANSMISSION LINE.—If the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior determine that additional transmission lines cannot be accommodated outside of the B–16 Range, to the extent practicable, the Secretary of the Navy shall allow the construction of a new transmission line as close as practicable to the existing transmission line.

“SEC. 2992. SAGE GROUSE STUDY.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the
State of Nevada, shall conduct a study to further assess
greater sage grouse reactions to military overflights within
the Fallon Range Training Complex.

“(b) DETERMINATION.—If the Secretary of the Navy
determines under the study under subsection (a) that
greater sage grouse in the Fallon Range Training Complex
are significantly impacted by aircraft overflights, the Sec-
retary of the Navy shall implement adaptive management
activities, in coordination with the State of Nevada and
the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

“SEC. 2993. TREATMENT OF LIVESTOCK GRAZING PERMITS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall
notify holders of grazing allotments impacted by the with-
drawal and reservation of land by section 2981 and, if
practicable, assist the holders of the grazing allotments
in obtaining replacement forage.

“(b) REVISIONS TO ALLOTMENT PLANS.—The Sec-
retary of the Navy shall reimburse the Secretary of the
Interior for grazing program-related administrative costs
reasonably incurred by the Bureau of Land Management
due to the withdrawal and reservation of land by section
2981.

“(c) ALTERNATIVE TO REPLACEMENT FORAGE.—If
replacement forage cannot be identified under subsection
(a), the Secretary of the Navy shall make full and com-
plete payments to Federal grazing permit holders for all losses suffered by the permit holders as a result of the withdrawal or other use of former Federal grazing land for national defense purposes pursuant to the Act of June 28, 1934 (commonly known as the ‘Taylor Grazing Act’)
(48 Stat. 1269, chapter 865; 43 U.S.C. 315 et seq.).

“(d) NOTIFICATION AND PAYMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy shall—

“(1) notify, by certified mail, holders of grazing allotments that are terminated; and

“(2) compensate the holders of grazing allotments described in paragraph (1) for authorized permanent improvements associated with the allotments.

“(e) PAYMENT.—For purposes of calculating and making a payment to a Federal grazing permit holder under this section (including the conduct of any appraisals required to calculate the amount of the payment)—

“(1) the Secretary of the Navy shall consider the permanent loss of the applicable Federal grazing permit; and

“(2) the amount of the payment shall not be limited to the remaining term of the existing Federal grazing permit.
“SEC. 2994. TRANSFER OF LAND UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY.

“(a) Transfer Required.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy shall transfer to the Secretary of the Interior, at no cost, administrative jurisdiction of the approximately 86 acres of a noncontiguous parcel of land as depicted on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, acquired by the Department of the Navy in Churchill County, Nevada, for inclusion in the Sand Mountain Recreation Area.

“(b) Certification With Respect to Environmental Hazards.—Prior to transferring land under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Navy shall certify that the land to be transferred under that subsection is free from environmental hazards.

“SEC. 2995. REDUCTION OF IMPACT OF FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX MODERNIZATION.

“(a) In General.—Consistent with the Record of Decision for the Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization Final Environmental Impact Statement dated March 12, 2020, the Secretary of the Navy shall carry out the following additional mitigations and other measures not otherwise included in other sections of this Act...
to reduce the impact of the modernization of the Fallon Range Training Complex by the Secretary of the Navy on the land and local community:

“(1) Develop Memoranda of Agreement or other binding protocols, in coordination with agencies, affected Indian tribes, and other stakeholders, for—

“(A) management of that portion of Bureau of Reclamation infrastructure in the B–16 and B–20 Ranges that will be closed to public access but will continue to be managed for flood control; and

“(B) access for research, resource management, and other activities within the B–16, B–17, B–19, and B–20 Ranges.

“(2) Establish wildlife-friendly configured four-wire fencing, on coordination with the Nevada Department of Wildlife, to restrict access to the smallest possible area necessary to ensure public safety and to minimize impacts on wildlife from fencing.

“(3) Subject to the availability of appropriations—

“(A) purchase the impacted portion of the Great Basin Transmission Company (formerly
named the ‘Paiute Pipeline Company’) pipeline
within the B–17 Range; and

“(B) pay for the relocation of the pipeline
acquired under subparagraph (A) to a location
south of the B–17 Range.

“(4) Accommodate permitting and construction
of additional utility and infrastructure projects within 3 corridors running parallel to the existing north-south power line in proximity to Nevada Route 121, existing east-west power line north of Highway 50, and the area immediately north of Highway 50 as shown on the map entitled ‘Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill’ and dated November 30, 2022, subject to the requirement that any project authorized under this paragraph shall complete appropriate Federal and State permitting requirements prior to the accommodation under this paragraph.

“(5)(A) Notify holders of mining claims impacted by the modernization by certified mail.

“(B) Make payments to the holders of mining claims described in subparagraph (A), subject to the availability of appropriations.

“(6) Allow a right-of-way to accommodate I–11 (which could also include a transmission line) if a
route is chosen by Churchill County, Nevada, or the State of Nevada that overlaps the northeast corner of the withdrawal area for the B–16 Range.

“(7) Revise the applicable range operations manual—

“(A) to include Crescent Valley and Eureka as noise-sensitive areas; and

“(B) to implement a 5-nautical-mile buffer around the towns of Crescent Valley and Eureka.

“(8) Implement a 3-nautical-mile airspace exclusion zone over the Gabbs, Eureka, and Crescent Valley airports.

“(9) Extend the Visual Flight Rules airspace corridor through the newly established Military Operations Areas on the east side of the Dixie Valley Training Area.

“(10) Notify affected water rights holders by certified mail and, if water rights are adversely affected by the modernization and cannot be otherwise mitigated, acquire existing and valid State water rights.

“(11) Allow Nevada Department of Wildlife access for spring and wildlife guzzler monitoring and maintenance.
“(12) Implement management practices and mitigation measures specifically designed to reduce or avoid potential impacts on surface water and groundwater, such as placing targets outside of washes.

“(13) Develop and implement a wildland fire management plan with the State of Nevada to ensure wildland fire prevention, suppression, and restoration activities are addressed, as appropriate, for the entire expanded range complex.

“(14) To the maximum extent practicable and if compatible with mission training requirements, avoid placing targets in biologically sensitive areas identified by the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

“(15) Fund 2 conservation law enforcement officer positions at Naval Air Station Fallon.

“(16) Post signs warning the public of any contamination, harm, or risk associated with entry into the withdrawal land.

“(17) Enter into an agreement for compensation from the Secretary of the Navy to Churchill County, Nevada, and the counties of Lyon, Nye, Mineral, and Pershing in the State of Nevada to offset any reductions made in payments in lieu of taxes.
“(18) Review, in consultation with affected Indian tribes, and disclose any impacts caused by the activities of the Secretary of the Navy at Fox Peak, Medicine Rock, and Fairview Mountain.

“(19) Consult with affected Indian tribes to mitigate, to the maximum extent practicable, any impacts disclosed under paragraph (18).

“(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF LAND PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF REQUIREMENTS.—In accordance with section 2982(c)(1), the Secretary of the Navy shall not make operational use of the expanded areas of the B–16, B–17, and B–20 Ranges that were not subject to previous withdrawals comprising the Fallon Range Training Complex and that are withdrawn and reserved by section 2981 until the date on which the Secretary of the Navy determines that each of the requirements of subsection (a) have been met.

“SEC. 2996. DIXIE VALLEY WATER PROJECT.

“(a) CONTINUATION OF PROJECT.—The withdrawal of land authorized by section 2981(a)(2) shall not interfere with the Churchill County Dixie Valley Water Project.

“(b) PERMITTING.—On application by Churchill County, Nevada, the Secretary of the Navy shall concur with the Churchill County Dixie Valley Water Project and, in collaboration with the Secretary of the Interior, com-
plete any permitting necessary for the Dixie Valley Water Project, subject to the public land laws and environmental review, including regulations.

“(c) COMPENSATION.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Navy shall compensate Churchill County, Nevada, for any cost increases for the Dixie Valley Water Project that result from any design features required by the Secretary of the Navy to be included in the Dixie Valley Water Project.

“SEC. 2997. EXPANSION OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ON JOINT USE BY DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY AND DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OF FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX.

“The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior shall expand the membership of the Fallon Range Training Complex Intergovernmental Executive Committee directed by section 3011(a)(5) of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (title XXX of Public Law 106–65; 113 Stat. 885; 134 Stat. 4349) relating to the management of the natural and cultural resources of the withdrawal land to include representatives of Eureka County, Nevada, the Nevada Department of Agriculture, and the Nevada Division of Minerals.
SEC. 2998. TRIBAL LIAISON OFFICE.

“The Secretary of the Navy shall establish and maintain a dedicated Tribal liaison position at Naval Air Station Fallon.

SEC. 2999. TERMINATION OF PRIOR WITHDRAWAL.


SEC. 2999A. DURATION OF WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION.

“The withdrawal and reservation of public land by section 2981 shall terminate on November 6, 2047.”.

SEC. 2902. NUMU NEWE SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The term “management plan” means the management plan for the Special Management Area developed under subsection (d).

(2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(3) SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA.—The term “Special Management Area” means the Numu Newe
Special Management Area established by subsection (b).

(b) Establishment.—To protect, conserve, and enhance the unique and nationally important historic, cultural, archaeological, natural, and educational resources of the Numu Newe traditional homeland, subject to valid existing rights, there is established in Churchill and Mineral Counties, Nevada, the Numu Newe Special Management Area, to be administered by the Secretary.

(c) Area Included.—The Special Management Area shall consist of the approximately 217,845 acres of public land in Churchill and Mineral Counties, Nevada, administered by the Bureau of Land Management, as depicted on the map entitled “Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022.

(d) Management Plan.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop a comprehensive management plan for the long-term management of the Special Management Area.

(2) Consultation.—In developing and implementing the management plan, the Secretary shall consult with—
(A) appropriate Federal, Tribal, State, and local governmental entities; and

(B) interested members of the public.

(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The management plan shall—

(A) describe the appropriate uses of the Special Management Area;

(B) with respect to any land within the Special Management Area that is withdrawn and reserved for military uses, ensure that management of the Special Management Area is consistent with the purposes under section 2981(c)(2) of the Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013 (as added by section 2901 of this title) for which the land is withdrawn and reserved;

(C) authorize the use of motor vehicles in the Special Management Area, where appropriate, including providing for the maintenance of existing roads;

(D) incorporate any provision of an applicable land and resource management plan that the Secretary considers to be appropriate;

(E) ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, the protection and preservation of tradi-
tional cultural and religious sites within the Special Management Area;

(F) to the maximum extent practicable, carefully and fully integrate the traditional and historical knowledge and special expertise of the Fallon Paiute Shoshone Tribe and other affected Indian tribes;

(G) consistent with subparagraph (D), ensure public access to Federal land within the Special Management Area for hunting, fishing, and other recreational purposes;

(H) not affect the allocation, ownership, interest, or control, as in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, of any water, water right, or any other valid existing right; and

(I) be reviewed not less frequently than annually by the Secretary to ensure the management plan is meeting the requirements of this section.

(e) MILITARY OVERFLIGHTS.—Nothing in this section restricts or precludes—

(1) low-level overflights of military aircraft over the Special Management Area, including military overflights that can be seen or heard within the Special Management Area;
(2) flight testing and evaluation; or

(3) the designation or creation of new units of special use airspace, or the establishment of military flight training routes, over the Special Management Area.

SEC. 2903. NATIONAL CONSERVATION AREAS.

(a) Numunaa Nobe National Conservation Area.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) Conservation Area.—The term “Conservation Area” means the Numunaa Nobe National Conservation Area established by paragraph (2).

(B) Management Plan.—The term “management plan” means the management plan for the Conservation Area developed under paragraph (3)(B).

(C) Secretary.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—

(A) In General.—To conserve, protect, and enhance for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations the cultural, archaeological, natural, wilderness, scientific, geological, historical, biological, wildlife, edu-
cational, recreational, and scenic resources of
the Conservation Area, subject to valid existing
rights, there is established the Numunaa Nobe
National Conservation Area in the State of Ne-
vada, to be administered by the Secretary.

(B) AREA INCLUDED.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Conservation
Area shall consist of approximately
160,224 acres of public land in Churchill
County, Nevada, as generally depicted on
the map entitled “Churchill County Pro-
posed Fallon Range Training Complex
Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated
November 30, 2022.

(ii) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map
described in clause (i) shall be on file and
available for public inspection in the appro-
priate offices of the Bureau of Land Man-
agement.

(3) MANAGEMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ad-
minister the Conservation Area in a manner
that conserves, protects, and enhances the re-
sources of the Conservation Area—

(i) in accordance with—
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(I) this subsection;

(II) the Federal Land Policy and
Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
1701 et seq.); and

(III) any other applicable law;

and

(ii) as a component of the National
Landscape Conservation System.

(B) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2
years after the date of enactment of this
Act, the Secretary shall develop a manage-
ment plan for the Conservation Area.

(ii) CONSULTATION.—In developing
the management plan, the Secretary shall
consult with—

(I) appropriate Federal, State,
Tribal, and local governmental enti-
ties; and

(II) members of the public.

(iii) REQUIREMENTS.—The manage-
ment plan shall—

(I) describe the appropriate uses
of the Conservation Area;
(II) in accordance with paragraph (5), authorize the use of motor vehicles in the Conservation Area, where appropriate, including for the maintenance of existing roads; and

(III) incorporate any provision of an applicable land and resource management plan that the Secretary considers to be appropriate, to include the Search and Rescue Training Cooperative Agreement between the Bureau of Land Management and the Naval Strike and Air Warfare Training Center dated July 6, 1998, and the Carson City District BLM Administrative Guide to Military Activities on and Over the Public Lands dated January 25, 2012.

(4) USES.—The Secretary shall allow only those uses of the Conservation Area that the Secretary determines would further the purposes of the Conservation Area.

(5) MOTORIZED VEHICLES.—Except as needed for administrative purposes, planned military activities authorized by paragraph (3)(B)(iii)(III), or to
respond to an emergency, the use of motorized vehicles in the Conservation Area shall be permitted only on roads and trails designated for the use of motorized vehicles by the management plan.

(6) WITHDRAWAL.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid existing rights, all public land in the Conservation Area is withdrawn from—

(i) all forms of entry, appropriation, and disposal under the public land laws;

(ii) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and

(iii) disposition under all laws relating to mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials.

(B) ADDITIONAL LAND.—If the Secretary acquires mineral or other interests in a parcel of land within the Conservation Area after the date of enactment of this Act, the parcel is withdrawn from operation of the laws referred to in subparagraph (A) on the date of acquisition of the parcel.

(7) HUNTING, FISHING, AND TRAPPING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), nothing in this subsection affects
the jurisdiction of the State of Nevada with respect to fish and wildlife, including hunting, fishing, and trapping in the Conservation Area.

(B) LIMITATIONS.—

(i) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may designate by regulation areas in which, and establish periods during which, no hunting, fishing, or trapping will be permitted in the Conservation Area, for reasons of public safety, administration, or compliance with applicable laws.

(ii) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—Except in an emergency, the Secretary shall consult with the appropriate State agency and notify the public before taking any action under clause (i).

(8) GRAZING.—In the case of land included in the Conservation Area on which the Secretary permitted, as of the date of enactment of this Act, livestock grazing, the livestock grazing shall be allowed to continue, subject to applicable laws (including regulations).

(9) NO BUFFER ZONES.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subsection creates a protective perimeter or buffer zone around the Conservation Area.

(B) ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE CONSERVATION AREA.—The fact that an activity or use on land outside the Conservation Area can be seen or heard within the Conservation Area shall not preclude the activity or use outside the boundary of the Conservation Area.

(10) MILITARY OVERFLIGHTS.—Nothing in this subsection restricts or precludes—

(A) low-level overflights of military aircraft over the Conservation Area, including military overflights that can be seen or heard within the Conservation Area;

(B) flight testing and evaluation; or

(C) the designation or creation of new units of special use airspace, or the establishment of military flight training routes, over the Conservation Area.

(10) EFFECT ON WATER RIGHTS.—Nothing in this subsection constitutes an express or implied reservation of any water rights with respect to the Conservation Area.
(b) Pistone-Black Mountain National Conservation Area.—

(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:

(A) Conservation Area.—The term “Conservation Area” means the Pistone-Black Mountain National Conservation Area established by paragraph (2)(A).

(B) Secretary.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(C) Tribe.—The term “Tribe” means the Walker River Paiute Tribe.

(2) Establishment.—

(A) In general.—To protect, conserve, and enhance the unique and nationally important historic, cultural, archaeological, natural, and educational resources of the Pistone Site on Black Mountain, subject to valid existing rights, there is established in Mineral County, Nevada, the Pistone-Black Mountain National Conservation Area.

(B) Area included.—

(i) In general.—The Conservation Area shall consist of the approximately 3,415 acres of public land in Mineral County, Nevada, administered by the Bu-
reau of Land Management, as depicted on
the map entitled “Black Mountain/Pistone
Archaeological District” and dated May
12, 2020.

(ii) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map
described in clause (i) shall be on file and
available for public inspection in the appro-
priate offices of the Bureau of Land Man-
agement.

(3) MANAGEMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
manage the Conservation Area—

(i) in a manner that conserves, pro-
tects, and enhances the resources and val-
ues of the Conservation Area, including the
resources and values described in para-
graph (2)(A);

(ii) in accordance with—

(I) this subsection;

(II) the Federal Land Policy and
Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
1701 et seq.); and

(III) any other applicable law;
(iii) as a component of the National Landscape Conservation System.

(B) USES.—The Secretary shall allow only those uses of the Conservation Area that the Secretary determines would further the purposes of the Conservation Area.

(C) TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES.—In administering the Conservation Area, the Secretary shall provide for—

(i) access to and use of cultural resources by the Tribe at the Conservation Area; and

(ii) the protection from disturbance of the cultural resources and burial sites of the Tribe located in the Conservation Area.

(D) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may, in a manner consistent with this subsection, enter into cooperative agreements with the State of Nevada, affected Indian tribes, and institutions and organizations to carry out the purposes of this subsection, subject to the requirement that the Tribe shall be a party to any cooperative agreement entered into under this subparagraph.

(4) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop a management plan for the Conservation Area.

(B) CONSULTATION.—In developing the management plan required under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall consult with—

(i) appropriate State, Tribal, and local governmental entities; and

(ii) members of the public.

(C) REQUIREMENTS.—The management plan developed under subparagraph (A) shall—

(i) describe the appropriate uses and management of the Conservation Area;

(ii) incorporate, as appropriate, decisions contained in any other management or activity plan for the land in or adjacent to the Conservation Area;

(iii) take into consideration any information developed in studies of the land and resources in or adjacent to the Conservation Area; and

(iv) provide for a cooperative agreement with the Tribe to address the histor-
ical, archaeological, and cultural values of
the Conservation Area.

(5) Withdrawal.—

(A) In general.—Subject to valid exist-
ing rights, all public land in the Conservation
Area is withdrawn from—

(i) all forms of entry, appropriation,
and disposal under the public land laws;

(ii) location, entry, and patent under
the mining laws; and

(iii) disposition under all laws relating
to mineral and geothermal leasing or min-
eral materials.

(B) Additional land.—If the Secretary
acquires mineral or other interests in a parcel
of land within the Conservation Area after the
date of enactment of this Act, the parcel is
withdrawn from operation of the laws referred
to in subparagraph (A) on the date of acquisi-
tion of the parcel.

(6) Hunting, fishing, and trapping.—

(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
graph (B), nothing in this subsection affects
the jurisdiction of the State of Nevada with re-
spect to fish and wildlife, including hunting, fishing, and trapping in the Conservation Area.

(B) LIMITATIONS.—

(i) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may designate by regulation areas in which, and establish periods during which, no hunting, fishing, or trapping will be permitted in the Conservation Area, for reasons of public safety, administration, or compliance with applicable laws.

(ii) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—Except in an emergency, the Secretary shall consult with the appropriate State agency and notify the public before taking any action under clause (i).

(7) GRAZING.—In the case of land included in the Conservation Area on which the Secretary permitted, as of the date of enactment of this Act, livestock grazing, the livestock grazing shall be allowed to continue, subject to applicable laws (including regulations).

(8) NO BUFFER ZONES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subsection creates a protective perimeter or buffer zone around the Conservation Area.
(B) Activities outside conservation area.—The fact that an activity or use on land outside the Conservation Area can be seen or heard within the Conservation Area shall not preclude the activity or use outside the boundary of the Conservation Area.

(9) Military overflights.—Nothing in this subsection restricts or precludes—

(A) low-level overflights of military aircraft over the Conservation Area, including military overflights that can be seen or heard within the Conservation Area;

(B) flight testing and evaluation; or

(C) the designation or creation of new units of special use airspace, or the establishment of military flight training routes, over the Conservation Area.

(10) Effect on water rights.—Nothing in this subsection constitutes an express or implied reservation of any water rights with respect to the Conservation Area.

SEC. 2904. COLLABORATION WITH STATE AND COUNTY.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy and Secretary of the Interior should collaborate with the State of Nevada, Churchill County, Nevada, the city
1 of Fallon, Nevada, and affected Indian tribes with the goal
2 of preventing catastrophic wildfire and resource damage
3 in the land withdrawn or owned within the Fallon Range
4 Training Complex.
5
6 SEC. 2905. WILDERNESS AREAS IN CHURCHILL COUNTY,
7 NEVADA.
8
9 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10
11 (1) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
12 the Secretary of the Interior.
13
14 (2) WILDERNESS AREA.—The term “wilderness
15 area” means a wilderness area designated by sub-
16 section (b)(1).
17
18 (b) ADDITIONS TO NATIONAL WILDERNESS PRESER-
19 VATION SYSTEM.—
20
21 (1) ADDITIONS.—In accordance with the Wil-
22 derness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), the following
23 parcels of Federal land in Churchill County, Nevada,
24 are designated as wilderness and as components of
25 the National Wilderness Preservation System:
26
27 (A) CLAN ALPINE MOUNTAINS WILDER-
28 NESS.—Certain Federal land managed by the
29 Bureau of Land Management, comprising ap-
30 proximately 128,362 acres, as generally de-
31 picted on the map entitled “Churchill County
32 Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Mod-
ernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022, which shall be known as the “Clan Alpine Mountains Wilderness”.

(B) Desatoya Mountains Wilderness.—Certain Federal land managed by the Bureau of Land Management, comprising approximately 32,537 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022, which shall be known as the “Desatoya Mountains Wilderness”.

(C) Cain Mountain Wilderness.—Certain Federal land managed by the Bureau of Land Management, comprising approximately 7,664 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022, which shall be known as the “Cain Mountain Wilderness”.

(2) Boundary.—The boundary of any portion of a wilderness area that is bordered by a road shall be at least 150 feet from the edge of the road.

(3) Map and Legal Description.—
(A) In General.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare a map and legal description of each wilderness area.

(B) Effect.—Each map and legal description prepared under subparagraph (A) shall have the same force and effect as if included in this section, except that the Secretary may correct clerical and typographical errors in the map or legal description.

(C) Availability.—Each map and legal description prepared under subparagraph (A) shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the Bureau of Land Management.

(4) Withdrawal.—Subject to valid existing rights, each wilderness area is withdrawn from—

(A) all forms of entry, appropriation, and disposal under the public land laws;

(B) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and

(C) operation of the mineral leasing and geothermal leasing laws.

(c) Management.—Subject to valid existing rights, each wilderness area shall be administered by the Sec-
retary in accordance with the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), except that—

(1) any reference in that Act to the effective date of that Act shall be considered to be a reference to the date of enactment of this Act; and

(2) any reference in that Act to the Secretary of Agriculture shall be considered to be a reference to the Secretary of the Interior.

(d) LIVESTOCK.—The grazing of livestock in a wilderness area administered by the Bureau of Land Management, if established as of the date of enactment of this Act, shall be allowed to continue, subject to such reasonable regulations, policies, and practices as the Secretary considers necessary, in accordance with—

(1) section 4(d)(4) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(4)); and

(2) the guidelines set forth in Appendix A of the report of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives accompanying H.R. 2570 of the 101st Congress (House Report 101–405).

(e) INCORPORATION OF ACQUIRED LAND AND INTERESTS.—Any land or interest in land within the boundaries of a wilderness area that is acquired by the United States after the date of enactment of this Act shall be added to
and administered as part of the wilderness area within
which the acquired land or interest is located.

(f) Water Rights.—

(1) Findings.—Congress finds that—

(A) the wilderness areas—

(i) are located in the semiarid region
of the Great Basin region; and

(ii) include ephemeral and perennial
streams;

(B) the hydrology of the wilderness areas
is predominantly characterized by complex flow
patterns and alluvial fans with impermanent
channels;

(C) the subsurface hydrogeology of the re-
gion in which the wilderness areas are located
is characterized by—

(i) groundwater subject to local and
regional flow gradients; and

(ii) unconfined and artesian condi-
tions;

(D) the wilderness areas are generally not
suitable for use or development of new water re-
source facilities; and

(E) because of the unique nature and hy-
drology of the desert land in the wilderness
areas, it is possible to provide for proper man-
agement and protection of the wilderness areas
and other values of land in ways different from
those used in other laws.

(2) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
this subsection—

(A) constitutes an express or implied res-
ervation by the United States of any water or
water rights with respect to the wilderness
areas;

(B) affects any water rights in the State of
Nevada (including any water rights held by the
United States) in existence on the date of en-
actment of this Act;

(C) establishes a precedent with regard to
any future wilderness designations;

(D) affects the interpretation of, or any
designation made under, any other Act; or

(E) limits, alters, modifies, or amends any
interstate compact or equitable apportionment
decree that apportions water among and be-
tween the State of Nevada and other States.

(3) NEVADA WATER LAW.—The Secretary shall
follow the procedural and substantive requirements
of Nevada State law in order to obtain and hold any
water rights not in existence on the date of enactment of this Act with respect to the wilderness areas.

(4) NEW PROJECTS.—

(A) DEFINITION OF WATER RESOURCE FACILITY.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—In this paragraph, the term “water resource facility” means irrigation and pumping facilities, reservoirs, water conservation works, aqueducts, canals, ditches, pipelines, wells, hydropower projects, transmission and other ancillary facilities, and other water diversion, storage, and carriage structures.

(ii) EXCLUSION.—In this paragraph, the term “water resource facility” does not include wildlife guzzlers.

(B) RESTRICTION ON NEW WATER RESOURCE FACILITIES.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, on and after the date of enactment of this Act, neither the President nor any other officer, employee, or agent of the United States shall fund, assist, authorize, or issue a license or permit for the development of
any new water resource facility within a wilderness area.

(g) **WILDFIRE, INSECTS, AND DISEASE.**—In accordance with section 4(d)(1) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(1)), the Secretary may take such measures in a wilderness area as are necessary for the control of fire, insects, and diseases (including, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, the coordination of the activities with a State or local agency).

(h) **DATA COLLECTION.**—Subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, nothing in this section precludes the installation and maintenance of hydrologic, meteorological, or climatological collection devices in a wilderness area, if the Secretary determines that the devices and access to the devices are essential to flood warning, flood control, or water reservoir operation activities.

(i) **MILITARY OVERFLIGHTS.**—Nothing in this section restricts or precludes—

1. low-level overflights of military aircraft over a wilderness area, including military overflights that can be seen or heard within a wilderness area;
2. flight testing and evaluation; or
(3) the designation or creation of new units of special use airspace, or the establishment of military flight training routes, over a wilderness area.

(j) WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with section 4(d)(7) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(7)), nothing in this chapter affects or diminishes the jurisdiction of the State of Nevada with respect to fish and wildlife management, including the regulation of hunting, fishing, and trapping, in the wilderness areas.

(2) MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.—In furtherance of the purposes and principles of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), the Secretary may conduct any management activities in the wilderness areas that are necessary to maintain or restore fish and wildlife populations and the habitats to support the populations, if the activities are carried out—

(A) consistent with relevant wilderness management plans; and

(B) in accordance with—

(i) the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.); and

(ii) appropriate policies, such as those set forth in Appendix B of the report of
the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives accompanying H.R. 2570 of the 101st Congress (House Report 101–405), including the occasional and temporary use of motorized vehicles, if the use, as determined by the Secretary, would promote healthy, viable, and more naturally distributed wildlife populations that would enhance wilderness values with the minimal impact necessary to reasonably accomplish those tasks.

(3) EXISTING ACTIVITIES.—In accordance with section 4(d)(1) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(1)) and in accordance with appropriate policies such as those set forth in Appendix B of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives accompanying H.R. 2570 of the 101st Congress (House Report 101–405), the State may continue to use aircraft (including helicopters) to survey, capture, transplant, monitor, and provide water for wildlife populations.

(4) WILDLIFE WATER DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.—Subject to subsection (f), the Secretary shall authorize structures and facilities, including existing structures and facilities, for wildlife water de-
development projects, including guzzlers, in the wilderness areas if—

(A) the structures and facilities would, as determined by the Secretary, enhance wilderness values by promoting healthy, viable, and more naturally distributed wildlife populations; and

(B) the visual impacts of the structures and facilities on the wilderness areas can reasonably be minimized.

(5) HUNTING, FISHING, AND TRAPPING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may designate areas in which, and establish periods during which, for reasons of public safety, administration, or compliance with applicable laws, no hunting, fishing, or trapping will be permitted in the wilderness areas.

(B) CONSULTATION.—Except in emergencies, the Secretary shall consult with the appropriate State agency and notify the public before taking any action under subparagraph (A).

(6) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The State of Nevada, including a designee of the State, may conduct
wildlife management activities in the wilderness areas—

(i) in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the cooperative agreement between the Secretary and the State entitled “Memorandum of Understanding between the Bureau of Land Management and the Nevada Department of Wildlife Supplement No. 9” and signed November and December 2003, including any amendments to the cooperative agreement agreed to by the Secretary and the State of Nevada; and

(ii) subject to all applicable laws (including regulations).

(B) REFERENCES.—For the purposes of this subsection, any references to Clark County, Nevada, in the cooperative agreement described this paragraph shall be considered to be a reference to Churchill or Lander County, Nevada, as applicable.

SEC. 2906. RELEASE OF WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS.

(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that, for the purposes of section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(c)), the public land
in Churchill County, Nevada, that is administered by the Bureau of Land Management in the following areas has been adequately studied for wilderness designation:

(1) The Stillwater Range Wilderness Study Area.

(2) The Job Peak Wilderness Study Area.

(3) The Clan Alpine Mountains Wilderness Study Area.

(4) That portion of the Augusta Mountains Wilderness Study Area located in Churchill County, Nevada.

(5) That portion of the Desatoya Mountains Wilderness Study Area located in Churchill County, Nevada.

(6) Any portion of any other wilderness study area located in Churchill County, Nevada, that is not a wilderness area.

(b) RELEASE.—The portions of the public land described in subsection (a) not designated as wilderness by section 2905(b)—

(1) are no longer subject to section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(e)); and

(2) shall be managed in accordance with—
(A) land management plans adopted under section 202 of that Act (43 U.S.C. 1712); and
(B) existing cooperative conservation agreements.

SEC. 2907. LAND CONVEYANCES AND EXCHANGES.

(a) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) City.—The term “City” means the city of Fallon, Nevada.

(2) Public purpose.—The term “public purpose” includes any of the following:

(A) The construction and operation of a new fire station for Churchill County, Nevada.
(B) The operation or expansion of an existing wastewater treatment facility for Church-
ill County, Nevada.
(C) The operation or expansion of existing gravel pits and rock quarries of Churchill Coun-
ty, Nevada.
(D) The operation or expansion of an existing City landfill.

(b) Public Purpose Conveyances.—

(1) In General.—Notwithstanding section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712), the Secretary of the Interior shall convey, subject to valid existing rights and
paragraph (2), for no consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in approximately 6,892 acres of Federal land to Churchill County, Nevada, and 212 acres of land to the City identified as “Public Purpose Conveyances to Churchill County and City of Fallon” on the map entitled “Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022.

(2) Use.—Churchill County, Nevada, and the City shall use the Federal land conveyed under paragraph (1) for public purposes and the construction and operation of public recreational facilities.

(3) Reversionary Interest.—If a parcel of Federal land conveyed to Churchill County, Nevada, under paragraph (1) ceases to be used for public recreation or other public purposes consistent with the Act of June 14, 1926 (commonly known as the “Recreation and Public Purposes Act”; 43 U.S.C. 869 et seq.), the parcel of Federal land shall, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, revert to the United States.

(4) Gravel Pit and Rock Quarry Access.—Churchill County, Nevada, shall provide at no cost to the Department of the Interior access to and use
of any existing gravel pits and rock quarries conveyed to Churchill County, Nevada, under this section.

(c) Exchange.—The Secretary of the Interior shall seek to enter into an agreement for an exchange with Churchill County, Nevada, for the land identified as “Churchill County Conveyance to the Department of Interior” in exchange for the land administered by the Secretary of the Interior identified as “Department of Interior Conveyance to Churchill County” on the map entitled “Churchill County Proposed Fallon Range Training Complex Modernization and Lands Bill” and dated November 30, 2022.

SEC. 2908. CHECKERBOARD RESOLUTION.

(a) In general.—The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with Churchill County, Nevada, and landowners in Churchill County, Nevada, and after providing an opportunity for public comment, shall seek to consolidate Federal land and non-Federal land ownership in Churchill County, Nevada.

(b) Land exchanges.—

(1) Land exchange authority.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary of the Interior shall offer to exchange land identified for exchange under paragraph (3) for private land in Churchill County,
Nevada, that is adjacent to Federal land in Churchill County, Nevada, if the exchange would consolidate land ownership and facilitate improved land management in Churchill County, Nevada, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) APPLICABLE LAW.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, a land exchange under this section shall be conducted in accordance with—

(A) section 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716); and

(B) any other applicable law.

(3) IDENTIFICATION OF FEDERAL LAND FOR EXCHANGE.—The Secretary of the Interior shall identify appropriate Federal land in Churchill County, Nevada, to offer for exchange from Federal land identified as potentially suitable for disposal in an applicable resource management plan and managed by—

(A) the Commissioner of Reclamation; or

(B) the Director of the Bureau of Land Management.

(e) EQUAL VALUE LAND EXCHANGES.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Land to be exchanged under this section shall be of equal value, based on appraisals prepared in accordance with—

(A) the Uniform Standards for Professional Land Acquisitions; and

(B) the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

(2) USE OF MASS APPRAISALS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary of the Interior may use a mass appraisal to determine the value of land to be exchanged under this section, if the Secretary of the Interior determines that the land to be subject to the mass appraisal is of similar character and value.

(B) EXCLUSION.—The Secretary of the Interior shall exclude from a mass appraisal under subparagraph (A) any land, the value of which is likely to exceed $250 per acre, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior.

(C) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary of the Interior shall make the results of a mass appraisal conducted under subparagraph (A) available to the public.
(d) FUNDING ELIGIBILITY.—Section 4(e)(3)(A) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–263; 31 U.S.C. 6901 note) is amended—

(1) in clause (iv) by inserting “Churchill,” after “Lincoln,”;

(2) in clause (x) by striking “Nevada; and” and inserting “Nevada;”;

(3) in clause (xi) by striking “paragraph (2)(A).” and inserting “paragraph (2)(A); and”;

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(xii) reimbursement of costs incurred by the Secretary in the identification, implementation, and consolidation of Federal and non-Federal lands in Churchill County in accordance with section 2908 of division B of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023.”.

Subtitle B—Lander County Economic Development and Conservation

SEC. 2911. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:
1639

(1) COUNTY.—The term “County” means Lander County, Nevada.

(2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(3) STATE.—The term “State” means the State of Nevada.

PART I—LANDER COUNTY PUBLIC PURPOSE

LAND CONVEYANCES

SEC. 2921. DEFINITIONS.

In this part:

(1) MAP.—The term “Map” means the map entitled “Lander County Selected Lands” and dated August 4, 2020.

(2) SECRETARY CONCERNED.—The term “Secretary concerned” means—

(A) the Secretary, with respect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary; and

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service, with respect to National Forest System land.

SEC. 2922. CONVEYANCES TO LANDER COUNTY, NEVADA.

(a) CONVEYANCE FOR WATERSHED PROTECTION, RECREATION, AND PARKS.—Notwithstanding the land use planning requirements of sections 202 and 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
1712, 1713), not later than 60 days after the date on which the County identifies and selects the parcels of Federal land for conveyance to the County from among the parcels identified on the Map as “Lander County Parcels BLM and USFS” and dated August 4, 2020, the Secretary concerned shall convey to the County, subject to valid existing rights and for no consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the identified parcels of Federal land (including mineral rights) for use by the County for watershed protection, recreation, and parks.

(b) CONVEYANCE FOR AIRPORT FACILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the land use planning requirements of sections 202 and 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712, 1713), the Secretary concerned shall convey to the County, subject to valid existing rights, including mineral rights, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the parcels of Federal land identified on the Map as “Kingston Airport” for the purpose of improving the relevant airport facility and related infrastructure.

(2) COSTS.—The only costs for the conveyance to be paid by the County under paragraph (1) shall be the survey costs relating to the conveyance.
(c) Survey.—The exact acreage and legal description of any parcel of Federal land to be conveyed under subsection (a) or (b) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary concerned and the County.

(d) Reversionary Interest.—If a parcel of Federal land conveyed to the County under subsections (a) or (b) ceases to be used for public recreation or other public purposes consistent with the Act of June 14, 1926 (commonly known as the “Recreation and Public Purposes Act”; 43 U.S.C. 869 et seq.), the parcel of Federal land shall, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, revert to the United States.

(e) Map, Acreage Estimates, and Legal Descriptions.—

(1) Minor errors.—The Secretary concerned and the County may, by mutual agreement—

(A) make minor boundary adjustments to the parcels of Federal land to be conveyed under subsection (a) or (b); and

(B) correct any minor errors in—

(i) the Map; or

(ii) an acreage estimate or legal description of any parcel of Federal land conveyed under subsection (a) or (b).
(2) CONFLICT.—If there is a conflict between the Map, an acreage estimate, or a legal description of Federal land conveyed under subsection (a) or (b), the Map shall control unless the Secretary concerned and the County mutually agree otherwise.

(3) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall make the Map available for public inspection in—

(A) the Office of the Nevada State Director of the Bureau of Land Management; and

(B) the Bureau of Land Management Battle Mountain Field Office.

PART II—LANDER COUNTY WILDERNESS AREAS

SEC. 2931. DEFINITIONS.

In this part:

(1) MAP.—The term “Map” means the map entitled “Lander County Wilderness Areas Proposal” and dated April 19, 2021.

(2) WILDERNESS AREA.—The term “wilderness area” means a wilderness area designated by section 2932(a).

SEC. 2932. DESIGNATION OF WILDERNESS AREAS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), the following land in the State of Nevada is designated as wilderness and as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System:
(1) **Cain Mountain Wilderness.**—Certain Federal land managed by the Director of the Bureau of Land Management, comprising approximately 6,386 acres, generally depicted as “Cain Mountain Wilderness” on the Map, which shall be part of the Cain Mountain Wilderness designated by section 2905(b) of this title.

(2) **Desatoya Mountains Wilderness.**—Certain Federal land managed by the Director of the Bureau of Land Management, comprising approximately 7,766 acres, generally depicted as “Desatoya Mountains Wilderness” on the Map, which shall be part of the Desatoya Mountains Wilderness designated by section 2905(b) of this title.

(b) **Map and Legal Description.**—

(1) **In general.**—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall file with, and make available for inspection in, the appropriate offices of the Bureau of Land Management, a map and legal description of each wilderness area.

(2) **Effect.**—Each map and legal description filed under paragraph (1) shall have the same force and effect as if included in this chapter, except that
the Secretary may correct clerical and typographical
errors in the map or legal description.

(c) Administration of Wilderness Areas.—The
wilderness areas designated in subsection (a) shall be ad-
ministered in accordance with the Wilderness Act (16
U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) and the wilderness management pro-
visions in section 2905 of this title.

SEC. 2933. RELEASE OF WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS.

(a) Finding.—Congress finds that, for the purposes
of section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(c)), the following pub-
lic land in the County has been adequately studied for wil-
derness designation:

(1) The approximately 10,777 acres of the Au-
gusta Mountain Wilderness Study Area within the
County that has not been designated as wilderness
by section 2902(a) of this title.

(2) The approximately 1,088 acres of the
Desatoya Wilderness Study Area within the County
that has not been designated as wilderness by sec-
tion 2902(a) of this title.

(b) Release.—The public land described in sub-
section (a)—
(1) is no longer subject to section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(c)); and

(2) shall be managed in accordance with the applicable land use plans adopted under section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712).

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs and Authorizations

Sec. 3101. National Nuclear Security Administration.
Sec. 3102. Defense environmental cleanup.
Sec. 3103. Other defense activities.
Sec. 3104. Nuclear energy.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 3111. Requirements for specific request for new or modified nuclear weapons.
Sec. 3112. Modifications to long-term plan for meeting national security requirements for unencumbered uranium.
Sec. 3113. Modification of minor construction threshold for plant projects.
Sec. 3114. Update to plan for deactivation and decommissioning of non-operational defense nuclear facilities.
Sec. 3115. Use of alternative technologies to eliminate proliferation threats at vulnerable sites.
Sec. 3116. Unavailability for overhead costs of amounts specified for laboratory-directed research and development.
Sec. 3117. Workforce enhancement for National Nuclear Security Administration.
Sec. 3118. Modification of cost baselines for certain projects.
Sec. 3119. Purchase of real property options.