

"Whoever would overthrow the liberty of a nation must begin by subduing the freeness of speech."

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Newspaper of LaRouche Candidate for U.S. Senate Diane Sare

June 29, 2023

RFK, Jr. Challenges the American People

The United States Must Choose Peace Over Tragedy

by Dennis H. Speed

NEW YORK, June 30—While the ancient author of the Old Testament's Ecclesiastes may have been correct in stating that "The perverse are hard to be corrected, and the number of fools is infinite," he did not have to face the reality of global thermonuclear war. Sometimes, as is now the case, single, extraordinary individuals or small groups of individuals must change the foolish course of a foolish humanity, despite the ostensible impossibility of doing precisely that. It is to that task that Americans must devote themselves now, not in November 2024, to activate the powerful institution of the American Presidency to do good, in spite of the present occupant of the White House.

"The current administration is going to be in power for another year and a half, but the danger of reckless escalation and nuclear brinkmanship is real and pres-

ent. I therefore call on our pres- F. Kennedy, and his famous June ent leadership to adopt President Kennedy's maxims and to start deescalating right now. I call on them to fulfill John F. Kennedy's [June 10,1963—ed.] declaration. I call on the military establishment to exercise discipline and self-restraint. I call upon the State Department to avoid unnecessary irritants and hostile rhetoric. And here's the most important thing of all, I call on every American to join in a new peace movement, to make your voices heard, to reject the insanity of escalation, and to celebrate no longer the 'wartime president,' but a president who keeps the peace."

2024 Democratic Presidential pre-candidate Robert Kennedy Jr.'s June 20 speech in New Hampshire—clearly given in opposition to the present U.S. "Ukraine War" policy—ended with the above challenge to the American people. The speech was RFK Jr.'s reflection on his uncle, President John. 10, 1963 American University "Peace Speech," published in full in this newspaper (see page 4, and for a related article by this author, see page 1). All Americans now need to reflect on that 1963 speech, and Diane Sare, Independent La-Rouche candidate for United States Senate in New York, has suggested that all candidates for public office should be held accountable to it. This is a time, as in October 1962, for all independently-thinking people to dispel the tragic, fatalistic elements that may cripple their own thinking, in order to act to successfully reverse our nation's self-doomed course. Reading and circulating JFK's speech this July is a form of "declaration of independence" from our current popular but deadly delusions.

Dangerous Delusions

How dangerous are our delusions? Take the one now emanating from British and American media, that Russian President Vladimir Putin's government, in fact recently strengthened by his successful rapid suppression of the

Schiller Institute Conference

Credit: Public Domain, Rumble/Kennedy24

A nuclear test at the Nevada Test Site, April 18, 1953. Inset: Robert F. Kennedy, Jr. calls for Americans to join a movement for peace.

June 24 mutiny involving Yevgeny Prigozhin and his "Private Military Company Wagner" group, is "about to fall." What's the reality? Commenting on his June 21 iel Davis, was asked by an interarticle, "Ukraine's Chances Of viewer: "[Chairman of the Joint Victory in 2023 Are Vanishingly Small," analyst Col. (ret.) Dan-

Chiefs of Staff] Gen. Mark Milley Please turn to page 2

EDITORIAL

Celebrate Independence Day!

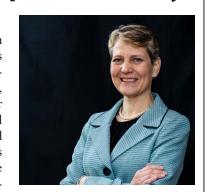
By Diane Sare

Two hundred and forty seven years ago, 56 men put their lives and fortunes on the line by signing a revolutionary document, declaring they were no longer subjects of the British Royal Monarchy. Many of them paid dearly for that act, and thousands of others gave their lives in the war which followed. The question for us to answer today by our actions is: was their sacrifice worth it? Have we ensured that the principles for which they gave their lives have continued to govern this republic known as the United States of America?

Today, as mankind lurches toward the abyss of self-annihibetween the Biden Administration and the British Royalty which it serves, July Fourth must become a moment of reflection, followed by robust action to restore our commitment to the universal principles upon which we were founded, and to reject the misery of arrogance of being the global hegemon, which really means to be the lickspittle for a small set of deluded elites, epitomized by "King" Charles parading down the aisle in stolen jewels at his coronation.

The problem for Joe Biden and his European counterparts like Emanuel Macron and Olaf Scholtz is that rejoining what "King" Charles calls "Global Britain" is the political equivalent of attempting to crawl back into the womb of a corpse rotting on the sands of some former colony. Such is the state of the

British Empire today. Were we sane, we would be celebrating the demise of the



British Empire and the growing independence of many nations, including China, Russia and those working with them to end poverty and shake off the relics of colonial or oligarchical systems. This would not be perceived as a threat to us because we will have continued the lation, led by an unholy alliance course of spectacular economic and scientific progress as Alexander Hamilton, Abraham Lincoln and other great American System advocates like Lyndon LaRouche intended.

> Somewhere along the way, particularly after the Warren Commission cover-up of the assassination of President Kennedy, our government switched sides and became the embodiment of everything from which our forebears sought to liberate us. So we destroyed ourselves from within, and now perceive those nations exercising their own independence as a threat. We have a government which seeks to restore the dictatorship of the imperial system, and crush nations like China, Russia, South Africa, Egypt, Brazil and over a hundred others who refuse to relinquish their sovereignty to a cabal of global bankers.

All Oligarchical Systems Fail The purpose of our 1776 Please turn to page 3 Revive the Spirit of JFK's Peace Speech Today by Dennis Speed

NEW YORK, June 25—The symposium "The World Needs JFK'S Vision of Peace," conducted by International Schiller Institute founder Helga Zepp-LaRouche on the 60th anniversary of President John F. Kennedy's American University "Peace Speech" on June 10 should be viewed and studied. Zepp-LaRouche's keynote address to the symposium pursues the discussion she initiated last year with her Ten Principles For a New Security and Development Architec-

Her interlocutors—the Hon. dent, Republic of Guyana; Professor Pino Arlacchi, former Executive Director, UN Office for Drug Control and Crime Prevention; Ray McGovern, co-founder, Veteran Intelligence Professionals for Sanity; Diane Sare, independent LaRouche candidate for U.S. Senate in New York; and Dr. Chandra Muzaffar, founder and President of JUST International, headquartered in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia—advanced that discussion through their presentations and responses to questions fielded from around

Contending that the world may be closer now to thermonuclear war than even at the time of JFK and the Cuban Missile Crisis, Zepp-LaRouche had issued on May 17 an "Urgent Appeal by Citizens and Institutions from All Over the World to the (Next) President of the United States!" (bit.ly/ nextuspres) which states: "We, the undersigned, therefore express our hope, that the (next) President of

the United States finds the greatness in herself or himself to adopt the viewpoint which was expressed by JFK in his historic speech."

Through the efforts of many organizations, several of which have joined in an International Peace Coalition recently proposed by Zepp-LaRouche, new and deserved attention is being paid by the world to the nearly-suppressed commencement address ("Peace Speech") which John F. Kennedy delivered at The American University on June 10, 1963 (for the full text of the speech, see page 3). Although known to academics, Donald Ramotar, former Presi- historians, and political figures indeed, many have referenced it, and a considerable amount has been written about it over the six decades since it was delivered—its content both then and to this day is largely unknown to the general public. However, much like the creative non-violent direct action



Zepp-LaRouche, Ray McGovern; middle row: Pino Arlacchi, Diane Sare, Harley Schlanger; bottom row: Hon. Donald Ramotar.

practices of the Rev. Martin Luther today been emphatically rejected King, Jr., even those who claim to by the American and European admire Kennedy's thinking about how to achieve a durable peace in this world chose to disregard it in

Kennedy's obviously correct conceptual approach to negotiations with the nations of Russia, China and the Global South has

administrations which routinely and self-righteously overthrow governments, and even annihilate whole nations in the name of the "rule of law."

The essential suppression of JFK's speech, delivered a mere Please turn to page 4

Global South Moves To Survive Collapsing Dollar Empire

Special to New Federalist

NEW YORK, June 28-We are living in the last days of the Dollar Empire of the international financial oligarchy, rooted in the City of London and its satrap in Lower Manhattan, as nations representing the majority of the world's population move to establish means of trade outside the dollar-dominated system. The next step must be the creation of a new international system that will drive an era of development and prosperity for everyone, as it replaces the hopelessly bankrupt trans-Atlantic-dominated

world order whose continued existence can only be sustained by continued murderous looting of nations and their people, including here in the United States.

Diane Sare, independent La-Rouche candidate for U.S. Senate in New York, hailed these developments, in which nations in the Global South trade in currencies other than the dollar while Russia, China, India, Brazil and South Africa—the nations of BRICS economic bloc-create mechanisms that facilitate such trade. She points out that, in the case

of Russia, this action was forced by the economic warfare waged against them in the form of sanctions, which, among other things, blocked trade by denying Russia and all who would trade with them access to the SWIFT dollar clear-

Russia's trade with China is conducted in the Chinese trading currency, the renminbi (RMB), with swap lines created by the Bank of China; its trade with other countries is conducted in rubles local national currencies.

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As of this writing, President Joe Biden has yet to nominate a replacement for retiring Deputy Secretary of State Wendy Sherman. The fear among senior diplomats who want to walk back from the edge of a thermonuclear war over Ukraine is that he will appoint the person most responsible for creating this crisis, "Queen Victoria" Nuland, the Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs. Whether Biden nominates her or not, "she should be fired and run out of town," said independent LaRouche candidate for U.S. Senate from New York Diane Sare. "It was Nuland who directed the 2014 Maidan coup which overthrew the elected moderate Yanukovich government creating the conditions for the currently escalating conflict with Russia. President Putin recently revealed to the world that Russian and Ukrainian negotiators had initialed a detailed 15-page peace treaty which would have ended the war last March. Nuland, along with then British Prime Minister Boris Johnson sabotaged that treaty, leading to another year of senseless slaughter. And it is Nuland who is the most fanatical proponent of the lie that Ukraine will win if we just send enough weapons, and probably soon troops as well. Removing her would be a great step back from the current trajectory toward nuclear war."

Sare: If He Did It, Impeach Him!

Investigate Biden Complicity in Nord Stream Destruction

WASHINGTON, D.C., June 27— It has been more than 4 months since the renowned investigative journalist Seymour Hersh published his bombshell story exposing the details of the covert operation that blew up the Nord Stream 2 pipeline in the Baltic Sea on Sept. 26, 2022.

His story provides a step-bystep account of how the operation was initiated, carried out, and covered up, which would offer any competent criminal investigators all the leads they need to follow it up, to "prove" the truth of Hersh's story. More importantly, Hersh says that the operation, initiated on behalf of President Joe Biden and his national security team, was given the go-ahead by the President,

and was even set up so that Biden could directly order the pipeline destruction, on his command.

Yet, despite all the juicy details provided by Hersh, no one in Congress has initiated or even demanded an investigation, and none of the criminal conspirators have been placed on the Congressional dock and forced to answer questions about these allegations.

Instead, administration officials have been allowed to issue routine denials, while their flack media like the Wall Street Journal, New York Times and Washington Post have printed "leaked" coverup stories that "rogue" Ukrainian units using frogmen on an expensive yacht did the deed, and that while Joe Biden once publicly threatened



President Biden has much to worry about

to destroy the pipelines, he has "no knowledge," and especially no "pre-knowledge," of what actually

Hersh has also published that this coverup was ordered by President Biden, who demanded some alternative explanation to give Please turn to page 2

Join the Campaign at SareforSenate.com

Rural Hospital Crisis Looms in New York State, Nation

ALBANY, N.Y., June 27—The nation's rural communities will be faced with a healthcare crisis, as more than 600 hospitals in rural America are facing closure due to financial distress. Of the 58 rural hospitals in New York State, 37 are already suffering significant reductions in services provided, 27 are facing closure, and 11 are at "im-

Special to New Federalist

Reform (CHQPR). The report did not identify specific hospitals, but the Sare Campaign is reaching out to its contacts to try to determine where this crisis is about to hit.

mediate risk" according to a report

issued this Spring by the Center of

Healthcare Quality and Payment

Not Paying Enough

CHQPR blames in part the failure of various insurance plans to adequately cover the costs of providing patient care, losses which have built up over the last 6-7

years, including during the Covid-19 pandemic when additional funds were made available from the Federal government. While such funding benefited some of the larger urban hospitals, smaller hospitals with less overall patient traffic were forced to charge higher amounts for the care provided, leading to greater disparity. With the federal pandemic hospital funding now being greatly diminished, rural hospitals are quickly moving to the "critical list" for closings in the months ahead.

CHQPR concludes that major changes will have to be made to increase the amounts that insurers will pay to rural hospitals. This will have to be forced by federal and state regulators as no insurers are likely to do this voluntarily. The report states that the health care providers and payers are going to have to realize that costs at rural hospitals are higher, and



Rural hospitals throughout the country are being forced to shut their doors, creating a worsening healthcare crisis and forcing patients to travel hundreds of miles for care.

adequate staffing for these rural

hospitals, when medical profes-

sionals sense they can earn more

and have more stable employment

in urban areas, CHQPR says. They

propose the creation of standby fi-

nancial capacity to help meet these

There is also a need to attract

the compensation must be higher. However, it may already be too late, barring extraordinary measures, to prevent most at-risk hospitals from closing.

> needs, mostly with federal funding and private grants. Sare: Act Now, Decisively

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Independent LaRouche can-

German Chancellor Scholz, whose

government is under pressure to

explain what happened with Nord

Stream, which is jointly owned by

Germany and Russia, and which

had carried cheap Russian natural

gas to Germany and Europe, by-

Investigate Biden

didate for U.S. Senate from New

York Diane Sare said "this outra-

geous cover up has to end now.

There must be a full Congressional

investigation of what happened,

using the Hersh story as a starting

basis, but also not ignoring the text

message sent by then-UK Prime

Minister Liz Truss to U.S. Secre-

tary of State Tony Blinken, 'It is

done!' just minutes after the deto-

enough details to warrant an in-

vestigation," the candidate stated,

"and this was 4 months ago! So

why has no one moved on it? We all

know how dirty this White House

"Seymour Hersh provided

nation occurred.

Independent LaRouche can-

passing the war-torn Ukraine.

didate for U.S. Senate from New York Diane Sare says that such extraordinary measures must be taken, and taken immediately. "The recent pandemic should teach us the validity of the Hill-Burton concept of maintaining hospital capacity beyond payment models to meet surge requirements," she said, referring to the 1946 Hill-Burton Act. "We put whole communities at risk by wiping out the ability to care for people within a reasonable distance. When such care is needed and not available, people die. We have to determine how much money is required to make the necessary adjustments for payments by private and public payers, and for outright grants from the federal government where needed."

Priorities Screwed Up

According to the CHQPR report, all 600 hospitals could be saved with a cash infusion of merely \$4 billion. "We have our priorities completely screwed up," said Sare, "when we budget hundreds of billions to fight a bloody and senseless war against Russia in Ukraine and we cannot find the means to keep the doors of hospitals open for our most vulnerable people.

"We should stop paying for killing people and invest in providing needed care for our people. I will be saying more on this in the near future as my team intends to talk to the hospital administrators, doctors and nurses to develop a program informed by the Hill Burton standard for hospital beds and access to medical care per capita."

Schumer in New Push for Pot Banking Reform

Special to New Federalist NEW YORK, June 27—The Congress' chief pusher of marijuana legalization is in a new full court press for the passage of a "pot banking bill" this session. According to what are called "pot businessmen and women" who own shops that sell marijuana and accompanying paraphernalia, New York Senator and Senate Majority leader Chuck Schumer (D) is "confident" that he will finally sneak through legislation that will

allow pot-related businesses to use

the spending bill. Reportedly, opposition came from the Biden White House, which was said to be concerned that the pro-pot efforts might derail additional arms spending for the NATO-backed Ukrainian Nazi regime in its proxy war against Russia.

Hiding It Again

This time around, Schumer has parked the bill in criminal reform legislation, and expects the SAFE rider to be marked up in the Senate Banking Committee in the near future. He told a female "pot en-



Credit: Marijuana Moment Pusher Sen. Chuck Schumer (D-NY) is pushing hard to open the commercial banking system to weed dealers.

commercial bank accounts and receive bank loans.

by Schumer and fellow Sen. Cory

trepreneur" that he was sure if it got the 10 votes it needed to get The mis-named "SAFE Bank- out of committee, that this time ing Act" was attached to the dearound, the White House would let less heroin coming to our streets fense spending bill in the last ses- it pass. Calling this a "major step sion, but despite vigorous efforts forward", the woman gushed over much to the horror of his moneythe efforts of her champion, the pot laundering Wall Street sponsors.

newsletter Marijuana Moment.

"Schumer just won't give up," said independent LaRouche candidate for U.S. Senate Diane Sare of her opponent in last November's election. "This and waging war against Russia and China are his highest priorities."

Sare pointed out the irony of Schumer's renewed pot push coming as drug overdose deaths in the United States surge to their highest level ever, of over 100,000 in one year. "It is crazy to be doing this now, but this is what Schumer's friends on Wall Street want," the candidate stated.

Wiping Out Heroin

She contrasted Schumer's drive for drug legislation in the U.S. to the hugely successful efforts to wipe out poppy cultivation by the Taliban government in Afghanistan, where farmers now are growing food crops. She pointed out that the Taliban has been denounced for this effort to wipe out the heroin drug trade by mouthpieces for the City of London/Wall Street banking cabal as committing dangerous acts of "religious dictatorship." Schumer could not be reached for comment on the poppy crop eradication, which may also result in and neighborhoods in New York,

squelched real investigations into
It was a beautiful cover story," the their own criminality, including into the Biden crime family.

Investigate Biden Complicity in Nord Stream Destruction

"Republican Congressmembers have been posturing with impeachment charges for the migrant crisis, or bribery, when they have a serious case of infrastructure terrorism that could bring down the whole Biden team. Are they perhaps beholden to oil and gas interests that are benefitting from the sabotage? Who will move on the actual case which could avert nuclear war?"

Biden Admin Gloats Appearing in televised hearings of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee in late January, Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs Victoria Nuland and others gloated over the destruction of the newest Nord Stream pipeline. Nuland told Sen. Ted Cruz (R-Tex), "Like you, I am, and I think the Administration is, very gratified to know that Nord Stream Two is now, as you like to say, a hunk of metal at the bottom of the sea."

Hersh quoted his source, speakand the war hawks are. They have ing of Biden: "Well, I gotta admit protect him. These are far more seweaponized our justice system for the guy has a pair of balls. He said rious crimes than anything Richard

source continued. "Behind it was a covert operation that placed experts in the field and equipment that operated on a covert signal.

"The only flaw was the decision to do it."

"Let's be clear: The destruction of Nord Stream is an act of war, committed against Russia and our NATO ally, Germany," said Sare. "Seymour Hersh says this was done by the United States, with the complicity of Finland, on the orders of President Joe Biden. Given the Truss text message, I suspect a prominent British role as well. If this is true, then this constitutes an impeachable offense the commission of an unprovoked act of war without a declaration of war by Congress. So, anyone who blocks or refuses to investigate the Hersh charges is trying to prevent the impeachment of Joe Biden. In addition, if the Hersh charges are true, Biden has repeatedly lied about Nord Stream and caused others in his government to lie to

Booker, the act was stripped from pusher Schumer, as quoted in the political purposes, and they have he was going to do it, and he did... Nixon was accused of." The United States Must Choose Peace Over Tragedy

has recently provided a more sober analysis of the chances of Ukraine winning this war. What has led to this diminished optimism?"

"What's happened on the battlefield—the actual results of the fighting," replied Col. Davis. "But it's a little concerning to me, because I've been on your show many times this year. We've been talking about this very issue, about the capacity of the Russian defenses, and the capacity of the Ukrainian Armed Forces to actually attack into it, and for very fundamental and practical reasons, this outcome should've been entirely predictable. So, it should not have caught anyone by surprise, but it appears that it has."

Danger of Nuclear War

The issue of the danger of thermonuclear weapons use is also "catching people by surprise," though it, too, has been widely discussed, in both Russia and the trans-Atlantic think tanks and me-

Michael Rubin, senior fellow at the American Enterprise Institute, titled a June 9 article: "Can Biden Deter a Russia Nuclear Attack on Ukraine? Yes, If He Gives Ukraine Tactical Nukes.'

Russia Today published the views of Professor Sergey Karaganov, honorary chairman of Russia's Council on Foreign and Defense Policy, who caused a wide-ranging controversy with the contention that "By using its nuclear weapons, Russia could save humanity from a global catastrophe." He was immediately countered by member of the Russian Council on Foreign and Defense Policy Ilya Fabrichinikov, in his article "Why I disagree with the call for Russia to use its nuclear weapons against

the West," "At this point, none of the scenarios under which the Russian President could order the use of nuclear weapons are even in the early stages of becoming possible. Western commentators actively and imperatively speculated about when, not if, Russia would finally use its tactical nuclear capability against Kiev. In doing so, they were actively urging Moscow to break the taboo of proactive nuclear use.... One should not think about turning Poland into a nuclear wasteland (i.e. akin to beheading an irrational child for occasionally breaking your front window), but rather about creating a world order in which the very idea of using military force and politicomilitary pressure to impose a socalled 'rules-based order' becomes impossible and universally condemned."

Kennedy's Peace Offensive

But how? Rational people viewing the present impasse in the conflict, which involves a future conflict with China as much as a present war with Russia—not a "Ukraine versus Russia war" should take inspiration from the actions of the JFK Presidency. Kennedy caught the entire military-industrial complex by surprise when, in 1963, he proposed that the mutual interests of the American and the Russian/Soviet people outweighed their differences. Inspired in part by the April 1963 encyclical released by Pope John XXIII, Pacem in Terris (Peace On Earth,) in the weeks after the Pope's death on June 3, 1963, Kennedy and his team explored approaches to ending the thermonuclear impasse, which included the rapid negotiation and passage of the Nuclear

Test Ban Treaty. At the United Nations on Sept. field where the United States and the Soviet Union have a special capacity—in the field of space there is room for new cooperation, for further joint efforts in the regulation and exploration of space. I include among these possibilities a joint expedition to the moon. Space offers no problems of sovereignty...Why, therefore, should man's first flight to the moon be

a matter of national competition? Why should the United States and the Soviet Union, in preparing for such expeditions, become involved in immense duplications of research, construction, and expenditure?

"Surely we should explore whether the scientists and astronauts of our two countries-indeed of all the world—cannot work together in the conquest of space, sending someday in this decade to the moon not the representatives of a single nation, but the representatives of all of our countries."

Who Would Say This Now?

Ten Presidents and sixty years ago, there was a principle of statecraft that superseded tragedy, expressed in the rapidly changing outlook of President John F. Kennedy. The tragedy of Dallas, Nov. 22, 1963, took that away from not the world's future to be secured.

whole world. Today, to again imbue the American people with the necessary enthusiasm needed to transcend today's seemingly-inevitable drive to thermonuclear war, a non-partisan political Apollo Project, including other independent candidacies such as the Sare initiative, is the narrow road that must be taken for the nation and

Global South Moves To Survive The Collapsing Dollar Empire

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While there is a small risk of currency fluctuations in such transactions, the consequences of complying with sanctions and continued dollar hegemony are far worse. It's likely that, as trade outside the dollar system grows, currency controls will be put in place which would bar speculation and fix exchange rates.

"While the stupid and brutal U.S.-led sanctions regime against Russia and also China has harmed our economy and the economies of Europe and Japan and Korea, Russia and China have vastly expanded trade with each other, as well as trade with the Global South which refuses to accept diktats from the Dollar Empire," said Sare. "The volume of trade outside the dollar system is expanding as nations revolt against an economic hegemon who demands a suicidal fealty. The dollar system has been able to loot the world because nations were forced to play by its arbitrary rules and accept the dollar as the reserve currency, because there was no apparent alternative. That's not the case anymore."

The Role of the NDB

At the center of the move towards a new global financial ar-

chitecture is the BRICS New Development Bank. London and Wall Street may have hoped that it would be limited in scope and work within the dollar-reserve global system, but that is clearly not what is happening.

Speaking at a conference in Saudi Arabia on expanding trade and relations between China and Arab nations, Dilma Rousseff, the former President of Brazil and now the President of the NDB, discussed the process underway "toward reshaping the global economy and reducing dependency on a single currency." This will require "cooperation among countries, financial institutions and collaborative policies and organizations such as [China's] Belt and Road Initiative, the New Development Bank and the Islamic Development Bank, to give a few examples."

In a meeting on June 10 with Honduran President Xiomara Castro, Rousseff was even more explicit: "NDB's strategic goal is to become the leading bank for emerging markets and developing countries, and with the expansion of its membership, NDB aims to bolster its role as a platform for wider collaboration between developing countries."

The NDB is thus properly understood as the seed crystal for a new global financial architecture that must replace the Dollar Empire that came to dominate the old Bretton Woods system through the actions of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The IMF has not been used as a monetary stabilization fund as it was intended, but as a thug-enforcer of policy for the City of London/Wall Street cabal. The Aug. 22-24 summit of the BRICS nations in South Africa is shaping up to be a major inflection point in this battle to put the Dollar Empire out of business. Many nations, including Argentina and Saudi Arabia, are expected to seek membership in the BRICS and/or the NDB. There is also expected to be discussion of a new BRICS trading currency.

Meanwhile, other leaders are making increasingly bold calls to break away from dollar-denominated trade. Recognizing that countries are being robbed in a process that demands that they borrow dollars to conduct trade in exchange for their local currencies, President William Ruto of Kenya has put forward what he called a "simple" plan for all African nations to conduct trade with each

other in their local currencies, using the facility of the African Ex-Im Bank—which holds currency reserves—to facilitate this.

But such proposals are only stopgaps, on the way to something much bigger.

A Just World Order

"The momentum now exists towards the creation of a new paradigm as envisioned by the late economist and statesman, Lyndon LaRouche," said candidate Sare. "This would be centered around an International Development Bank to fund development all over the world, which would enable lending and trade in an international currency, or group of currencies, created for trade. A Monetary Stabilization Fund would deal with trade imbalances, keeping national currencies and this process stable. This is what must replace the bankrupt Dollar Empire. The American people have nothing to fear from this. It is actually in the spirit of the American System, but on an international scale. Under such a system the dollar will represent an actual, as opposed to fictitious value, and the standard of living will improve dramatically both here and abroad, which is the only way to secure peace."

— <u>EDITORIAL</u> —

Celebrate Independence Day!

Continued from page 1

revolution was to establish as a universal principle that man is worthy of self-governance. The concept that "all Men are created equal" was certainly not the dominant practice in Europe, or in any part of the world where the East India Company operated its murderous trade. According to the ancient god Zeus and his wannabe-Olympian followers in today's western governments, "might makes right." Whoever has the most money and owns the most television stations "wins." The problem they have is that we have an innate understanding that each of us is created equal to every other human being, which is why

oligarchical systems, including slavery, can only be maintained by terror and brute force, and why empires must always collapse.

We are now in that terminal collapse phase of the Zeusian system of Empire, which can no longer co-exist with sovereign nations committed to the welfare of those they govern. The world cannot survive half slave and half free. Therefore, an entirely new system of relations among nations must be established which respects the sovereignty of each nation equally, and upholds the universal principles enshrined in our founding documents, however each nation and culture chooses to implement them.

Like Zeus, the owners of the is with a world war. vast bubble of derivatives obligations in the City of London and on Wall Street (and the armies they control), are prepared to bring Armageddon upon the world if they cannot rule the eight billion human beings on this planet according to the arbitrary "rules based order" of their Malthusian

China's "Belt and Road Initiative" already involves over 120 nations, and overlaps the big five of the BRICS (Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa). As Helga Zepp-LaRouche stated several years ago, when 5 billion plus people are moving in the same direction, the only way to stop them

So, the frail and demented President Biden and his Imperial Royal controllers are threatening exactly that: a plunge into thermonuclear war.

The Elites Don't Know Reality

As we saw with Democratic Presidential nominee Hillary Clinton's 2016 election loss, which the "seventeen intelligence agencies" (plus the British GCHQ) and all the major media pundits all told us was going to be a landslide victory against the "unelectable Donald Trump," our governing class appears to be incapable of recognizing that a narrative is indeed just a narrative. It is not reality.

The danger we face today is that these Royal Imperial bureaucrats are operating on another delusional narrative, in which Russia will ultimately back down, under threat of nuclear war. They have not listened to the words of Russia's very capable leader President Vladimir Putin, who, when announcing the start of Russia's "Special Military Operation" in Ukraine, recounted the major invasions of Russia: in 1812 by Napoleon, and in 1941 by Adolf Hitler in which one out of six Russians lost their lives. Putin and the Russian people vowed that "never again" would they submit to mass genocide, and unlike the hypocritical leaders of the west, who

won't even condemn the "glorification of Nazism," they meant it. **Russia Will Not Lose**

So, fellow Americans, be advised: Russia will not lose the war in Ukraine—it will not happen. With the collapse of the Ukrainian counteroffensive, Ukraine has already lost, although the slaughter continues. If Joe Biden still insists that Russia must lose and Putin must fall, then we are all doomed.

This is why it is urgent that We, the People of these United States of America, act immediately to perfect our Union, and return to the mission for which our founders paid so dearly. July Fourth is a good time to do so.

— FEATURE —

`A Peace for All Time'

JFK's Historic June 10, 1963 Peace Speech at American University

Special to New Federalist

Below is the full text of what has become known as President John F. Kennedy's "peace speech," delivered as the commencement address at American University in Washington, D.C. on June 10,1963. (Subheads have been added.) His bold call for the rejection of a Pax Americana based on military might, and instead a peace for all people, "for all time," based on the recognition that war and violence cannot solve man's problems, and in the nuclear age, could lead to the extinction of the human race, speaks loudly to today's leaders and people, who are standing on the brink of Armageddon and don't even recognize it. By demanding that Americans step into the shoes of their Russian adversaries and see the world and the United States as they see it, he was forcing his fellow Americans to recognize the legitimate security concerns of the Soviet Union, a nation which had suffered the loss of more than 26 million people in World War II, and whose sacrifice had enabled the victory over Nazi fascism.

This self-reflexive principle is key to finding the pathway to peace in the current crisis and shows how far the current Presidential leadership has straved from this. President Biden, and if not he, then the next President, must return to the pathway which President Kennedy took, and which led to the Limited Test Ban Treaty, which was negotiated with the Soviet Union, and then ratified by the Senate on Sept. 25, 1963 after President Kennedy took his case to the American people. His continued efforts to seek peace would have led sooner to a détente with the Soviet Union and China, perhaps even an entente for the benefit of all mankind, as FDR had sought, had President Kennedy not been assassinated Nov. 22, 1963.

resident Anderson, members of the faculty, board of trustees, distinguished guests, my old colleague, Senator Bob Byrd, who has earned his degree through many years of attending night law school, while I am earning mine in the next 30 minutes, distinguished

guests, ladies and gentlemen. It is with great pride that I participate in this ceremony of the American University, sponsored by the Methodist Church, founded by Bishop John Fletcher Hurst, and first opened by President Woodrow Wilson in 1914. This is a young and growing university, but it has already fulfilled Bishop Hurst's enlightened hope for the study of history and public affairs in a city devoted to the making of history and to the conduct of the public's business. By sponsoring this institution of higher learning for all who wish to learn, whatever their color or their creed, the Methodists of this area and the Nation deserve the Nation's thanks, and I commend all those who are today graduating.

Professor Woodrow Wilson once said that every man sent out from a university should be a man of his nation as well as a man of his time, and I am confident that the men and women who carry the honor of graduating from this intheir lives, from their talents, a high measure of public service and public support.

"There are few earthly things more beautiful than a university," wrote John Masefield in his tribute to English universities—and his words are equally true today. He did not refer to towers, or the campuses. He admired the splendid beauty of a university, because it was, he said, "a place where those who hate ignorance may strive to know, where those who perceive truth may strive to make others

I have, therefore, chosen this time and this place to discuss a topic on which ignorance too often abounds and the truth too rarely perceived—and that is the most important topic on earth: Peace.

A Peace for All Time

What kind of a peace do I mean? What kind of a peace do we seek? Not a Pax Americana enforced on



JFK takes the "road less travelled" to carve a pathway for peace.

the world by American weapons of war. Not the peace of the grave or the security of the slave. I am talking about genuine peace, the kind of peace that makes life on earth worth living, the kind that enables men and nations to grow and to hope and build a better life for their children—not merely peace for Americans but peace for all men and women—not merely peace in our time but peace for all time.

I speak of peace because of the new face of war. Total war makes no sense in an age where great powers can maintain large and relatively invulnerable nuclear forces and refuse to surrender without resort to those forces. It makes no sense in an age when a single nuclear weapon contains almost ten times the explosive force delivered by all the allied air forces in the Second World War. It makes no sense in an age when the deadly poisons produced by a nuclear exchange would be carried by wind and water and soil and seed to the far corners of the globe and to gen-

erations yet unborn. Today the expenditure of billions of dollars every year on weapons acquired for the purpose of making sure we never need them is essential to the keeping of peace. But surely the acquisition of such idle stockpiles—which can only destroy and never create—is not the only, much less the most efficient, means of assuring peace.

I speak of peace, therefore, as the necessary rational end of rational men. I realize that the pursuit of peace is not as dramatic as the words of the pursuer fall on deaf ears. But we have no more urgent

Not A Utopian Vision

Some say that it is useless to speak of peace or world law or world disarmament—and that it will be useless until the leaders of the Soviet Union adopt a more enlightened attitude. I hope they do. I believe we can help them do it. But I also believe that we must reexamine our own attitude—as individuals and as a Nation—for our attitude is as essential as theirs. And every graduate of this school, every thoughtful citizen who despairs of war and wishes to bring peace, should begin by looking inward—by examining his own attitude toward the possibilities of peace, toward the Soviet Union, toward the course of the Cold War and toward freedom and peace here at home.

First, examine our attitude toward peace itself. Too many of us think it is impossible. Too many think it is unreal. But that is a dangerous, defeatist belief. It leads to the conclusion that war is inevitable, that mankind is doomed, that we are gripped by forces we cannot control. We need not accept that view. Our problems are manmade. Therefore, they can be solved by man. And man can be as big as he wants. No problem of human destiny is beyond human beings. Man's reason and spirit have often solved the seemingly unsolvable and we believe they can do it again.

I am not referring to the absolute, infinite concept of peace and goodwill of which some fantasies and fanatics dream. I do not deny the value of hopes and dreams but we merely invite discouragement and incredulity by making that our

only and immediate goal. Let us focus instead on a more practical, more attainable peace, based not on a sudden revolution in human nature but on a gradual evolution in human institutions, on a series of concrete actions and effective agreements which are in the interest of all concerned. There is no single, simple key to this peace, no grand or magic formula to be adopted by one or two powers. Genuine peace must be the product of many nations, the sum of many acts. It must be dynamic, not static, changing to meet the challenge of each new generation. For peace is a process, a way of solving prob-

With such a peace, there will still be quarrels and conflicting interests, as there are within families and nations. World peace, like community peace, does not require that each man love his neighbor, it requires only that they live together in mutual tolerance, submitting their disputes to a just and peaceful settlement. And history teaches us that enmities between nations, as between individuals, do not last forever. However fixed our likes and dislikes may seem, the tide of time and events will often bring surprising changes in the relations between nations and neighbors.

No People Lack Virtue

So let us persevere. Peace need not be impracticable, and war need not be inevitable. By defining our goal more clearly, by making it seem more manageable and less

stitution will continue to give from pursuit of war—and frequently the remote, we can help all people to see it, to draw hope from it, and to move irresistibly toward it.

And second, let us reexamine our attitude toward the Soviet Union. It is discouraging to think that their leaders may actually believe what their propagandists write. It is discouraging to read a recent authoritative Soviet text on Military Strategy and find, on page after page, wholly baseless and incredible claims, such as the allegation that "American imperialist circles are preparing to unleash different types of wars, that there is a very real threat of a preventive war being unleashed by American imperialists against the Soviet Union, and that the political aims of the American imperialists are to enslave economically and politically the European and other capitalist countries and to achieve world domination by means of aggressive wars."

Truly, as it was written long ago: "The wicked flee when no man pursueth." Yet it is sad to read these Soviet statements to realize the extent of the gulf between us. But it is also a warning—a warning to the American people not to fall into the same trap as the Soviets, not to see only a distorted and desperate view of the other side, not to see conflict as inevitable, accommodation as impossible, and communication as nothing more than an exchange of threats.

No government or social system is so evil that its people must be considered as lacking in virtue. As Americans, we find communism profoundly repugnant as a negation of personal freedom and dignity. But we can still hail the Russian people for their many achievements in science and space, in economic and industrial growth, in culture and in acts of courage.

Among the many traits the peoples of our two countries have in common, none is stronger than our mutual abhorrence of war. Almost unique among the major world powers, we have never been at war with each other. And no nation in the history of battle ever suffered more than the Soviet Union in the Second World War. At least 20 million lost their lives. Countless millions of homes and families were burned or sacked. A third of the nation's territory, including nearly two-thirds of its industrial base, was turned into a wasteland, a loss equivalent to the destruction of this country east of Chicago.

We All Inhabit Earth

Today, should total war ever break out again, no matter how, our two countries will be the primary targets. It is an ironic but accurate fact that the two strongest powers are the two in the most danger of devastation. All we have built, all we have worked for, would be destroyed in the first 24 hours. And even in the cold war, which brings burdens and dangers to so many countries, including this Nation's closest allies, our two countries bear the heaviest burdens. For we are both devoting massive sums of money to weapons that could be better devoted to combat ignorance, poverty, and disease. We are both caught up in a vicious and dangerous cycle with suspicion on one side breeding suspicion on the other, and new weapons begetting counterweapons.

In short, both the United States to make it a more effective instruand its allies, and the Soviet Union and its allies, have a mutually deep interest in a just and genuine peace and in halting the arms race. Agreements to this end are in the interests of the Soviet Union as well as ours, and even the most hostile nations can be relied upon to accept

ment for peace, to develop it into a genuine world security system—a system capable of resolving disputes on the basis of law, of insuring the security of the large and the small, and of creating conditions under which arms can finally be abolished.



This nuclear bomb test was shown live on television on Feb. 1, 1951.

and keep those treaty obligations, and only those treaty obligations, which are in their own interest.

So, let us not be blind to our differences, but let us also direct attention to our common interests and the means by which those differences can be resolved. And if we cannot end now our differences, at least we can help make the world safe for diversity. For, in the final analysis, our most basic common link is that we all inhabit this small planet. We all breathe the same air. We all cherish our children's future. And we are all mortal.

Third, let us reexamine our attitude toward the cold war, remembering that we are not engaged in a debate, seeking to pile up debating points. We are not here distributing blame or pointing the finger of judgment. We must deal with the world as it is, and not as it might have been had the history of the last 18 years been different.

We must, therefore, persevere in the search for peace in the hope that constructive changes within the Communist bloc might bring within reach solutions which now seem beyond us. We must conduct our affairs in such a way that it becomes in the Communists' interest to agree on a genuine peace. Above all, while defending our own vital interests, nuclear powers must avert those confrontations which bring an adversary to a choice of either a humiliating retreat or a nuclear war. To adopt that kind of course in the nuclear age would be evidence only of the bankruptcy of our policy, or of a collective deathwish for the world.

To secure these ends, America's weapons are non-provocative, carefully controlled, designed to deter, and capable of selective use. Our military forces are committed to peace and disciplined in self-restraint. Our diplomats are instructed to avoid unnecessary irritants and purely rhetorical hostility.

For we can seek a relaxation of tension without relaxing our guard. And, for our part, we do not need to use threats to prove we are resolute. We do not need to jam foreign broadcasts out of fear our faith will be eroded. We are unwilling to impose our system on any unwilling people, but we are willing and able to engage in peaceful competition with any people on earth.

Meanwhile, we seek to strengthen the United Nations, to help solve its financial problems,

At the same time we seek to keep peace inside the non-Communist world, where many nations, all of them our friends, are divided over issues which weaken Western unity, which invite Communist intervention or which threaten to erupt into war. Our efforts in West New Guinea, in the Congo, in the Middle East, and in the Indian subcontinent, have been persistent and patient despite criticism from both sides. We have also tried to set an example for others by seeking to adjust small but significant differences with our own closest neighbors in Mexico and Canada.

We Stand By Our Committment Speaking of other nations, I wish to make one point clear. We are bound to many nations by alliances. These alliances exist because our concern and theirs substantially overlap. Our commitment to defend Western Europe and West Berlin, for example, stands undiminished because of the identity of our vital interests. The United States will make no deal with the Soviet Union at the expense of other nations and other peoples, not merely because they are our partners, but also because

their interests and ours converge

Our interests converge, however, not only in defending the frontiers of freedom, but in pursuing the paths of peace. It is our hope, and the purpose of allied policies, to convince the Soviet Union that she, too, should let each nation choose its own future, so long as that choice does not interfere with the choices of others. The Communist drive to impose their political and economic system on others is the primary cause of world tension today. For there can be no doubt that, if all nations could refrain from interfering in the selfdetermination of others, the peace would be much more assured.

This will require a new effort to achieve world law, a new context for world discussions. It will require increased understanding between the Soviets and ourselves. And increased understanding will require increased contact and communication. One step in this direction is the proposed arrangement for a direct line between Moscow and Washington, to avoid on each side the dangerous delays, misunderstandings, and misreadings of the other's actions which might occur at a time of crisis.

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It's Not About Trump: Can We Keep Our Republic?

by Diane Sare

NEW YORK, June 26—On Nov. 22, 1963 a beloved young President of the United States, John F. Kennedy was assassinated. Many of you reading this can remember exactly where you were when you received the news of that horrible event, which changed the course of history for the worse for the next sixty plus years.

The damage was compounded by the Warren Commission Report, which was an obvious coverup, sending a signal to a terrified nation that the perpetrators of the assassination were now in charge. And so they were. Malcolm X was assassinated at a meeting in Harlem in 1965, Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr, was gunned down in Memphis Tennessee while supporting a sanitation workers strike in April 1968, and the slain President's brother Robert F. Kennedy was murdered two months later, after having just won the California and South Damaries, making him the likely next President of the United States.

The Vietnam War raged on for several more years and then FBI director J. Edgar Hoover targeted any political leader or activist who dared to buck the program.

Mind blowing experiments designed by "former" Nazis now working for the CIA and the British Tavistock Institute—were done on college students using psychedelic drugs to break down their identity, and the so-called "rockdrug-sex counterculture" became the culture.

During this period, a brilliant American and WWII veteran, Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. began recruiting bright young people on college campuses up and down the East Coast, challenging the fascist cultural and economic policies that were destroying the United States. By 1972, the FBI had written a memo about using the Communist

kota Democratic Presidential pri- Party USA, which it controlled and manipulated from within "to eliminate LaRouche," and regular physical assaults began occurring against organizers distributing LaRouche-associated publications outside factory gates in cities from New York to Chicago, forcing LaRouche activists to take action against the FBI's CPUSA thugs.

Why They Hate LaRouche

In 1976, LaRouche launched his first bid for the U.S. Presidency as a US Labor Party candidate with a poster featuring Jimmy Carter's face inside a nuclear mushroom cloud, which image also appeared on the first of multiple nationwide TV broadcasts. By 1980, Democratic Presidential Primary candidate Lyndon LaRouche was endorsed by officials in the Teamsters and other unions, as well as other major organizations and local and state government representatives. He was advocating for eliminating the threat of thermonuclear

Trump: They are not after me—they are after YOU. I'm just standing in

war through development of a defensive laser system that could disable nuclear warheads and told Republican presidential candidate Ronald Reagan about his idea at a campaign debate in New Hamp-

Now-President Reagan was nearly assassinated in the first months of his presidency, but he went ahead to implement the "Strategic Defense Initiative" proposed by Mr. LaRouche, announcing his offer to the world and the

were used to concoct a criminal case against LaRouche and several of his associates, which resulted in his serving five years in federal prison, and several of his associates serving lengthy sentences as

Soviet Union in a nationwide TV

Marshals, and county law enforce-

ment swarmed LaRouche's home

in Loudoun County, Virginia, with

the intent to assassinate him and

by President Reagan, they failed,

but documents seized in the raid

Thanks to a timely intervention

In 1986, 400 FBI agents, US

address on March 23, 1983.

eliminate his organization.

well, not to mention the "involuntary bankruptcy" used to shut down nearly all of LaRouche's publications. To this day, ill-informed and

cowardly people squirm when the name "Lyndon LaRouche" is men-

Trump Becomes a Target

What do all of the above-mentioned leaders—the Kennedys, MLK Jr., Malcolm X, Ronald Reagan, LaRouche-share in common? They each had a vision for a better humanity, where human beings learned how to live in peace. As the recently removed Fox News host Tucker Carlson pointed out, Donald Trump became a target from the moment he forcefully asserted that the Iraq War was based on lies and should never have been

I suspect he was a target from earlier, because his views on the necessity for "good relations" with Russia, and even China, must have sounded alarm bells amongst all the war-mongers in the famous "17 intelligence agencies."

In the 2024 Presidential Election, there are two candidates who have blasted the policy of "forever wars" waged by globalist corporate elites: Donald Trump and Robert F. Kennedy Jr. RFK Jr. is the nephew of an assassinated president and the son of an assassinated future president. He has publicly stated that he believes the CIA played a role in those murders. In a recent speech in New Hampshire Kennedy called on the Biden Administration to repudiate the policies of war and regime change and return the pathway to peace laid out by JFK in his June 10,1963 Peace Speech at American University (see article, page 1)

Let the Truth Be Heard

Whether you or I agree with these two individuals on any of their other policies, our nation urgently needs voices for peace, and we must not allow these voices to be silenced through kangaroo courts, media smears, or worse.

My campaign for U.S. Senate in New York is dedicated to upholding the principles of the U.S Constitution, particularly the "General Welfare" clause, as so often cited by my mentor Lyndon LaRouche.

I would ask you to join me in two urgent matters:

1. Clearing LaRouche's name, so that his brilliant policy initiatives can be freely debated and implemented for the good of our nation and the world.

2. Acting to make sure that Joe Biden, or anyone who shares his policy agenda, on either side of the aisle, is not allowed to win, or steal, the 2024 presidential elec-

Schiller Meet: Revive the Spirit of JFK's Peace Speech

Continued from page 1

eight months after the October 1962 Cuban Missile Crisis placed the world on the brink of thermonuclear war-something almost unknown today—permits American and European populations to be blithely clueless while their governments recklessly toy with incinerating the world, while academic institutions and "responsible media outlets" incessantly prattle about "saving the planet from global warming."

An Antidote to Pessimism

The tragic, self-destructive societies of the Anglosphere, in which pessimism has become a form of universally negotiable moral currency, breed uninformed electorates that hopelessly complain about their governments, but prefer not to confront or change them—out of fear, financial vulnerability, pragmatic compromise, or perhaps in some cases because they agree with the imperial and racialist ambitions of their oligarchical masters.

John Kennedy, with all his faults, chose to be better, and bigger, than our present-day America. In April of 1963, he told Norman Cousins, who had just returned from Moscow, where he met with Nikita Kruschchev on JFK's behalf, "One of the ironic things about his entire situation, is that Mr. Khrushchev and I occupy approximately the same political positions inside our governments. He would like to prevent a nuclear war, but is under severe pressure from his hard-line crowd.... I've got similar problems.... The hardliners in the Soviet Union and the United States feed on one another, each using the actions of the other to justify his own position."

Recognizing that he was being pressed into launching total war—the "unspeakable", as author James Douglass calls it in his 2008 book "JFK and the Unspeakable— Why He Died and Why It Matters," Kennedy created an alternative. He knew he had to find an area of "coincidence of opposites" between the Soviet Union and its allies on the one side, and the United States and its allies on the other. Norman Cousins, JFK's longtime

speechwriter Ted Sorensen, and others collaborated with the President in crafting what would have to be—and was—one of the most important speeches in the nation's

Pacem In Terris

Already that same April, Pope John XXIII had released his encyclical, Pacem In Terris (Peace on Earth). Breaking from the tradition of addressing encyclicals to the Catholic faithful alone, the Pontiff had included in his salutation the phrase "to all men of good will."

Diagnosed with cancer in September 1962, John XXIII's personal intervention in October into the Cuban Missile Crisis, including his Vatican Radio broadcast of October 25, had a deeper resonance. He is said to have deeply affected both Khrushchev and Kennedy. It should also be noted that Kennedy's American University address was given one week after the Pope's death on June 3rd.

In sections 53 and 54 of Pacem In Terris, we find the Pope developing the idea of the "Common Good" in a manner wholly resonant with the concept of the "General Welfare" enshrined in the between individuals or States on Preamble to the 1787 United States Constitution, but stated from the standpoint of Catholic theology. The concepts are congruent because the "General Welfare" is a principle of human social organization, not a mere feature of constitutional law.

Attainment of the Common Good is the Purpose of the Public

53. Men, both as individuals and as intermediate groups, are required to make their own specific contributions to the general welfare. The main consequence of this is that they must harmonize their own interests with the needs of others, and offer their goods and services as their rulers shall direct assuming, of course, that justice is maintained, and the authorities are acting within the limits of their competence. Those who have authority in the State must exercise that authority in a way which is not only morally irreproachable, but also best calculated to ensure or promote the State's welfare.

*54. The attainment of the com*mon good is the sole reason for the existence of civil authorities. In working for the common good, therefore, the authorities must obviously respect its nature, and at the same time adjust their legislation to meet the requirements of the given situation.

Earlier in Pacem in Terris, the Pope had written:

Order in Human Beings

6. ... Many people think that the laws which govern man's relations with the State are the same as those which regulate the blind, elemental forces of the universe. But it is not so; the laws which govern men are quite different. The Father of the universe has inscribed them in man's nature, and that is where we must look for them; there and nowhere else.

7. These laws clearly indicate how a man must behave toward his fellows in society, and how the mutual relationships between the members of a State and its officials are to be conducted. They show too what principles must govern the relations between States; and finally, what should be the relations community of nations on the other. Men's common interests make it imperative that at long last a world-wide community of nations be established.

John XXIII's ideas were a part of a much longer tradition of such Christian thought and diplomacy. Prior to founding the Schiller Institute in 1984, Helga Zepp-La-Rouche had conducted a groundbreaking re-assessment of the work of Nicholas of Cusa, the 15th Century Catholic Cardinal, freeing his ideas from the academic suffocation afforded it by other scholars.

Cusa developed powerful ideas: the notion of "Coincidence of Opposites", particularly as reflected in his De Docta Ignorantia (Of Learned Ignorance); and his early conceptualization of the General Welfare and the just relationship between the individual and the state in his Concordantia Catholica (Universal Concordance). These concepts enabled him to successfully organize the Council of Florence (1438–1445) in an attempt to reconcile the Eastern and Western Churches. The efforts toward peace being conducted by today's Vatican, President Lula Da Silva of Brazil, China (whose work has already achieved success in Southwest Asia), and the recent initiative of several African states, would all be well informed by both Pacem In Terris and the works of

The Schiller Institute's Symposium is a call to action, and a demand that mankind not be tragic in the face of what appear to be insoluble conflicts. In the introduction to the conference, this author, as moderator, pointed out that on September 20, 1963, only three months after the American University speech, President Kennedy appeared before the United Nations General Assembly and, after enumerating specific steps that could be taken in peaceful cooperation, made a proposal to the Soviet Union that to this day is virtually unknown to Americans, asking for a joint US-Soviet mission to the

Could that proposal be made by a United States President today? the one hand, and the world-wide And if not, does this demonstrate how much smaller our nation, its leadership, and its people, have shrunk? Only through a complete reversal of the Anglo-American "unipolar" geopolitics imposed by the likes of Henry Kissinger and the neo-cons, can the United States and the world hope to survive.

RFK, Jr. Echoes His Uncle

Speaking on June 20 in New Hampshire, Democratic Presidential pre-candidate Robert F. Kennedy, Jr. made just such a call for America to return to the pathway for peace laid out by his slain uncle in the June 10, 1963 speech.

"With the speech, he did something extraordinary—something that had never been done before. To me, it's his most important speech. It's one of the most important speeches in American history. And the thing that he did that was so unusual in that speech is he talked to the American people and asked them to put themselves in the shoes of the Russians. Everybody else was doing the opposite

at that time; they were demonizing and vilifying the Russians...

"I'm speaking to you today because the world is once again at a very similar crossroads. As in my uncle's time, nuclear tensions are at an extreme and dangerous level. As in his time, we have a unique opportunity not only to defuse those tensions but to take a radically different path—a path towards peace..."

He urged our leaders to show the courage to wage peace, as his slain uncle did, and bring to the world the kind of peace and fruitful cooperation for the benefit of all mankind that JFK envisioned.

As with JFK's speech at the time, the war-frothing media spiked RFK, Jr.'s remarks, focusing instead on minute-by-minute coverage of the self-created tragedy of the billionaires and their imploded submersible near the wreck of the Titanic.

Man Can Solve Problems

In the United States in particular, but throughout the trans-Atlantic world as a whole, the immediate dissemination and study of JFK's American University Speech would be therapeutic—comparable to the effect of Thomas Paine's stirring pamphlet, Common Sense, which was circulated in the American colonies in the months prior to their declaring independence from England and their fighting a Revolutionary War to win that independence. Nothing less than a revolutionary change in mind-set, consciously reversing course, is required. [We need not be tragic]. As Kennedy observed at The American University:

"Our problems are man-made therefore, they can be solved by man. And man can be as big as he wants. No problem of human destiny is beyond human beings. Man's reason and spirit have often solved the seemingly unsolvable—and we believe they can do it again."

Watch the video of the sympo-



Speech at American University

JFK's Historic June 10, 1963 Peace We have also been talking in Geneva about our first-step measures of arms control designed to limit the intensity of the arms race and reduce the risks of accidental war. Our primary long range interest in Geneva, however, is general and complete disarmament, designed to take place by stages, permitting parallel political developments to build the new institutions of peace which would take the place of arms. The pursuit of disarmament has been an effort of this Government since the 1920's. It has been urgently sought by the past three administrations. And however dim the prospects are today, we intend to continue this effort, to continue it in order that all countries, including our own, can better grasp what the problems and possibilities of disarmament are.

The Test Ban Treaty

The one major area of these

negotiations where the end is in have agreed that high-level discussight, yet where a fresh start is badly needed, is in a treaty to outlaw nuclear tests. The conclusion of such a treaty, so near and yet so far, would check the spiraling arms race in one of its most dangerous areas. It would place the nuclear powers in a position to deal more effectively with one of the greatest hazards which man faces in 1963, the further spread of nuclear arms. It would increase our security, it would decrease the prospects of war. Surely this goal is sufficiently important to require our steady pursuit, yielding neither to the temptation to give up the whole effort nor the temptation to give up our insistence on vital and responsible safeguards.

I am taking this opportunity, therefore, to announce two important decisions in this regard.

First: Chairman Khrushchev, Prime Minister Macmillan, and I sions will shortly begin in Moscow looking toward early agreement on a Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. Our hopes must be tempered with the caution of history but with our hopes go the hopes of all mankind.

Second: To make clear our good faith and solemn convictions on this matter, I now declare that the United States does not propose to conduct nuclear tests in the atmosphere so long as other states do not do so. We will not be the first to resume. Such a declaration is no substitute for a formal binding treaty, but I hope it will help us achieve one. Nor would such a treaty be a substitute for disarmament, but I hope it will help us achieve it.

Change In Attitude Finally, my fellow Americans,

let us examine our attitude toward peace and freedom here at home. The quality and spirit of our own society must justify and support our efforts abroad. We must show it in the dedication of our own lives, as many of you who are graduating today will have a unique opportunity to do, by serving without pay in the Peace Corps abroad or in the proposed National Service Corps

Peace, Freedom Walk Together

But wherever we are, we must all, in our daily lives, live up to the age-old faith that peace and freedom walk together. In too many of our cities today, the peace is not secure because freedom is incom-

It is the responsibility of the executive branch at all levels of government—local, State, and National—to provide and protect that freedom for all of our citizens by all means within our authority. It is the responsibility of the legislative branch at all levels, wherever the authority is not now adequate,

to make it adequate. And it is the risks of deception and evasion. responsibility of all citizens in all sections of this country to respect the rights of others and respect the law of the land.

All this is not unrelated to world peace. "When a man's ways please the Lord," the Scriptures tell us, "he maketh even his enemies to be at peace with him." And is not peace, in the last analysis, basically a matter of human rights, the right to live out our lives without fear of devastation, the right to breathe air as nature provided it, the right of future generations to a healthy existence?

While we proceed to safeguard our national interests, let us also safeguard human interests. And the elimination of war and arms is clearly in the interest of both. No treaty, however much it may be to the advantage of all, however tightly it may be worded, can provide absolute security against the

But it can—if it is sufficiently effective in its enforcement and if it is sufficiently in the interests of its signers, offer far more security and far fewer risks than an unabated, uncontrolled, unpredictable arms

The United States, as the world knows, will never start a war. We do not want a war. We do not now expect a war. This generation of Americans has already had enough, more than enough, of war and hate and oppression. We shall be prepared if others wish it. We shall be alert to try to stop it. But we shall also do our part to build a world of peace where the weak are safe and the strong are just. We are not helpless before that task or hopeless of its success. Confident and unafraid, we labor on, not toward a strategy of annihilation but toward a strategy of peace.