



TIME TO BE THE CHANGE

KELVIN DAVIES, FOUNDER

Taking care of our planet is an act of self-defence against the challenges of a changing climate.

In the early 1990s, I spent several years engaged in a campaign to stop the importation of rainforest timbers into Australia. That led me to have personal conversations about the ecosystem that sustains our living planet with people of all walks of life. The air we breathe, the water cycle, the liveable climate and the food that sustains us, all have a connection to biodiversity and functioning ecosystems. Of all the people I spoke with, most supported the concept of rainforest conservation, but didn't know what they could do. They perceived power as being in the hands of the political class, with a view that political expediency ruled the day.

Gandhi said, "Be the change you want to see in the world". Taking responsibility for your own actions is not hard to do. Despair can lead to empowerment. And the more you are involved in positive solutions, the easier it is for them to be achieved and for you to believe they're possible.

In the past year, one of history's most important scientists, James Lovelock, died at the age of 103. Originally ridiculed, his theory that the Earth behaves as a living ecosystem is now accepted. Towards the end of his long life, Lovelock issued a final warning to humanity. He could see a future where a changed global climate made large parts of the planet uninhabitable, resulting in immense human suffering. A stark warning from someone who, at the age of 103, had no stake in the game.

Fear and anxiety about climate change are not misplaced. Once uncommon, extreme weather events are reported constantly in one part of the world or another. Every day brings news of another species lost or on the brink. There must be a tipping point beyond which we will turn it all around. We can't wait for someone else to do something.

Taking personal responsibility is essential and it must be aligned with sustained, systemic change. The way we organise society, and how our values are expressed, must change. In response to the biodiversity and climate crisis, we need to organise ourselves. We need practical projects with tangible outcomes; proposals with solutions that are not pushed beyond the horizon; actions that we can take today that are achievable, with goodwill shared amongst caring people.

In the past four years, we've purchased 29 rainforest properties so they can be protected and managed for conservation. That's averaging one property acquisition every six weeks – a clear and positive demonstration that change is possible.

On one of the Daintree properties we acquired, we found the Green Dinosaur. This plant can be found in the fossil record as far back as 88 million years ago and it has a lineage extending back to the first existence of flowering plants on Earth. It has survived all this time in the Daintree rainforest. Its continued existence is linked to a stable climate. Now we are faced with the challenge, sustaining the climate of the living planet.

All is not lost. My optimism comes from the positive attributes of humanity – compassion, generosity, altruism, and a shared belief that the world can be a better place. As a founder, my role is to be the one who believes (even when a task may seem impossible). Having faith and belief in people is essential, and my belief is sustained by your ongoing support.

For humanity, destroying nature is an act of self-harm. Preserving nature is an act of self-defence. Let's continue to take great care of ourselves and the living planet. They're one and the same.







CEO'S WELCOME

RICHARD CHRISTIAN

As we continue to see the impacts of climate change in our everyday lives, it's clearer than ever that we need to work together to stem the damaging effects of a warming climate. Protecting and restoring rainforests is one of the best ways we can take action to reduce and slow down these impacts.

Being guided by a genuine commitment to reconciliation and conservation, we are dedicated to doing what's necessary to protect and restore our precious rainforests to reduce fragmentation, species decline and address climate change. But we know we can't solve big environmental challenges alone.

That's where you, our supporters, come in. Thanks to an incredible 17,782 donations made throughout the year, seven rainforest properties with high conservation and ecological value were purchased for protection in 2022-23.

This included the purchase and protection of the Cheelonga Cloud Forest, 18 hectares of highaltitude rainforest habitat whose inhabitants include a range of cool-climate Wet Tropics species that are particularly vulnerable to the warming effects of climate change. This acquisition was achieved with the assistance of our project partners, South Endeavour Trust.

Across the year, we have made a significant effort to build on the strength of our relationships with our partners and supporters to grow and ultimately enhance the positive impact we can have on the future of our rainforests.

We made collaborative progress on the Pathway to Protection, with the signing of an agreement between Rainforest 4 Foundation, Jabalbina Yalanji Corporation, the Wet Tropics Management Authority and the Queensland Government.

We continued to develop our long-term relationships with Indigenous communities that have been built on trust, integrity, respect and transparency. We were honoured to have been invited by Yalanji Elders and Jabalbina to attend a cultural induction to learn more about bama (people), bubu (Country) and maja (rainforest). We were also invited by the Wet Tropics Management Authority and Jabalbina to attend a Daintree Restoration Field Day that brought together Eastern Kuku Yalanji Elders, restoration groups and community members to discuss how conservation practices could evolve through greater collaboration and create economic opportunities for First Nations peoples.

We have also been particularly focused on developing more rigour around our internal governance and compliance systems, to further build and inspire trust amongst our donors.

In the year ahead, we will further expand our buyback program to include at-risk rainforest properties across the Australian landscape. We will continue our focus on attracting amazing people to work on challenging projects that produce big outcomes for conservation and we will continue to meaningfully engage with Indigenous communities and Traditional Owners to ensure the effective integration of Indigenous aspirations and outcomes in our conservation projects.

By working together, we will continue to create a lasting, positive conservation impact on our rainforest environments.

NEW NAME, SAME MISSION Since Rainforest 4 Foundation was founded in 2018, it's been quite a journey. Together we have purchased and protected 29 Daintree Lowland Rainforest properties, and worked with volunteers and sponsors to restore rainforest in North Queensland, Northern NSW and beyond. Soon, that journey will continue under a new name.

For more than three decades, Rainforest 4
Foundation's Kelvin Davies has encouraged and enabled tens of thousands of people to contribute to the rainforest conservation cause.

In August 2018, he established Rainforest 4 Foundation with a clear mission - the purchase. protection, rehabilitation and restoration of Earth's rainforests for wildlife, climate, people and planet. In the first four years of the foundation's operation, we've achieved significant outcomes with the backing of our generous donors. Twentyeight freehold properties in the Daintree Lowland Rainforest and Atherton Tablelands have been protected for conservation under our Save the Daintree program, with more in the pipeline. Through our Rainforest Rangers program, we've worked with partners to achieve the restoration and reforestation of hundreds of hectares of cleared rainforest habitat in Far North Queensland, Northern NSW and Sumatra.

As our flagship programs have grown, so too has the need for a new overarching identity that reflects the continued expansion of our conservation impact thanks to the support of our valued donors.

We're excited to share that in late 2023, Rainforest 4 Foundation will have a new name, the Gondwana Rainforest Trust. The Daintree Lowland Rainforest is the oldest intact lowland tropical rainforest on Earth, home to many ancient wonders that stem from the original supercontinent Gondwana. It is also what links the Daintree to the remnant rainforests of Northern NSW and SE Queensland, which are known collectively as the Gondwana Rainforests of Australia and comprise the most extensive subtropical rainforest in the world.

These habitats hold incredible biodiversity and conservation value, providing refuge for many unique species of flora and fauna.

As the Gondwana
Rainforest Trust, we're
dedicated to
safeguarding the future
of these rainforests through the
purchase, protection and restoration
of endangered rainforests.

ABOUT OUR NEW LOGO

One unique species that is relatively unchanged from its fossil ancestors is the Idiospermum australiense. Found nowhere else in the world but the World-Heritage listed rainforests of North Queensland, it bears the largest single seed of any tree in Australia and goes by many names: the Green Dinosaur, Idiot Fruit Tree, Ribbonwood.

The unique lineage of this plant species, which has existed for at least 120 million vears, can be traced back to the ancient supercontinent Gondwanaland, and reminds us of our duty to protect our planet's exceptional ecosystems for future generations. That's why the Idiospermum's distinctive blossoming flower features on the Gondwana Rainforest Trust logo.

While our logo and name are changing, our mission, values, people and rainforest conservation programs will remain the same to ensure the protection and restoration of our forests.

We remain dedicated to restoring land into the hands of its Traditional Owners, and to collaborating with our strategic partners to achieve our aims.

As a Trust, we will continue to carefully steward contributions to maximise outcomes for the rainforest conservation cause, fulfilling our mission and duties with transparency and passion.

We're proud of the outcomes achieved since 2018, and look forward to more significant outcomes for the conservation of rainforest in Australia in the 2023-24 financial year.



R4F IMPACT REPORT 2022-23







STRENGTHENING CONNECTION IN THE DAINTREE

Cultural awareness training and field day events have helped foster the continued growth of our already strong connection with the Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation.

Our relationship with the Traditional Owners in the Daintree Rainforest is built on respect, care and the shared values of protecting the Daintree's globally significant conservation and cultural values, while also reconnecting people with Traditional Land.

We were delighted to be welcomed to Daintree events on several occasions through the year, creating opportunities to learn, grow and strengthen the bond with the Eastern Kuku Yalanji and the Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation.

In May, we attended cultural awareness training at Wawu Dimbi (Place of Spirits) in the Daintree Rainforest. Provided by the Kuku Yalanji Elders and the Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation for all stakeholders involved in rainforest restoration on Eastern Kuku Yalanji Bubu (Country). It was a great opportunity to meet with Eastern Kuku Yalanji Elders and to listen and learn more about their culture, history and stories from the heart.

Wawu Dimbi also happens to be the location of a significant rainforest restoration project we are currently working on with Jabalbina. In coming years, the project - to be managed by Jabalbina on-ground - will result in the restoration of 39 hectares of former cattle grazing land.

Over two days in June, we were also among five restoration groups who attended the Daintree Restoration Field Day, co-hosted by Jabalbina

Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation and the Wet Tropics Management Authority.

"Culture still resides in this land," Jabalbina CEO Josh Paterson said following the event.

"By working together, based on a platform of mutual respect and a shared desire for Reconciliation, we can develop new initiatives that will help Bama (Kuku Yalanji people) and Bubu heal in partnership with others."

The Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation (JYAC) has been the Rainforest 4 Foundation's primary strategic partner since our conception. Under our Save the Daintree program, we've worked to purchase and transfer properties with outstanding environmental values to JYAC. The Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation works with the Queensland State Government to have the blocks added to the

Daintree National Park estate, to be jointly managed as National Park within Cape York Peninsula Aboriginal Land (CYPAL). With support from Traditional Owners, the state is also converting existing national parks, to be jointly managed with the Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service as national parks under the CYPAL agreement, with Aboriginal freehold as the underlying tenure. The achievements of this program were acknowledged in the 2021 Queensland Reconciliation Awards and received the Partnership Award and the Premiers Choice Award.

With the Pathway to Protection now clear (read about it on page 12), we look forward to continuing to strengthen our partnership with Jabalbina for years to come.

There's no doubt we are stronger together.

R4F IMPACT REPORT 2022-23





YOUR IMPACT 2022-23

AT A GLANCE



rainforest properties purchased for conservation



17,782
donations received

26+

hectares of rainforest protected



17

properties put forward for inclusion in the Daintree National Park (CYPAL)



PROPERTIES PURCHASED THIS YEAR



LOT 373 HICKORY ROAD, COW BAY

Habitat: Lowland tropical rainforest (mesophyll vine forest)

Area: 1 hectare

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary (Casuarius casuarius johnsonii), China Camp Laurel (Beilschmiedia castrisinensis), Gray's Walnut (Endiandra grayi), Noah's Walnut (Endiandra microneura), Fragrant Boxwood (Xanthophyllum fragrans).

The purchase of Lot 373 Hickory Road, which adjoins the Daintree National Park and World Heritage Area, has provided a secure habitat for the endangered Southern Cassowary and 210 native plant species of plants.

It is the only property where we have found the Fragrant Boxwood, an endemic tree restricted to the tropical rainforests of Far North Queensland. On lot 373 it was identified from just one maturesized specimen, about 10m tall.



LOT 6
THORNTON PEAK DRIVE, FOREST CREEK

Habitat: Lot 6 comprises two distinct ecosystems by changes in soil/drainage conditions: sclerophyll open woodland (10%) and closed canopy tropical rainforest (90%)

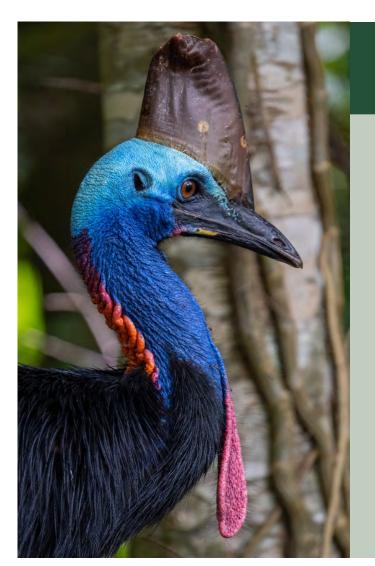
Area: 3.75 hectares

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary (Casuarius casuarius johnsonii), Climbing Pandan (Freycinetia excelsa), Ant Plant (Myrmecodia beccarii) This property shares a boundary with the Daintree National Park and World Heritage Area, as do two nearby properties we purchased in the past two years – Lot 3 (January 2020) and Lot 2 (July 2021). In September 2022, Lot 6 was added to the growing area being managed for conservation in this part of Forest Creek.

Fan Palms (*Licuala ramsayi*) are abundant on Lot 6 and create a stunning display in the closed canopy tropical rainforest portion of the property. The sclerophyll vegetation in the open woodland is dominated by plants that have hard

leaves adapted to drought and fire, like the broad-leaved paperbark (*Melaleuca viridiflora*) pictured above. A small creek also runs through the rainforest property, where the presence of the Southern Cassowary was observed prior to the purchase of this property for conservation. The rare Bennett's Tree-kangaroo has also been sighted nearby.



LOT 398 Maple Road, cow bay

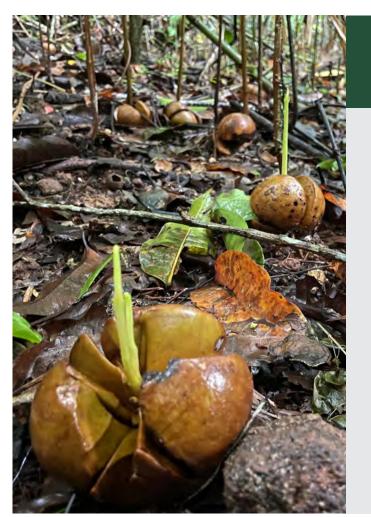
Habitat: Lowland tropical rainforest (mesophyll vine forest)

Area: 1.4 hectares

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary (Casuarius casuarius johnsonii), Noah's Walnut (Endiandra microneura) An intact canopy of old-growth rainforest trees made Lot 398 Maple Road in the Daintree Lowland Rainforest an important acquisition for conservation. There is no evidence on the property of past clearing and the canopy trees are 60 metres tall. There are also many old-growth trees with hollows that provide habitat for tree-dwelling animals.

Another exceptional feature of the property is a large Hope's Cycad (*Lepidozamia hopei*). These cycads are very slow-growing and this specimen is estimated at over 1,000 years old. Endemic to Queensland, they are the world's largest species of cycad.



LOT 150 CAPE TRIBULATION ROAD, DIWAN

Habitat: Lowland tropical rainforest (mesophyll vine forest)

Area: 1 hectare

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary
(Casuarius casuarius
johnsonii), Isachne sharpii
(no common name), Gray's
Walnut (Endiandra grayi),
Noah's Walnut (Endiandra
microneura), Daintree
Ryparosa (Ryparosa
kurrangii), Climbing Pandan
(Freycinetia percostata)

Lot 150 Cape Tribulation Road has a significant population of the ancient flowering plant *Idiospermum australiense*.

This species represents one of the earliest known lineages of flowering plants, dating back 120 million years. They are found in very few locations in north-eastern Queensland (e.g. the Daintree National Park and nearby freehold properties) and only in the very wet parts of the rainforest. For this reason, this property will be provided with the highest level of protection and managed for its exceptional conservation values.



LOT 197 QUANDONG ROAD, COW BAY

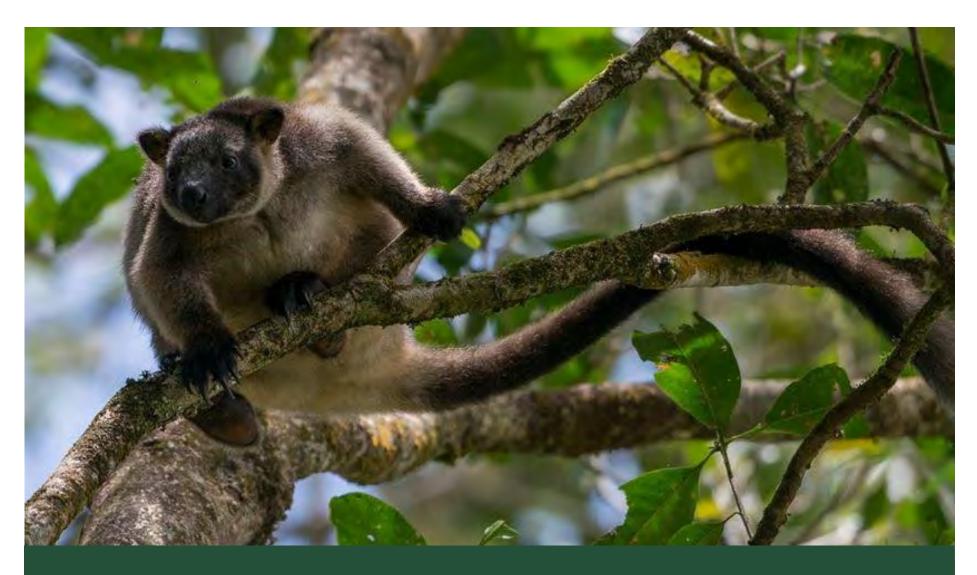
Habitat: Lowland tropical rainforest (Eucalyptus tereticornis open forest)

Area: 1 hectare

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary (Casuarius casuarius johnsonii), Gray's Walnut (Endiandra grayi), Noah's Walnut (Endiandra microneura), Daintree Gardenia (Randia audasii) Lot 197 Quandong road is entirely vegetated, with 170 plant species of native plants identified during the survey of the one-hectare property. Three of these are listed on the Nature Conservation Act 1992.

But perhaps the most important habitat feature on Lot 197 is the presence of very tall (35m high)
Forest Red Gum (*Eucalyptus tereticornis*). This is because they possess large hollow-bearing limbs which are important habitats for gliders, possums, snakes, birds, and other tree-dwelling animals.



CHEELONGA CLOUD FOREST

Habitat: High-altitude cloud forest

Area: 18 hectares

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary
(Casuarius casuarius
johnsonii), Lumholtz's treekangaroo (Dendrolagus
lumholtzi), Lemuroid Ringtail
Possum (Hemibelideus
lemuroides), Green Ringtail
Possum (Pseudochirops
archeri), Northern Pygmy
Possum, Golden Bowerbird
(Prionodura newtonian)

The purchase of Cheelonga has protected 18 hectares of highaltitude cloud forest and provided an essential refuge for endemic forest dwelling mammals that have nowhere else to go. Climate change poses a threat to these cooler climate Wet Tropics species, and lack of functional connections within fragmented habitat areas poses a risk to their long-term survival.

The Lumholtz's tree-kangaroo and the lemuroid and green ringtail possums are restricted to the cooler parts of the Atherton Tablelands and other higher areas of the Wet Tropics.

Another key feature of the block is that it includes a significant section

of a creek that starts at a spring on Misty Mountain and flows through to the Wet Tropics World Heritage Area. The property is strategically located between the Malaan National Park and Herberton Range National Park, and also directly abuts the World Heritage Area. Besides its strategic corridor value, the purchase of this property has also helped buffer the World Heritage Area.

Our project partners for this project were the South Endeavour Trust, a successful registered non-profit organisation that acquires and manages land for conservation. We also partnered with them in 2021 for the acquisition of Oakey Scrub.



LOT 93 CAPE TRIBULATION ROAD, DIWAN

Habitat: Lowland tropical rainforest (mesophyll and notophyll vine forest)

Area: 8.09 hectares

Threatened species:

Southern Cassowary
(Casuarius casuarius
johnsonii), Native Spiral
Ginger (Cheilocostus
potierae), Noah's Walnut
(Endiandra microneura),
Climbing Pandan
(Freycinetia percostata), Ant
Plant (Myrmecodia beccarii),
Malayan Brighteye (Torenia
polygonoides).

The high biodiversity and threatened species on Lot 93 Cape Tribulation Road at Diwan identified this property as a high priority for acquisition.

With a 375m frontage on Hutchinson Creek, it also shares a boundary with the Daintree National Park. A survey of the block found 258 native plant species, including 5 listed as threatened and 4 endemic plant species which are largely restricted to the Daintree lowlands.

This property is also a possible centre for the evolution of new species, with investigations continuing into a potential new species of Bolwarra (*Eupomatia*) that was identified during the survey.

PATHWAY TO PROTECTION

Since the beginning, the ultimate goal behind Save the Daintree's land acquisitions has been to achieve the highest level of protection for high conservation value rainforest. Now, the pathway to achieving that in North Queensland is clear and the process is underway.

Seventeen rainforest properties acquired by Rainforest 4 in North Queensland are now in line to achieve permanent protection from development, through inclusion in the Daintree National Park.

Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service staff visited the Daintree to inspect the properties in February and a date for inclusion is expected soon.

As these properties are among the first to be considered for direct addition to the Daintree National Park (CYPAL) under the Cape York Peninsula's Tenure Resolution Program, it has been a new and lengthy process that required the cooperation of multiple stakeholders.

These stakeholders are the Queensland Government (through the Department of Environment and

Science), the Wet Tropics Management Authority, the Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation, and the Rainforest 4 Foundation.

On November 22 last year, all four signatures were added to an agreement that confirms the process for properties we have acquired to be protected under the Queensland Nature Conservation Act 1992.

Doing so allows for properties to be proposed for inclusion in the Daintree National Park (CYPAL). The Queensland Government and other key stakeholders are fully supportive of this outcome.

Once the properties we have purchased are included in the national park, they will be jointly managed by the Jabalbina Rangers and the Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service.



LAND PURCHASE

Every Daintree rainforest property we purchase for conservation sparks the process to provide the highest level of protection, inclusion in the Daintree National Park.





ASSESSMENT

Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service staff inspect the properties to identify any boundary incursions or significant issues such as environmental weeds.

RECOMMENDATION

A recommendation is made to the Queensland Government based on property condition, and outlining when accepted transfer of the properties can occur.













Properties can be included in the Daintree National Park once transferred into Cape York Aboriginal Land protected area estate (CYPAL).

12





YOUR IMPACT 2022-23

AT A GLANCE



4294 trees planted



85Volunteer hours

268

hours of maintenance work in the Daintree



20

nest boxes installed for wildlife



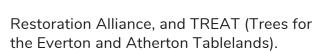
ON THE **GROUND:** TREE **PLANTINGS**

The planting of 1600 trees in Huonbrook has marked the next step in the region's road to rainforest recovery. The event is one of six Rainforest Rangers treeplanting events across the year that made an impact in Northern NSW, the Daintree and the Atherton Tableland in North Queensland.

The Byron Bay hinterland has been plagued with disasters in recent years. First in 2019, when unprecedented bushfires scorched the hills. Then, last year, record breaking rainfalls resulted in major flooding. At Huonbrook, roads and bridges were washed away, creeks were gouged out, landslips were rife and residents were isolated for weeks.

To help the community and ecosystem recover from these major events, and with the financial backing of an inGrained Foundation grant, a team of 20 Rainforest Ranger volunteers and Stone and Wood Brewery staff pulled on their boots to plant out a strategic site at Coopers Creek, near Byron Bay, in April. A total of 1,680 new native trees were planted, mulched and then protected by tree guards. As they grow, these trees will work to stabilise the landscape.





These trees will complement plantings carried out at neighbouring plots in the last two years, as part of the larger project to restore Cloud Forest in the Atherton Tableland, rainforests that provide habitat for much loved, iconic, and threatened species including the Southern Cassowary and Golden Bowerbird.

The Misty Mountain Nature Refuge is owned and managed by our project partner South Endeavour Trust. Together we are working to protect and expand the habitat for these high-altitude mammals which are threatened by climate change.



• Goonengerry, Landcare enrichment: 500 stems

• Lot 11 Buchanan Creek Road: 196 stems

TREE PLANTING EVENTS 22-23

- Lot 93 Cape Tribulation Road: 600 stems
- Lot 8 Buchanan Creek Road: 318 stems
- 201 Huonbrook Road, Huonbrook: 1680 stems
- Lot 47 Millaa Millaa: 1000 stems

They will also provide additional habitat for at least 25 threatened species that call Huonbrook home, including the wompoo fruitdove (Ptilinopus magnificus) and the elusive spotted-tailed quoll (Dasyurus maculatus).

Thanks to the inGrained Foundation, we are helping the Huonbrook community prepare for a resilient future.

The planting was one of two Rainforest Rangers planting events in April 2023; the other took place at Misty Mountain Nature Refuge at Millaa Millaa in the Atherton Tableland. This event resulted in the planting of 1000 stems, thanks to our wonderful Rainforest Rangers for the day - volunteers from across the region, from the Wet Tropics

R4F IMPACT REPORT 2022-23





THE POWER OF ASSISTED NATURAL REGENERATION

It's a compelling restoration tool with well-established roots in Northern NSW. But assisted natural regeneration is a relatively unexplored concept in the Daintree. We're looking to change that.

When you think about restoring a deforested area of land, what's the first picture that comes to mind? Usually, it's someone digging holes in the ground and planting seeds or saplings.

Planting trees is an important and effective piece of the puzzle, but it's not always the only tool we have. In many cases, it can be both cheaper and easier to employ passive restoration techniques that allow the forests to restore themselves, with a little helping hand of course.

The effectiveness of assisted natural regeneration, through removal of weed species, provision of bird perches to enhance natural seed distribution and strategic planting on the fringes of remnant forests, has been established in the Northern Rivers, but with different plant species in the Daintree there's much more to learn.

As part of the restoration of Lot 11 Buchanan Creek Road, we've been experimenting with passive techniques, with an intention to see how much of the property could be restored without planting trees.

When it was first purchased, the 12,000-square metre block – which shares a boundary with the Daintree National Park on three sides – was two

parts remnant rainforest and one part weeds, including giant bramble.

In February last year, we removed the weeds with the help of a Daintree-based bush regeneration contractor. Four days of work with a hedge trimmer removed 4,000 sqm of giant bramble. We followed this up with the planting of 250 trees in cleared areas and a direct seeding trial on the rainforest fringe to assist the property's natural regeneration. Then we waited.

We returned in June this year to find that over the past 18 months, the wind, bats and birds including the southern cassowary, had also delivered seeds to the property. Thousands of seeds have germinated and now, after two wet seasons, some of the trees have grown to be 3-5 metres tall. Natural regeneration was found to be most successful around the property's perimeter under the dripline of the established trees, and this technique has also ensured the plants established are native to the site and of the correct provenance.

Encouraged by these initial results, we look forward to continuing to expand on and improve the efficiency of these restoration techniques to create better outcomes for the health and biodiversity of the Daintree Rainforest.



to our strategic partners, supporters and everyone who has helped us make a positive difference in 2022-23.

Jabalbina Yalanji Aboriginal Corporation
HalfCut
South Endeavour Trust
Wet Tropics Management Authority
Queensland Government
Wilsons Creek Huonbrook Landcare
Goonengerry Landcare
Mullum SEED
Northern Rivers Ecological
Plumtree Pocket
Steven Nowakowski Panoscapes
Verse Productions

We Are Explorers
Gravitate Digital
Freely
Heaps Normal
inGrained Foundation
North Queensland Wildlife Trust
The George Lewin Foundation
Little Locals
One Tomorrow Charitable Fund
Ecolibrium Designs
Bluebirders

