

Public First Poll for the FDA (Nationally Representative)

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022
Interview method: Online Survey
Population represented: UK Adults
Sample size: 2009

Methodology:

All results are weighted using Iterative Proportional Fitting, or 'Raking'. The results are weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

Public First is a member of the BPC and abides by its rules. For more information please contact Seb Wride (seb@publicfirst.co.uk)

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44 Some say that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this? 134

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46 "Working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing" Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home? 140

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49 Which of the following comes closest to your view? 149

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61 If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Older people at the end of their careers 185

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67 You said you would support plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this?Select any which apply 203

68 You said you would oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this?Select any which apply 206

69 One of the ways in which the Government is reducing the number of civil servants is by pausing the “fast stream”, which is the graduate scheme for people early in their careers, or just leaving education, to join the senior civil service. It is one of the most widely applied for grad-schemes in the country, receiving over 50,000 applicants each year.Do you support or oppose this move to stop the “fast stream”? 209

70 Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should be able to go on strike if they choose to do so 212

71 Do you agree or disagree with the following: The Government should be able to force civil servants to work from the office 215

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78 Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will force civil servants to return to the offices, at risk of losing their jobs or having their pay reduced, so that we no longer waste the taxpayers money on empty offices in London” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way? 236

79 Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will allow civil servants to work from home rather than forcing them to come into offices in central London, allowing us to sell off expensive office space which is costing the taxpayer” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way? 239

(1.A) Which do you think are the most important issues facing the country at this time? Please tick up to three

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Number of people on welfare	7%	7%	7%	5%	6%	10%	7%	3%	6%	6%	6%	10%	5%	12%	10%	6%	9%	10%	4%
Access to good pensions	5%	7%	5%	4%	3%	8%	5%	5%	6%	5%	6%	4%	6%	2%	6%	4%	6%	8%	9%
Quality / cost of public transport	5%	9%	9%	5%	3%	3%	2%	8%	5%	6%	4%	7%	3%	7%	7%	3%	4%	6%	0%
State of the economy	48%	34%	41%	47%	54%	54%	56%	45%	46%	59%	45%	48%	49%	49%	55%	41%	49%	49%	61%
Quality of the NHS	42%	39%	32%	38%	41%	44%	52%	34%	41%	40%	42%	45%	43%	43%	36%	46%	44%	40%	57%
Threat of terrorism	4%	4%	4%	7%	4%	4%	3%	8%	6%	2%	5%	4%	5%	3%	2%	4%	3%	5%	2%
State of Britain's Armed Forces	4%	4%	4%	2%	3%	5%	6%	5%	5%	3%	6%	3%	3%	2%	6%	5%	3%	5%	7%
Quality of and access to schools / universities	3%	6%	4%	4%	1%	0%	1%	5%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	3%	0%	4%	3%
Threat of climate change	21%	22%	22%	19%	19%	25%	21%	25%	19%	24%	25%	23%	22%	20%	21%	19%	16%	20%	18%
Levels of immigration	18%	10%	8%	15%	18%	22%	28%	16%	21%	15%	22%	18%	16%	17%	19%	19%	13%	15%	16%
Britain leaving the EU	17%	16%	17%	17%	15%	15%	19%	17%	15%	15%	14%	18%	15%	19%	15%	14%	22%	20%	18%
Level of taxation	17%	22%	22%	21%	17%	12%	9%	17%	18%	13%	18%	18%	16%	19%	8%	17%	21%	16%	10%
Availability of housing	13%	22%	21%	12%	11%	7%	6%	15%	15%	12%	12%	10%	14%	10%	11%	12%	14%	14%	8%
Levels of crime	10%	11%	10%	11%	12%	10%	7%	16%	11%	8%	6%	6%	12%	8%	7%	15%	4%	6%	7%
None of the above	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Don't know	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(1.B) Which do you think are the most important issues facing the country at this time? Please tick up to three

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Number of people on welfare	7%	7%	7%	7%	6%	7%	7%	8%	5%	8%	8%	8%	8%	6%	8%	10%	5%	7%	6%
Access to good pensions	5%	5%	6%	7%	5%	5%	4%	3%	6%	6%	6%	22%	5%	5%	5%	7%	4%	4%	5%
Quality / cost of public transport	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	4%	5%	2%	10%	4%	6%	17%	4%	5%	5%	3%	5%	8%	5%
State of the economy	48%	46%	50%	51%	47%	48%	47%	50%	46%	50%	45%	39%	48%	51%	46%	52%	44%	48%	53%
Quality of the NHS	42%	37%	46%	40%	44%	42%	41%	45%	36%	41%	39%	33%	43%	43%	33%	40%	47%	35%	36%
Threat of terrorism	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%	5%	4%	5%	2%	5%	7%	6%	5%	4%	3%	5%	5%	5%	3%
State of Britain's Armed Forces	4%	6%	3%	5%	4%	4%	3%	6%	3%	4%	3%	10%	6%	3%	3%	6%	4%	5%	2%
Quality of and access to schools / universities	3%	3%	2%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	4%	3%	6%	8%	2%	3%	2%	1%	4%	7%	1%
Threat of climate change	21%	23%	20%	23%	22%	16%	24%	17%	21%	24%	29%	40%	16%	26%	21%	17%	22%	37%	20%
Levels of immigration	18%	20%	15%	16%	17%	22%	16%	26%	15%	13%	11%	0%	31%	8%	11%	28%	8%	12%	12%
Britain leaving the EU	17%	18%	15%	19%	17%	15%	15%	11%	16%	21%	19%	26%	8%	26%	15%	11%	22%	20%	16%
Level of taxation	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	18%	16%	13%	18%	18%	16%	11%	19%	14%	17%	18%	17%	12%	18%
Availability of housing	13%	13%	12%	12%	12%	13%	14%	13%	15%	12%	14%	10%	11%	11%	18%	9%	16%	10%	14%
Levels of crime	10%	10%	9%	9%	9%	11%	11%	11%	11%	8%	8%	11%	11%	7%	12%	12%	8%	11%	10%
None of the above	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%
Don't know	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(1.C) Which do you think are the most important issues facing the country at this time? Please tick up to three

	Total	2019 vote				Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency				
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Number of people on welfare	7%	9%	4%	10%	7%	10%	4%	7%	8%	7%	6%	6%	5%	8%	9%	6%	7%	5%	6%
Access to good pensions	5%	6%	5%	4%	5%	7%	5%	5%	9%	4%	5%	5%	2%	8%	6%	9%	8%	6%	4%
Quality / cost of public transport	5%	4%	5%	10%	6%	5%	6%	6%	3%	6%	6%	4%	6%	8%	7%	8%	10%	5%	5%
State of the economy	48%	52%	44%	49%	50%	52%	46%	47%	45%	51%	44%	48%	47%	34%	44%	40%	45%	47%	50%
Quality of the NHS	42%	40%	45%	38%	40%	37%	47%	39%	36%	39%	41%	48%	53%	41%	35%	35%	36%	38%	38%
Threat of terrorism	4%	6%	5%	4%	3%	7%	4%	4%	7%	4%	5%	3%	3%	2%	8%	6%	7%	5%	3%
State of Britain's Armed Forces	4%	6%	3%	3%	2%	7%	3%	4%	8%	4%	5%	4%	0%	1%	7%	5%	7%	4%	3%
Quality of and access to schools / universities	3%	1%	4%	6%	2%	2%	3%	4%	5%	2%	3%	2%	2%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	2%
Threat of climate change	21%	16%	23%	34%	19%	16%	22%	34%	24%	19%	20%	25%	28%	29%	25%	26%	24%	13%	19%
Levels of immigration	18%	28%	7%	8%	12%	29%	8%	10%	17%	20%	19%	15%	8%	11%	14%	12%	12%	15%	19%
Britain leaving the EU	17%	10%	23%	23%	14%	10%	22%	15%	16%	16%	17%	16%	19%	19%	16%	20%	15%	19%	15%
Level of taxation	17%	18%	18%	13%	17%	17%	17%	18%	13%	18%	22%	16%	18%	11%	21%	22%	16%	21%	20%
Availability of housing	13%	9%	19%	9%	14%	8%	15%	13%	13%	12%	14%	14%	16%	21%	14%	13%	16%	22%	11%
Levels of crime	10%	12%	8%	9%	9%	12%	8%	10%	11%	11%	6%	8%	6%	13%	11%	9%	11%	13%	9%
None of the above	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Don't know	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(2.A) Which of the following best describes where you would typically work? Select any which apply. If your work is a mixture of the below, please select all that apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1251	189	288	280	263	175	56	186	160	107	108	91	116	101	62	138	87	65	30
Weighted	1268	185	301	290	263	172	57	198	157	100	112	86	114	99	54	136	106	67	39
Working in education e.g. at a school, nursery or University	9%	8%	10%	8%	10%	8%	16%	10%	7%	12%	8%	7%	13%	7%	8%	13%	12%	6%	4%
Working at people's houses e.g. an in-house carer, electrician, plumber	7%	7%	6%	6%	7%	7%	5%	12%	5%	5%	7%	3%	3%	5%	6%	10%	6%	9%	0%
Working outdoors e.g. in farming, or agriculture	5%	9%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	6%	3%	4%	4%	5%	7%	3%	13%	3%	8%	6%	3%
Working in transport or logistics e.g. driving HGVs, buses or trains	5%	9%	4%	5%	6%	6%	1%	8%	6%	5%	2%	7%	7%	5%	3%	5%	6%	5%	0%
Working in an office or office job	31%	30%	40%	37%	21%	26%	24%	43%	30%	23%	33%	32%	24%	27%	39%	36%	23%	23%	29%
Working from home	20%	14%	27%	21%	16%	18%	21%	27%	18%	21%	17%	19%	18%	19%	24%	17%	16%	26%	14%
Working in retail or hospitality e.g. at a shop, cafe, pub or restaurant	16%	26%	12%	16%	16%	11%	9%	13%	22%	22%	14%	17%	17%	11%	12%	13%	17%	16%	9%
Working in a factory or warehouse	12%	7%	11%	11%	18%	13%	3%	12%	13%	13%	7%	16%	13%	13%	8%	10%	12%	7%	16%
Working in health or social care e.g. at a hospital or GP	11%	14%	15%	10%	7%	11%	10%	13%	6%	12%	12%	11%	15%	14%	8%	9%	7%	6%	27%
Other (Please Specify)	4%	2%	4%	4%	6%	5%	7%	1%	4%	5%	6%	3%	2%	7%	7%	6%	4%	8%	0%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(2.B) Which of the following best describes where you would typically work? Select any which apply. If your work is a mixture of the below, please select all that apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	1251	632	613	311	348	321	271	254	260	313	132	29	481	548	138	431	371	75	145
Weighted	1268	639	623	368	330	307	263	246	259	330	144	29	480	563	139	430	372	79	148
Working in education e.g. at a school, nursery or University	9%	7%	12%	13%	7%	8%	9%	4%	8%	13%	15%	23%	8%	12%	5%	9%	10%	17%	6%
Working at people's houses e.g. an in-house carer, electrician, plumber	7%	9%	4%	5%	2%	13%	6%	6%	7%	5%	8%	17%	9%	6%	4%	7%	7%	8%	4%
Working outdoors e.g. in farming, or agriculture	5%	8%	2%	5%	1%	8%	7%	9%	4%	3%	5%	9%	6%	4%	4%	6%	5%	6%	3%
Working in transport or logistics e.g. driving HGVs, buses or trains	5%	9%	2%	4%	2%	13%	3%	9%	5%	3%	8%	11%	6%	6%	5%	7%	5%	5%	4%
Working in an office or office job	31%	32%	30%	45%	47%	17%	8%	21%	35%	37%	38%	63%	26%	36%	29%	35%	32%	31%	28%
Working from home	20%	20%	20%	29%	30%	9%	7%	9%	18%	27%	35%	38%	15%	23%	27%	19%	20%	20%	29%
Working in retail or hospitality e.g. at a shop, cafe, pub or restaurant	16%	12%	20%	9%	11%	14%	33%	26%	17%	11%	9%	3%	15%	15%	14%	14%	17%	10%	16%
Working in a factory or warehouse	12%	18%	5%	6%	7%	16%	20%	16%	13%	8%	8%	14%	13%	11%	14%	13%	11%	13%	12%
Working in health or social care e.g. at a hospital or GP	11%	7%	15%	13%	10%	11%	10%	6%	6%	12%	16%	20%	11%	11%	13%	8%	13%	11%	11%
Other (Please Specify)	4%	5%	4%	3%	3%	7%	6%	6%	2%	5%	2%	0%	6%	3%	4%	4%	4%	7%	6%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(2.C) Which of the following best describes where you would typically work? Select any which apply. If your work is a mixture of the below, please select all that apply

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1251	464	359	81	159	289	421	98	142	758	95	211	25	5	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	1268	463	360	85	163	290	424	100	145	766	98	213	25	5	195	158	120	144	650
Working in education e.g. at a school, nursery or University	9%	9%	9%	18%	6%	9%	9%	14%	9%	5%	9%	25%	9%	0%	7%	13%	9%	9%	9%
Working at people's houses e.g. an in-house carer, electrician, plumber	7%	7%	6%	10%	4%	7%	5%	10%	21%	5%	1%	4%	11%	0%	8%	5%	9%	9%	6%
Working outdoors e.g. in farming, or agriculture	5%	6%	5%	7%	3%	5%	5%	6%	14%	5%	0%	3%	4%	28%	9%	2%	3%	6%	5%
Working in transport or logistics e.g. driving HGVs, buses or trains	5%	7%	4%	7%	5%	7%	4%	4%	9%	6%	5%	3%	4%	0%	6%	4%	8%	2%	6%
Working in an office or office job	31%	34%	34%	37%	23%	33%	34%	32%	12%	36%	26%	31%	35%	55%	23%	50%	66%	43%	20%
Working from home	20%	19%	19%	23%	25%	19%	20%	20%	42%	18%	11%	18%	22%	14%	69%	45%	30%	6%	0%
Working in retail or hospitality e.g. at a shop, cafe, pub or restaurant	16%	13%	18%	12%	20%	14%	18%	12%	8%	19%	18%	9%	7%	17%	6%	5%	7%	16%	23%
Working in a factory or warehouse	12%	12%	12%	13%	12%	12%	13%	12%	12%	15%	5%	3%	4%	0%	5%	11%	6%	9%	15%
Working in health or social care e.g. at a hospital or GP	11%	9%	12%	12%	11%	8%	12%	17%	10%	7%	28%	19%	7%	0%	4%	13%	10%	13%	13%
Other (Please Specify)	4%	4%	4%	3%	7%	6%	4%	5%	6%	4%	5%	3%	12%	0%	2%	2%	4%	4%	6%
Don't Know	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	4%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(3.A) In your job, do you currently do any of your work from home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1251	189	288	280	263	175	56	186	160	107	108	91	116	101	62	138	87	65	30
Weighted	1268	185	301	290	263	172	57	198	157	100	112	86	114	99	54	136	106	67	39
I fully work from home at my current job / fully remote	15%	15%	16%	16%	13%	13%	27%	20%	10%	14%	13%	17%	11%	12%	21%	16%	19%	17%	15%
I mostly work from home, but work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory) on occasion	12%	13%	19%	15%	6%	9%	6%	18%	15%	12%	11%	9%	17%	10%	10%	8%	8%	16%	6%
I am split between working from home and working from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	10%	9%	16%	8%	7%	5%	10%	15%	11%	8%	9%	5%	8%	9%	15%	6%	6%	13%	9%
I mostly work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory), but work from home on occasion	11%	15%	13%	13%	6%	11%	11%	14%	12%	7%	15%	11%	9%	12%	10%	11%	10%	14%	3%
I fully work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	51%	49%	35%	48%	69%	62%	46%	34%	52%	59%	53%	58%	55%	56%	43%	59%	58%	39%	67%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(3.B) In your job, do you currently do any of your work from home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1251	632	613	311	348	321	271	254	260	313	132	29	481	548	138	431	371	75	145
Weighted	1268	639	623	368	330	307	263	246	259	330	144	29	480	563	139	430	372	79	148
I fully work from home at my current job / fully remote	15%	16%	14%	22%	20%	11%	6%	11%	14%	18%	22%	46%	12%	18%	20%	13%	16%	22%	19%
I mostly work from home, but work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory) on occasion	12%	13%	12%	18%	18%	7%	4%	6%	10%	18%	22%	23%	10%	14%	13%	13%	13%	9%	13%
I am split between working from home and working from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	10%	10%	9%	17%	11%	5%	3%	4%	8%	13%	18%	15%	9%	11%	8%	9%	11%	10%	7%
I mostly work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory), but work from home on occasion	11%	11%	12%	15%	11%	11%	6%	5%	12%	14%	15%	6%	10%	14%	7%	14%	15%	10%	6%
I fully work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	51%	49%	54%	28%	40%	65%	82%	74%	57%	37%	22%	10%	57%	44%	53%	50%	45%	49%	56%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(3.C) In your job, do you currently do any of your work from home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1251	464	359	81	159	289	421	98	142	758	95	211	25	5	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	1268	463	360	85	163	290	424	100	145	766	98	213	25	5	195	158	120	144	650
I fully work from home at my current job / fully remote	15%	15%	14%	21%	17%	14%	16%	11%	41%	13%	6%	12%	21%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
I mostly work from home, but work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory) on occasion	12%	13%	15%	8%	11%	12%	14%	17%	15%	11%	14%	14%	12%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%
I am split between working from home and working from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	10%	9%	10%	16%	6%	9%	10%	14%	10%	10%	10%	9%	12%	14%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%
I mostly work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory), but work from home on occasion	11%	13%	15%	13%	6%	15%	12%	14%	8%	13%	14%	8%	16%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%
I fully work from a place of work (such as an office, shop, factory)	51%	51%	46%	42%	60%	50%	47%	44%	26%	54%	56%	57%	38%	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(4.A) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. On the days when you are working from home, do you have the option to work from an office or other place of work?

	Age							Region											
	Total	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	597	95	182	145	80	65	30	121	75	42	50	38	53	42	35	56	36	39	10
Weighted	621	95	194	152	82	66	32	133	76	41	53	37	52	43	31	56	46	41	13
Yes, I have the option of working from an office on those days, and I choose not to	68%	70%	79%	72%	55%	48%	52%	78%	69%	64%	65%	67%	73%	62%	61%	62%	59%	68%	59%
No, I do not have the option of working from an office on those days	30%	29%	19%	25%	44%	49%	48%	20%	23%	31%	35%	33%	25%	38%	39%	38%	39%	30%	41%
Don't Know	2%	2%	2%	4%	1%	3%	0%	2%	8%	6%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(4.B) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. On the days when you are working from home, do you have the option to work from an office or other place of work?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	597	316	278	225	209	113	50	65	113	198	101	26	200	305	63	211	200	38	61
Weighted	621	328	290	265	198	108	49	64	114	210	112	26	206	319	65	217	203	40	65
Yes, I have the option of working from an office on those days, and I choose not to	68%	74%	61%	75%	70%	61%	36%	55%	61%	74%	78%	97%	63%	73%	59%	71%	69%	68%	61%
No, I do not have the option of working from an office on those days	30%	24%	36%	23%	27%	37%	60%	45%	37%	23%	21%	3%	35%	25%	40%	28%	28%	30%	36%
Don't Know	2%	1%	3%	2%	2%	2%	4%	0%	3%	3%	2%	0%	2%	2%	1%	2%	3%	2%	3%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(4.C) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. On the days when you are working from home, do you have the option to work from an office or other place of work?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	597	224	190	46	62	142	221	54	104	342	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	4
Weighted	621	230	194	49	66	146	227	56	107	357	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	4
Yes, I have the option of working from an office on those days, and I choose not to	68%	71%	70%	75%	58%	69%	70%	77%	44%	74%	82%	70%	66%	100%	53%	81%	83%	61%	77%
No, I do not have the option of working from an office on those days	30%	28%	26%	23%	39%	28%	28%	21%	55%	24%	18%	28%	27%	0%	46%	17%	15%	35%	23%
Don't Know	2%	1%	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%	0%	2%	7%	0%	1%	2%	2%	4%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(5.A) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. In your last working week, how many days did you work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Age							Region											
	Total	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
0	9%	12%	7%	8%	7%	18%	13%	5%	11%	9%	15%	11%	7%	14%	11%	13%	5%	10%	9%
1	13%	9%	15%	15%	12%	12%	11%	9%	14%	12%	8%	13%	14%	14%	12%	20%	18%	19%	0%
2	19%	23%	22%	16%	21%	11%	14%	31%	19%	14%	15%	21%	15%	15%	12%	14%	15%	18%	9%
3	17%	17%	21%	18%	15%	12%	12%	17%	18%	14%	17%	12%	25%	13%	27%	20%	12%	22%	0%
4	13%	12%	16%	14%	8%	11%	9%	14%	11%	16%	16%	12%	14%	17%	10%	9%	9%	13%	9%
5	27%	24%	20%	28%	36%	34%	40%	23%	26%	32%	29%	26%	24%	25%	28%	24%	41%	18%	72%
Don't Know	1%	3%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	3%	0%	5%	2%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(5.B) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. In your last working week, how many days did you work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
0	9%	8%	11%	6%	8%	16%	21%	14%	15%	6%	5%	7%	12%	8%	9%	13%	8%	2%	10%
1	13%	11%	16%	12%	12%	16%	20%	8%	16%	13%	10%	3%	13%	15%	6%	13%	16%	14%	5%
2	19%	18%	20%	20%	17%	23%	13%	16%	15%	20%	22%	27%	20%	19%	14%	23%	19%	14%	15%
3	17%	19%	15%	22%	16%	13%	6%	12%	12%	21%	25%	10%	13%	19%	17%	14%	19%	25%	15%
4	13%	13%	13%	12%	15%	9%	17%	14%	15%	14%	12%	10%	15%	12%	10%	15%	14%	16%	7%
5	27%	30%	24%	27%	31%	21%	22%	33%	28%	25%	24%	39%	25%	26%	42%	21%	24%	29%	46%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	2%	3%	2%	0%	1%	2%	0%	0%	2%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(5.C) You said you currently work from home at least on occasion. In your last working week, how many days did you work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
0	9%	15%	6%	6%	9%	15%	6%	10%	4%	9%	9%	16%	13%	0%	5%	3%	2%	29%	*
1	13%	12%	17%	14%	9%	12%	15%	10%	9%	15%	17%	8%	8%	0%	3%	8%	4%	40%	*
2	19%	19%	21%	16%	15%	20%	19%	20%	17%	21%	17%	18%	11%	0%	10%	13%	44%	17%	*
3	17%	15%	19%	26%	17%	17%	21%	20%	9%	19%	25%	19%	6%	100%	7%	26%	34%	8%	*
4	13%	15%	14%	14%	6%	12%	12%	23%	14%	12%	15%	14%	27%	0%	10%	30%	8%	3%	*
5	27%	23%	23%	24%	41%	22%	26%	18%	45%	23%	16%	24%	35%	0%	64%	20%	7%	2%	*
Don't Know	1%	2%	0%	0%	2%	2%	1%	0%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%	1%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(6.A) And ideally, how many days would you want to work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
0	6%	9%	5%	5%	3%	9%	14%	3%	7%	10%	9%	2%	3%	4%	8%	14%	7%	5%	0%
1	9%	8%	9%	12%	6%	7%	10%	10%	10%	5%	5%	11%	14%	7%	0%	7%	14%	16%	0%
2	18%	15%	20%	21%	17%	17%	11%	24%	20%	15%	9%	17%	18%	25%	18%	16%	14%	19%	9%
3	18%	22%	22%	17%	10%	13%	6%	16%	14%	20%	16%	16%	25%	15%	25%	23%	6%	23%	9%
4	14%	13%	15%	16%	10%	14%	18%	17%	13%	18%	22%	18%	12%	11%	12%	12%	13%	8%	19%
5	33%	32%	28%	28%	48%	40%	38%	28%	36%	32%	34%	36%	28%	33%	36%	26%	45%	30%	63%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	0%	5%	0%	3%	2%	0%	0%	5%	0%	0%	4%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(6.B) And ideally, how many days would you want to work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
0	6%	7%	5%	4%	4%	11%	18%	10%	6%	4%	4%	0%	8%	4%	6%	9%	6%	0%	3%
1	9%	9%	9%	9%	5%	14%	13%	6%	9%	9%	11%	3%	12%	9%	3%	9%	11%	8%	5%
2	18%	16%	21%	23%	15%	14%	15%	12%	17%	20%	14%	19%	15%	21%	11%	20%	17%	26%	16%
3	18%	18%	18%	20%	16%	16%	16%	19%	11%	21%	21%	30%	13%	20%	18%	13%	20%	35%	13%
4	14%	14%	14%	14%	17%	14%	9%	10%	14%	13%	22%	14%	17%	15%	6%	19%	16%	5%	8%
5	33%	35%	31%	30%	41%	29%	25%	39%	41%	31%	27%	33%	32%	30%	53%	29%	28%	26%	53%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	4%	5%	1%	1%	0%	0%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	0%	1%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(6.C) And ideally, how many days would you want to work from home rather than in an office or other place of work?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
0	6%	10%	6%	0%	3%	11%	4%	4%	3%	6%	10%	9%	6%	0%	4%	2%	2%	16%	*
1	9%	10%	10%	9%	6%	10%	7%	16%	10%	9%	16%	5%	21%	0%	2%	7%	7%	22%	*
2	18%	19%	18%	23%	16%	18%	21%	17%	15%	21%	17%	13%	19%	0%	10%	9%	32%	29%	*
3	18%	13%	19%	37%	14%	16%	18%	24%	14%	18%	17%	21%	7%	0%	11%	20%	29%	14%	*
4	14%	18%	18%	4%	6%	14%	19%	19%	9%	14%	20%	18%	27%	100%	9%	31%	12%	6%	*
5	33%	29%	28%	27%	55%	29%	30%	21%	50%	30%	20%	31%	21%	0%	63%	31%	17%	9%	*
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	2%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	3%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(7.A) At any point during your working life, have you worked in a job where you were working from home for some of the time?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1413	190	146	187	263	227	400	147	193	132	128	112	135	126	57	171	116	59	37
Weighted	1388	183	147	191	259	217	391	149	184	120	128	104	130	118	49	165	136	58	47
Yes, I have had a job in the past where I worked from home some of the time	18%	17%	25%	18%	12%	15%	19%	19%	21%	18%	15%	22%	19%	13%	20%	14%	17%	16%	20%
No, I have never worked from home at any previous job	75%	58%	68%	73%	79%	82%	79%	73%	70%	77%	75%	69%	73%	77%	70%	80%	79%	77%	72%
Don't Know	1%	6%	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%	3%	1%	0%	2%	2%	1%	2%	0%	1%	1%	0%	3%
N/A - have never worked	7%	20%	5%	7%	9%	3%	2%	5%	8%	5%	8%	7%	7%	8%	10%	6%	4%	8%	5%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who do not work from home or do not work at all

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(7.B) At any point during your working life, have you worked in a job where you were working from home for some of the time?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1413	679	729	232	348	352	471	423	303	242	66	7	629	507	152	517	340	90	166
Weighted	1388	661	722	273	321	333	452	404	298	248	71	8	609	508	149	500	332	91	162
Yes, I have had a job in the past where I worked from home some of the time	18%	16%	19%	27%	18%	15%	14%	12%	15%	25%	47%	16%	16%	21%	17%	17%	19%	24%	13%
No, I have never worked from home at any previous job	75%	76%	74%	67%	77%	78%	76%	80%	73%	72%	52%	84%	80%	74%	69%	79%	73%	74%	76%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	0%	2%	0%	0%
N/A - have never worked	7%	7%	6%	6%	5%	6%	9%	7%	11%	2%	1%	0%	4%	4%	12%	4%	6%	2%	11%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who do not work from home or do not work at all

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(7.C) At any point during your working life, have you worked in a job where you were working from home for some of the time?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1413	560	335	87	182	367	408	89	114	725	103	304	46	78	0	0	0	0	658
Weighted	1388	540	328	88	178	352	398	88	111	710	102	303	44	76	0	0	0	0	650
Yes, I have had a job in the past where I worked from home some of the time	18%	15%	19%	23%	14%	15%	19%	26%	36%	17%	17%	14%	29%	4%	*	*	*	*	16%
No, I have never worked from home at any previous job	75%	80%	73%	74%	76%	80%	73%	70%	59%	79%	78%	82%	65%	27%	*	*	*	*	78%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	7%	*	*	*	*	1%
N/A - have never worked	7%	4%	6%	2%	9%	4%	7%	3%	4%	3%	4%	3%	6%	62%	*	*	*	*	5%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who do not work from home or do not work at all

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(8.A) How possible do you think your job would be to do at home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1251	189	288	280	263	175	56	186	160	107	108	91	116	101	62	138	87	65	30
Weighted	1268	185	301	290	263	172	57	198	157	100	112	86	114	99	54	136	106	67	39
My job would not be possible to do at home at all	48%	36%	34%	48%	64%	59%	48%	29%	52%	58%	49%	48%	50%	50%	44%	54%	55%	41%	59%
Some parts of my job would be possible to do at home, but most of it would not be	16%	21%	22%	17%	9%	12%	16%	29%	15%	10%	14%	15%	17%	17%	12%	14%	14%	10%	18%
Most of my job would be possible to do at home, but some parts would not be	13%	15%	20%	13%	9%	10%	6%	21%	8%	15%	12%	18%	12%	11%	18%	10%	14%	13%	0%
All of my job would be possible to do at home	22%	25%	23%	21%	19%	18%	29%	20%	24%	17%	23%	16%	21%	21%	26%	21%	17%	36%	24%
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(8.B) How possible do you think your job would be to do at home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1251	632	613	311	348	321	271	254	260	313	132	29	481	548	138	431	371	75	145
Weighted	1268	639	623	368	330	307	263	246	259	330	144	29	480	563	139	430	372	79	148
My job would not be possible to do at home at all	48%	48%	48%	21%	32%	67%	81%	70%	51%	33%	22%	15%	57%	40%	48%	48%	44%	45%	49%
Some parts of my job would be possible to do at home, but most of it would not be	16%	18%	15%	24%	15%	15%	8%	9%	17%	21%	24%	28%	13%	19%	10%	17%	19%	15%	11%
Most of my job would be possible to do at home, but some parts would not be	13%	15%	12%	24%	16%	7%	3%	5%	10%	17%	27%	35%	10%	16%	13%	13%	14%	17%	13%
All of my job would be possible to do at home	22%	18%	25%	30%	35%	10%	7%	15%	21%	28%	27%	22%	19%	24%	26%	21%	22%	23%	26%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	3%	1%	0%	0%	2%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(8.C) How possible do you think your job would be to do at home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1251	464	359	81	159	289	421	98	142	758	95	211	25	5	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	1268	463	360	85	163	290	424	100	145	766	98	213	25	5	195	158	120	144	650
My job would not be possible to do at home at all	48%	48%	44%	41%	54%	49%	44%	42%	33%	49%	54%	52%	31%	62%	9%	5%	5%	27%	82%
Some parts of my job would be possible to do at home, but most of it would not be	16%	17%	20%	16%	10%	16%	18%	21%	14%	17%	12%	18%	17%	14%	9%	22%	26%	41%	10%
Most of my job would be possible to do at home, but some parts would not be	13%	14%	14%	19%	11%	14%	16%	17%	17%	14%	8%	12%	23%	0%	10%	32%	40%	20%	4%
All of my job would be possible to do at home	22%	21%	21%	25%	24%	20%	22%	20%	36%	19%	25%	19%	17%	0%	72%	41%	28%	12%	3%
Don't Know	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	12%	24%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(9.A) Do you have a close friend or relative who works from home for some or all of their job?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Yes, multiple close friends or relatives who work from home	35%	33%	48%	38%	31%	31%	27%	44%	33%	35%	32%	31%	32%	31%	36%	36%	33%	24%	45%
Yes, one close friend or relative who works from home	29%	32%	30%	28%	24%	26%	31%	32%	28%	27%	27%	27%	27%	32%	26%	28%	33%	27%	24%
No	34%	31%	19%	31%	43%	40%	40%	22%	35%	35%	39%	38%	40%	35%	37%	33%	32%	45%	28%
Don't Know	3%	4%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	4%	3%	2%	4%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	4%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(9.B) Do you have a close friend or relative who works from home for some or all of their job?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Yes, multiple close friends or relatives who work from home	35%	35%	34%	45%	42%	28%	23%	24%	31%	42%	47%	62%	30%	41%	32%	35%	39%	40%	29%
Yes, one close friend or relative who works from home	29%	27%	31%	28%	28%	32%	27%	26%	33%	28%	33%	18%	29%	29%	25%	30%	31%	25%	22%
No	34%	35%	33%	26%	27%	38%	47%	47%	33%	28%	19%	21%	39%	28%	40%	33%	29%	32%	46%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	1%	3%	2%	4%	3%	3%	2%	2%	0%	2%	2%	4%	2%	1%	3%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(9.C) Do you have a close friend or relative who works from home for some or all of their job?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Yes, multiple close friends or relatives who work from home	35%	34%	39%	39%	28%	33%	41%	42%	34%	35%	43%	36%	33%	20%	52%	52%	55%	42%	29%
Yes, one close friend or relative who works from home	29%	30%	30%	31%	23%	30%	27%	28%	27%	29%	26%	32%	30%	22%	22%	28%	27%	36%	29%
No	34%	33%	29%	28%	46%	35%	30%	27%	35%	34%	29%	30%	34%	48%	24%	18%	15%	21%	39%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	1%	3%	4%	2%	2%	2%	3%	10%	2%	2%	3%	1%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(10.A) You said that you work from home at least some of the time. Thinking of the times when you are working from home, do you personally find it easier or harder to focus when at home compared to an office or equivalent?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
I find it much easier to focus when I am working from home	42%	47%	40%	42%	46%	36%	40%	35%	42%	44%	33%	34%	52%	43%	52%	45%	40%	48%	61%
I find it somewhat easier to focus when I am working from home	24%	27%	25%	28%	18%	25%	14%	33%	30%	15%	22%	22%	28%	17%	15%	25%	21%	19%	21%
I find it no easier or harder to focus when I am working from home	18%	11%	20%	11%	22%	24%	35%	14%	19%	18%	20%	24%	15%	23%	19%	13%	18%	20%	9%
I find it somewhat harder to focus when I am working from home	11%	9%	12%	14%	10%	8%	3%	13%	9%	10%	17%	14%	4%	10%	8%	11%	14%	8%	9%
I find it much harder to focus when I am working from home	4%	6%	2%	5%	1%	3%	7%	3%	0%	10%	8%	3%	2%	4%	3%	4%	7%	2%	0%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	4%	0%	2%	0%	2%	2%	2%	0%	2%	3%	2%	0%	2%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(10.B) You said that you work from home at least some of the time. Thinking of the times when you are working from home, do you personally find it easier or harder to focus when at home compared to an office or equivalent?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
I find it much easier to focus when I am working from home	42%	39%	44%	37%	50%	37%	45%	50%	40%	42%	40%	40%	40%	43%	46%	39%	42%	38%	49%
I find it somewhat easier to focus when I am working from home	24%	27%	22%	30%	22%	18%	18%	18%	23%	31%	31%	26%	24%	27%	16%	22%	27%	40%	16%
I find it no easier or harder to focus when I am working from home	18%	18%	18%	18%	15%	23%	14%	19%	14%	16%	14%	14%	18%	16%	24%	19%	17%	11%	21%
I find it somewhat harder to focus when I am working from home	11%	10%	11%	12%	10%	10%	8%	6%	15%	10%	13%	16%	11%	12%	7%	14%	10%	10%	9%
I find it much harder to focus when I am working from home	4%	4%	4%	3%	2%	9%	6%	2%	6%	1%	2%	4%	3%	4%	5%	4%	4%	0%	2%
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	0%	1%	3%	8%	6%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	3%	3%	1%	0%	3%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(10.C) You said that you work from home at least some of the time. Thinking of the times when you are working from home, do you personally find it easier or harder to focus when at home compared to an office or equivalent?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
I find it much easier to focus when I am working from home	42%	39%	43%	32%	48%	37%	46%	36%	49%	39%	38%	46%	28%	0%	58%	47%	35%	19%	*
I find it somewhat easier to focus when I am working from home	24%	23%	26%	33%	18%	24%	25%	34%	27%	25%	22%	27%	6%	0%	17%	31%	29%	24%	*
I find it no easier or harder to focus when I am working from home	18%	19%	18%	17%	20%	18%	17%	7%	13%	17%	25%	18%	48%	0%	16%	13%	17%	26%	*
I find it somewhat harder to focus when I am working from home	11%	13%	10%	16%	9%	14%	8%	20%	7%	14%	10%	5%	11%	100%	4%	8%	17%	18%	*
I find it much harder to focus when I am working from home	4%	5%	4%	3%	2%	6%	4%	2%	0%	5%	5%	5%	0%	0%	4%	0%	1%	11%	*
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	0%	3%	2%	0%	2%	4%	1%	0%	0%	7%	0%	1%	1%	1%	3%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(11.A) And would you say you are personally more or less productive when working from home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
Much more productive when I am working from home	37%	33%	34%	42%	44%	37%	37%	34%	40%	31%	33%	30%	34%	41%	46%	45%	37%	44%	49%
Somewhat more productive when I am working from home	24%	27%	28%	21%	23%	20%	17%	31%	24%	22%	20%	21%	35%	29%	23%	13%	21%	16%	21%
No more or less productive when I am working from home	22%	13%	24%	18%	19%	29%	36%	20%	25%	20%	23%	29%	19%	19%	19%	23%	15%	25%	22%
Somewhat less productive when I am working from home	11%	17%	10%	12%	10%	7%	3%	10%	10%	14%	16%	15%	8%	2%	9%	13%	17%	8%	9%
Much less productive when I am working from home	4%	7%	3%	6%	2%	3%	3%	3%	1%	10%	5%	5%	2%	7%	3%	4%	8%	2%	0%
Don't Know	2%	4%	1%	1%	2%	3%	4%	2%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%	3%	5%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(11.B) And would you say you are personally more or less productive when working from home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
Much more productive when I am working from home	37%	35%	40%	35%	45%	31%	33%	40%	34%	40%	37%	40%	35%	38%	45%	36%	36%	41%	47%
Somewhat more productive when I am working from home	24%	24%	25%	27%	24%	19%	22%	18%	16%	31%	28%	20%	22%	27%	17%	22%	28%	34%	16%
No more or less productive when I am working from home	22%	25%	18%	23%	17%	29%	16%	21%	25%	18%	19%	21%	24%	20%	24%	24%	19%	15%	22%
Somewhat less productive when I am working from home	11%	10%	12%	12%	10%	8%	17%	12%	14%	9%	14%	13%	11%	11%	6%	12%	11%	10%	9%
Much less productive when I am working from home	4%	4%	4%	1%	4%	10%	6%	6%	5%	2%	2%	7%	4%	3%	5%	4%	5%	0%	2%
Don't Know	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	4%	6%	3%	6%	0%	0%	0%	3%	1%	3%	2%	1%	0%	3%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(11.C) And would you say you are personally more or less productive when working from home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
Much more productive when I am working from home	37%	34%	37%	35%	51%	34%	38%	38%	40%	34%	42%	46%	20%	0%	53%	42%	27%	20%	*
Somewhat more productive when I am working from home	24%	24%	29%	25%	14%	25%	28%	29%	28%	24%	23%	23%	22%	0%	21%	29%	27%	22%	*
No more or less productive when I am working from home	22%	24%	18%	19%	25%	23%	18%	17%	14%	23%	23%	19%	40%	100%	14%	19%	29%	29%	*
Somewhat less productive when I am working from home	11%	13%	9%	16%	6%	11%	10%	14%	13%	12%	7%	7%	11%	0%	7%	10%	12%	16%	*
Much less productive when I am working from home	4%	5%	5%	3%	2%	5%	4%	4%	1%	5%	2%	4%	0%	0%	4%	1%	2%	10%	*
Don't Know	2%	2%	1%	2%	3%	3%	1%	0%	4%	1%	2%	1%	7%	0%	2%	1%	3%	3%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(12.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Working from home has improved my work-life balance

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
Strongly Agree	35%	32%	35%	42%	38%	23%	20%	27%	40%	30%	27%	32%	42%	31%	48%	33%	33%	46%	61%
Agree	39%	36%	41%	36%	45%	34%	40%	43%	41%	50%	41%	31%	37%	45%	33%	41%	32%	23%	30%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	17%	19%	15%	13%	25%	21%	22%	9%	18%	16%	20%	15%	20%	11%	21%	23%	18%	9%
Disagree	5%	9%	2%	5%	4%	7%	4%	6%	4%	2%	8%	13%	4%	2%	5%	2%	3%	7%	0%
Strongly Disagree	2%	4%	2%	2%	0%	5%	7%	2%	5%	0%	6%	2%	0%	2%	0%	4%	2%	3%	0%
Don't Know	2%	2%	1%	0%	0%	6%	8%	1%	2%	0%	2%	2%	2%	0%	3%	0%	6%	3%	0%
Total Agree:	74%	68%	76%	78%	83%	57%	60%	70%	81%	80%	68%	62%	79%	76%	81%	74%	66%	69%	91%
Total Disagree:	7%	13%	4%	7%	4%	12%	11%	7%	9%	2%	14%	15%	4%	4%	5%	5%	5%	10%	0%
Net:	66%	55%	72%	71%	79%	45%	49%	62%	72%	77%	54%	47%	75%	72%	75%	69%	61%	60%	91%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(12.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Working from home has improved my work-life balance

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
Strongly Agree	35%	35%	34%	31%	43%	27%	38%	23%	29%	43%	36%	47%	31%	36%	40%	30%	33%	45%	36%
Agree	39%	40%	38%	43%	39%	33%	28%	48%	42%	38%	43%	19%	37%	41%	32%	38%	43%	30%	43%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	18%	17%	20%	10%	23%	22%	16%	16%	15%	15%	16%	23%	14%	18%	22%	16%	19%	14%
Disagree	5%	3%	6%	3%	4%	12%	4%	6%	7%	3%	5%	8%	5%	4%	6%	5%	4%	6%	5%
Strongly Disagree	2%	2%	3%	2%	2%	3%	6%	3%	3%	2%	1%	0%	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	0%	2%
Don't Know	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	5%	2%	0%	0%	10%	2%	2%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%
Total Agree:	74%	75%	72%	74%	82%	60%	66%	70%	72%	80%	79%	66%	68%	78%	72%	68%	76%	75%	79%
Total Disagree:	7%	5%	9%	5%	7%	14%	10%	8%	10%	5%	6%	8%	7%	7%	9%	7%	7%	6%	7%
Net:	66%	69%	63%	69%	75%	46%	56%	62%	61%	75%	72%	59%	61%	71%	63%	61%	69%	69%	73%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(12.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Working from home has improved my work-life balance

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
Strongly Agree	35%	31%	32%	39%	41%	28%	33%	47%	30%	35%	43%	41%	21%	0%	40%	49%	27%	18%	*
Agree	39%	39%	44%	39%	32%	42%	43%	32%	35%	40%	29%	40%	48%	100%	30%	36%	52%	42%	*
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	20%	16%	14%	21%	23%	16%	16%	28%	16%	14%	13%	24%	0%	22%	11%	14%	21%	*
Disagree	5%	5%	5%	6%	5%	4%	6%	3%	5%	5%	5%	2%	6%	0%	3%	3%	5%	9%	*
Strongly Disagree	2%	2%	4%	2%	2%	3%	2%	0%	0%	2%	7%	4%	0%	0%	3%	0%	2%	5%	*
Don't Know	2%	3%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	0%	0%	2%	1%	0%	4%	*
Total Agree:	74%	70%	76%	78%	73%	69%	76%	79%	65%	75%	72%	80%	69%	100%	70%	85%	79%	61%	*
Total Disagree:	7%	6%	8%	9%	7%	6%	7%	3%	5%	8%	12%	6%	6%	0%	6%	3%	7%	14%	*
Net:	66%	64%	68%	69%	66%	63%	69%	75%	60%	67%	60%	75%	63%	100%	65%	82%	72%	46%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(13.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Since working from home work has eaten into my free time

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
Strongly Agree	12%	18%	13%	15%	7%	2%	3%	20%	14%	6%	11%	11%	8%	7%	8%	16%	7%	2%	10%
Agree	27%	25%	33%	30%	23%	11%	22%	34%	22%	34%	31%	38%	22%	31%	14%	20%	30%	17%	9%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	22%	12%	25%	29%	23%	23%	17%	19%	24%	22%	16%	27%	12%	32%	28%	21%	17%	21%
Disagree	24%	20%	25%	16%	25%	39%	38%	21%	30%	22%	13%	28%	25%	26%	35%	23%	19%	23%	51%
Strongly Disagree	15%	14%	16%	14%	16%	20%	6%	8%	13%	15%	20%	7%	15%	23%	8%	13%	21%	35%	9%
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	0%	0%	5%	8%	1%	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%	0%	3%	0%	3%	6%	0%
Total Agree:	39%	42%	46%	45%	30%	13%	26%	53%	36%	39%	42%	49%	31%	38%	22%	36%	37%	19%	19%
Total Disagree:	39%	33%	41%	29%	41%	59%	43%	29%	43%	37%	34%	35%	40%	50%	44%	36%	40%	58%	61%
Net:	0%	9%	5%	16%	-11%	-46%	-18%	24%	-6%	2%	8%	14%	-9%	-12%	-22%	0%	-3%	-38%	-42%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(13.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Since working from home work has eaten into my free time

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
Strongly Agree	12%	15%	8%	13%	8%	16%	14%	7%	8%	15%	13%	32%	9%	14%	7%	10%	14%	23%	5%
Agree	27%	29%	25%	28%	26%	27%	26%	24%	29%	27%	29%	34%	28%	25%	35%	27%	31%	17%	24%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	19%	23%	25%	17%	20%	15%	19%	17%	20%	22%	20%	23%	21%	16%	19%	19%	38%	24%
Disagree	24%	23%	26%	24%	27%	19%	22%	22%	26%	23%	29%	11%	24%	25%	21%	30%	22%	11%	23%
Strongly Disagree	15%	13%	17%	9%	21%	15%	22%	21%	17%	16%	7%	3%	14%	14%	22%	13%	14%	11%	24%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	2%	5%	3%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	0%	3%	1%	0%	0%
Total Agree:	39%	44%	33%	41%	34%	43%	40%	32%	36%	42%	42%	66%	37%	39%	42%	37%	45%	40%	29%
Total Disagree:	39%	36%	43%	33%	48%	34%	43%	44%	44%	39%	36%	14%	38%	39%	42%	42%	36%	22%	47%
Net:	0%	8%	-10%	8%	-15%	8%	-3%	-12%	-7%	3%	5%	52%	-1%	0%	0%	-6%	9%	18%	-18%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(13.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Since working from home work has eaten into my free time

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
Strongly Agree	12%	11%	17%	16%	6%	13%	13%	12%	15%	11%	13%	10%	6%	0%	15%	9%	13%	9%	*
Agree	27%	28%	29%	24%	30%	27%	28%	33%	25%	30%	33%	18%	19%	100%	22%	27%	30%	31%	*
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	20%	19%	25%	21%	21%	17%	23%	27%	20%	10%	21%	30%	0%	26%	18%	16%	21%	*
Disagree	24%	27%	23%	20%	17%	28%	27%	17%	22%	23%	35%	27%	37%	0%	17%	26%	25%	30%	*
Strongly Disagree	15%	11%	12%	16%	26%	10%	13%	14%	11%	16%	7%	22%	8%	0%	18%	19%	15%	5%	*
Don't Know	1%	3%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	4%	*
Total Agree:	39%	39%	46%	40%	36%	40%	42%	44%	40%	41%	46%	28%	25%	100%	38%	36%	43%	40%	*
Total Disagree:	39%	38%	35%	35%	43%	38%	40%	31%	32%	39%	42%	48%	45%	0%	35%	46%	40%	35%	*
Net:	0%	0%	11%	5%	-7%	2%	1%	13%	8%	2%	4%	-20%	-20%	100%	2%	-10%	3%	4%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(14.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: I am more likely to answer work-related emails out of working hours when working from home

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
Strongly Agree	23%	19%	28%	28%	19%	12%	17%	21%	19%	16%	32%	29%	19%	20%	28%	28%	26%	26%	21%
Agree	37%	36%	34%	35%	45%	37%	42%	48%	37%	39%	35%	33%	39%	37%	35%	40%	22%	17%	21%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	18%	17%	17%	19%	23%	21%	18%	21%	24%	16%	18%	23%	12%	14%	12%	21%	16%	31%
Disagree	12%	14%	13%	11%	7%	18%	6%	8%	13%	12%	8%	11%	10%	22%	20%	10%	15%	14%	19%
Strongly Disagree	9%	10%	8%	8%	10%	6%	9%	4%	10%	10%	9%	5%	9%	6%	3%	9%	15%	20%	9%
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	1%	0%	3%	4%	1%	0%	0%	2%	3%	0%	3%	0%	2%	0%	6%	0%
Total Agree:	60%	55%	62%	63%	64%	49%	59%	70%	56%	55%	66%	62%	59%	57%	63%	68%	48%	44%	41%
Total Disagree:	21%	24%	21%	19%	16%	24%	15%	12%	23%	21%	16%	16%	19%	29%	23%	19%	31%	35%	28%
Net:	39%	30%	41%	44%	48%	25%	44%	58%	32%	33%	50%	46%	40%	28%	40%	49%	17%	9%	14%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(14.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: I am more likely to answer work-related emails out of working hours when working from home

	Gender			Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
	Total	Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
Strongly Agree	23%	27%	19%	24%	23%	23%	23%	12%	19%	25%	26%	59%	21%	25%	24%	22%	23%	36%	19%
Agree	37%	38%	35%	37%	35%	43%	25%	41%	35%	36%	41%	20%	41%	34%	37%	41%	36%	33%	36%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	17%	20%	20%	14%	19%	23%	21%	20%	16%	19%	14%	21%	18%	16%	16%	19%	24%	20%
Disagree	12%	10%	15%	13%	12%	8%	18%	10%	13%	15%	8%	4%	9%	14%	10%	12%	13%	6%	11%
Strongly Disagree	9%	7%	10%	5%	14%	6%	10%	10%	11%	7%	6%	3%	7%	8%	11%	8%	9%	2%	12%
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%	2%	1%	2%	2%	1%	0%	2%
Total Agree:	60%	65%	54%	61%	59%	66%	48%	53%	54%	61%	67%	79%	62%	59%	61%	63%	59%	68%	55%
Total Disagree:	21%	17%	25%	17%	26%	14%	29%	21%	24%	21%	14%	7%	16%	23%	22%	19%	22%	8%	22%
Net:	39%	48%	30%	44%	32%	51%	19%	32%	30%	40%	53%	72%	46%	37%	39%	44%	37%	61%	33%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(14.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: I am more likely to answer work-related emails out of working hours when working from home

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
Strongly Agree	23%	23%	22%	29%	24%	22%	22%	29%	19%	26%	28%	18%	12%	0%	27%	20%	25%	21%	*
Agree	37%	40%	36%	28%	34%	45%	36%	35%	41%	35%	34%	38%	50%	0%	30%	40%	38%	42%	*
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	15%	18%	25%	21%	17%	18%	12%	29%	18%	14%	11%	13%	0%	21%	20%	17%	13%	*
Disagree	12%	11%	15%	13%	8%	10%	14%	17%	10%	11%	17%	14%	18%	100%	9%	11%	13%	16%	*
Strongly Disagree	9%	9%	8%	5%	11%	6%	10%	5%	1%	9%	5%	16%	7%	0%	11%	10%	6%	6%	*
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%	2%	*
Total Agree:	60%	64%	59%	57%	59%	67%	58%	64%	59%	61%	62%	56%	62%	0%	56%	59%	63%	63%	*
Total Disagree:	21%	20%	23%	18%	19%	16%	24%	22%	11%	21%	21%	31%	25%	100%	20%	21%	19%	22%	*
Net:	39%	44%	36%	39%	40%	52%	35%	42%	48%	41%	41%	25%	36%	-100%	36%	38%	44%	41%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(15.A) Overall, has working from home had a positive or negative effect on your wellbeing, or no effect either way?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	593	95	182	144	79	64	29	120	75	42	50	37	52	42	35	56	35	39	10
Weighted	618	95	194	151	82	65	31	132	76	41	53	36	51	43	31	56	45	41	13
A very positive effect on my wellbeing	29%	23%	30%	35%	34%	16%	26%	28%	27%	31%	23%	18%	33%	30%	30%	23%	34%	39%	61%
A positive effect on my wellbeing	40%	30%	44%	41%	38%	42%	34%	38%	40%	45%	45%	39%	38%	31%	44%	49%	36%	33%	30%
Neither positive nor negative effect on my wellbeing	23%	26%	22%	17%	24%	34%	27%	24%	29%	20%	21%	31%	25%	22%	19%	20%	20%	20%	9%
A negative effect on my wellbeing	6%	19%	4%	4%	2%	5%	6%	8%	2%	0%	9%	7%	4%	14%	5%	4%	7%	8%	0%
A very negative effect on my wellbeing	1%	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	3%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%
Don't Know	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	3%	6%	2%	2%	3%	0%	2%	0%	2%	3%	0%	3%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(15.B) Overall, has working from home had a positive or negative effect on your wellbeing, or no effect either way?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	593	313	277	225	208	111	49	64	111	197	101	26	198	303	63	209	200	38	61
Weighted	618	325	289	265	197	106	48	63	112	209	112	26	204	317	65	215	203	40	65
A very positive effect on my wellbeing	29%	32%	27%	25%	37%	27%	27%	28%	28%	32%	28%	36%	26%	32%	33%	26%	29%	36%	34%
A positive effect on my wellbeing	40%	41%	38%	47%	37%	31%	28%	40%	37%	43%	46%	27%	42%	39%	32%	43%	39%	34%	38%
Neither positive nor negative effect on my wellbeing	23%	21%	25%	21%	19%	34%	27%	22%	24%	20%	18%	36%	24%	22%	25%	22%	24%	21%	22%
A negative effect on my wellbeing	6%	4%	8%	6%	5%	6%	12%	8%	7%	5%	8%	0%	5%	5%	9%	5%	6%	8%	5%
A very negative effect on my wellbeing	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Don't Know	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	1%	0%	3%	1%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(15.C) Overall, has working from home had a positive or negative effect on your wellbeing, or no effect either way?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	593	222	190	46	62	142	219	54	103	339	41	88	15	1	188	153	112	140	0
Weighted	618	229	194	49	66	146	225	56	106	354	43	91	16	1	195	158	120	144	0
A very positive effect on my wellbeing	29%	25%	30%	35%	33%	25%	30%	30%	30%	29%	30%	32%	14%	0%	40%	35%	25%	11%	*
A positive effect on my wellbeing	40%	44%	40%	36%	34%	44%	44%	39%	40%	39%	40%	41%	39%	100%	34%	41%	43%	44%	*
Neither positive nor negative effect on my wellbeing	23%	24%	23%	20%	24%	24%	21%	29%	25%	23%	23%	17%	34%	0%	19%	21%	20%	33%	*
A negative effect on my wellbeing	6%	5%	6%	7%	8%	5%	4%	2%	5%	6%	5%	8%	6%	0%	5%	2%	11%	8%	*
A very negative effect on my wellbeing	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	*
Don't Know	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	2%	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	7%	0%	1%	0%	1%	3%	*

Note:

BASE: Respondents who work from home

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(16.A) Are you satisfied or dissatisfied with how often you currently work from home or from an alternative place of work?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1251	189	288	280	263	175	56	186	160	107	108	91	116	101	62	138	87	65	30
Weighted	1268	185	301	290	263	172	57	198	157	100	112	86	114	99	54	136	106	67	39
Very Satisfied	26%	19%	26%	27%	28%	25%	41%	22%	25%	26%	20%	27%	33%	28%	35%	24%	28%	32%	22%
Satisfied	37%	41%	44%	40%	31%	31%	23%	47%	32%	38%	41%	42%	34%	32%	36%	33%	34%	33%	38%
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	25%	23%	19%	24%	26%	35%	22%	23%	29%	23%	23%	21%	21%	25%	21%	31%	28%	27%	14%
Dissatisfied	5%	10%	6%	2%	6%	3%	6%	4%	7%	6%	5%	2%	6%	9%	4%	3%	4%	5%	13%
Very Dissatisfied	2%	4%	1%	3%	3%	2%	2%	1%	4%	2%	3%	5%	1%	1%	1%	5%	2%	0%	3%
Don't Know	4%	3%	3%	4%	6%	4%	7%	3%	5%	6%	8%	4%	5%	5%	3%	3%	3%	3%	10%
Total Satisfied:	63%	60%	70%	67%	59%	55%	64%	69%	56%	64%	61%	68%	67%	60%	71%	57%	63%	66%	60%
Total Dissatisfied:	8%	13%	7%	5%	9%	5%	8%	5%	10%	7%	9%	7%	7%	10%	5%	9%	6%	5%	16%
Net:	56%	47%	63%	62%	49%	50%	56%	63%	46%	56%	52%	62%	61%	50%	66%	49%	56%	61%	44%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(16.B) Are you satisfied or dissatisfied with how often you currently work from home or from an alternative place of work?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1251	632	613	311	348	321	271	254	260	313	132	29	481	548	138	431	371	75	145
Weighted	1268	639	623	368	330	307	263	246	259	330	144	29	480	563	139	430	372	79	148
Very Satisfied	26%	29%	24%	30%	28%	26%	19%	23%	24%	27%	34%	31%	26%	30%	19%	27%	25%	38%	21%
Satisfied	37%	38%	36%	42%	40%	33%	32%	37%	34%	43%	42%	56%	35%	38%	40%	40%	38%	26%	38%
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	25%	24%	25%	21%	19%	30%	30%	26%	28%	20%	18%	10%	27%	21%	28%	23%	23%	22%	30%
Dissatisfied	5%	3%	7%	4%	8%	4%	6%	4%	7%	6%	3%	3%	4%	6%	6%	4%	7%	6%	4%
Very Dissatisfied	2%	2%	3%	3%	2%	1%	4%	2%	3%	3%	1%	0%	2%	2%	3%	2%	4%	2%	2%
Don't Know	4%	4%	5%	1%	3%	7%	9%	8%	4%	1%	1%	0%	6%	4%	3%	4%	4%	7%	5%
Total Satisfied:	63%	67%	60%	72%	68%	58%	51%	60%	58%	70%	76%	87%	61%	67%	59%	67%	63%	64%	60%
Total Dissatisfied:	8%	5%	10%	7%	10%	5%	10%	5%	10%	9%	5%	3%	7%	8%	9%	6%	11%	8%	6%
Net:	56%	62%	50%	65%	58%	54%	41%	55%	48%	61%	72%	84%	54%	59%	50%	61%	52%	56%	53%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(16.C) Are you satisfied or dissatisfied with how often you currently work from home or from an alternative place of work?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1251	464	359	81	159	289	421	98	142	758	95	211	25	5	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	1268	463	360	85	163	290	424	100	145	766	98	213	25	5	195	158	120	144	650
Very Satisfied	26%	26%	25%	35%	22%	26%	27%	34%	37%	25%	27%	24%	31%	0%	48%	38%	28%	10%	20%
Satisfied	37%	39%	38%	35%	33%	45%	37%	33%	36%	38%	37%	34%	32%	55%	34%	46%	52%	55%	29%
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	25%	25%	22%	20%	34%	20%	22%	24%	24%	25%	20%	25%	25%	45%	12%	13%	16%	22%	33%
Dissatisfied	5%	4%	7%	5%	4%	3%	6%	3%	1%	5%	3%	8%	9%	0%	4%	3%	4%	10%	5%
Very Dissatisfied	2%	2%	4%	0%	1%	2%	3%	1%	0%	3%	6%	2%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	4%
Don't Know	4%	4%	3%	6%	5%	4%	4%	5%	2%	4%	7%	6%	4%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	8%
Total Satisfied:	63%	65%	64%	70%	55%	71%	64%	67%	74%	63%	64%	58%	63%	55%	82%	84%	80%	65%	49%
Total Dissatisfied:	8%	6%	11%	5%	6%	5%	10%	4%	1%	8%	9%	11%	9%	0%	5%	3%	4%	12%	9%
Net:	56%	59%	52%	65%	49%	66%	54%	64%	73%	55%	55%	48%	55%	55%	77%	80%	75%	53%	40%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who are in work

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(17.A) Since the Coronavirus pandemic, there has been an increase in the number of people working from home. In your view, what are the advantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
It will mean people save money on commuting	68%	55%	59%	66%	71%	72%	80%	68%	67%	71%	69%	63%	68%	65%	58%	66%	79%	69%	72%
None - there are no advantages	5%	2%	3%	4%	5%	9%	8%	3%	6%	4%	4%	7%	5%	6%	10%	5%	2%	7%	6%
It will mean people can spend more time with their families	47%	46%	52%	49%	46%	46%	45%	47%	43%	46%	56%	44%	47%	48%	46%	48%	49%	43%	50%
It means people can save more as they do not need to live near their workplace	46%	37%	40%	45%	48%	49%	56%	45%	45%	54%	47%	44%	48%	45%	43%	45%	57%	36%	42%
It will have a positive effect on the environment	43%	38%	40%	42%	45%	48%	43%	40%	45%	51%	47%	41%	43%	40%	45%	36%	43%	42%	35%
It means businesses save money on rent	39%	26%	31%	43%	43%	44%	44%	40%	39%	48%	41%	34%	36%	34%	32%	40%	42%	38%	29%
It makes jobs more accessible	35%	47%	44%	43%	32%	22%	24%	35%	32%	31%	35%	35%	36%	37%	42%	36%	41%	31%	36%
It will have a positive effect on people's mental health	32%	35%	39%	35%	39%	27%	18%	36%	28%	32%	30%	33%	32%	28%	26%	33%	34%	30%	22%
It helps new businesses get off the ground without needing to commit to office space	29%	29%	26%	26%	28%	28%	34%	32%	28%	31%	34%	21%	30%	26%	25%	27%	35%	23%	19%
It will mean people are more productive	23%	23%	27%	28%	26%	18%	17%	27%	20%	24%	23%	15%	21%	19%	27%	25%	27%	22%	23%
It will help boost the economy in the areas where people live	18%	16%	19%	16%	20%	17%	18%	20%	18%	14%	16%	17%	18%	12%	17%	18%	24%	17%	22%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Don't Know	4%	2%	2%	3%	5%	5%	5%	2%	5%	4%	4%	6%	4%	4%	4%	2%	4%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(17.B) Since the Coronavirus pandemic, there has been an increase in the number of people working from home. In your view, what are the advantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
It will mean people save money on commuting	68%	63%	72%	67%	72%	65%	68%	66%	65%	71%	66%	61%	69%	68%	69%	70%	63%	73%	71%
None - there are no advantages	5%	6%	4%	3%	5%	7%	7%	9%	4%	3%	1%	0%	8%	4%	1%	7%	3%	3%	3%
It will mean people can spend more time with their families	47%	45%	49%	51%	48%	44%	45%	40%	48%	53%	53%	33%	43%	49%	49%	44%	49%	57%	49%
It means people can save more as they do not need to live near their workplace	46%	44%	49%	49%	48%	45%	44%	41%	43%	50%	56%	43%	46%	47%	47%	49%	42%	55%	49%
It will have a positive effect on the environment	43%	41%	44%	45%	44%	44%	37%	35%	41%	48%	52%	51%	38%	48%	42%	44%	42%	53%	43%
It means businesses save money on rent	39%	38%	39%	41%	38%	40%	36%	33%	39%	44%	42%	33%	41%	39%	36%	42%	37%	45%	36%
It makes jobs more accessible	35%	35%	35%	37%	35%	34%	34%	26%	37%	44%	38%	47%	28%	39%	40%	31%	38%	41%	44%
It will have a positive effect on people's mental health	32%	30%	33%	36%	35%	28%	27%	24%	32%	38%	41%	32%	26%	37%	32%	28%	36%	38%	31%
It helps new businesses get off the ground without needing to commit to office space	29%	26%	31%	33%	27%	28%	27%	24%	27%	32%	33%	25%	26%	30%	32%	29%	29%	36%	29%
It will mean people are more productive	23%	21%	25%	28%	24%	19%	20%	16%	23%	31%	30%	25%	19%	27%	21%	21%	29%	26%	23%
It will help boost the economy in the areas where people live	18%	18%	18%	22%	18%	14%	15%	13%	19%	22%	26%	25%	15%	21%	18%	17%	21%	23%	13%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%
Don't Know	4%	3%	4%	2%	3%	3%	7%	6%	3%	2%	2%	0%	4%	3%	7%	3%	4%	2%	7%

Note:
 BASE: All Respondents
 Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022
 Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(17.C) Since the Coronavirus pandemic, there has been an increase in the number of people working from home. In your view, what are the advantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote				Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency				
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
It will mean people save money on commuting	68%	69%	64%	75%	70%	67%	66%	70%	67%	68%	73%	72%	63%	52%	59%	63%	63%	64%	66%
None - there are no advantages	5%	7%	2%	3%	4%	7%	3%	3%	3%	5%	7%	5%	3%	4%	2%	0%	1%	3%	8%
It will mean people can spend more time with their families	47%	43%	52%	51%	50%	43%	50%	56%	45%	46%	51%	49%	52%	46%	41%	53%	50%	46%	44%
It means people can save more as they do not need to live near their workplace	46%	48%	43%	55%	45%	46%	44%	59%	45%	46%	47%	51%	51%	34%	41%	42%	45%	37%	43%
It will have a positive effect on the environment	43%	42%	42%	57%	38%	43%	43%	54%	49%	41%	41%	46%	46%	32%	46%	46%	41%	39%	38%
It means businesses save money on rent	39%	41%	36%	46%	38%	40%	37%	44%	43%	38%	38%	42%	44%	23%	38%	37%	32%	36%	35%
It makes jobs more accessible	35%	29%	40%	42%	41%	32%	39%	45%	33%	33%	40%	39%	36%	40%	38%	43%	37%	41%	31%
It will have a positive effect on people's mental health	32%	28%	37%	35%	34%	28%	36%	43%	33%	31%	35%	31%	44%	28%	48%	55%	45%	37%	25%
It helps new businesses get off the ground without needing to commit to office space	29%	28%	31%	33%	31%	28%	29%	33%	29%	28%	27%	32%	32%	24%	25%	29%	27%	30%	23%
It will mean people are more productive	23%	19%	30%	25%	20%	20%	28%	28%	21%	22%	25%	27%	29%	21%	34%	41%	22%	22%	17%
It will help boost the economy in the areas where people live	18%	17%	21%	21%	11%	17%	20%	22%	16%	18%	17%	18%	27%	12%	22%	25%	17%	19%	13%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%
Don't Know	4%	4%	3%	1%	5%	2%	3%	2%	0%	4%	3%	3%	8%	17%	0%	2%	2%	1%	5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(18.A) And what are the disadvantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
None - there are no disadvantages	9%	6%	12%	8%	12%	12%	7%	8%	9%	8%	12%	8%	9%	8%	14%	9%	11%	11%	8%
It will mean people spend less time with their colleagues	51%	39%	44%	44%	49%	56%	69%	46%	51%	59%	51%	51%	48%	55%	50%	48%	56%	46%	53%
Don't Know	5%	4%	2%	5%	7%	5%	4%	5%	6%	2%	3%	6%	2%	5%	4%	6%	4%	6%	11%
It will mean people lose money on heating and electricity bills	44%	30%	40%	42%	46%	51%	50%	39%	40%	48%	39%	42%	44%	58%	40%	45%	47%	40%	43%
It will have a negative effect on the environment	4%	7%	5%	6%	4%	2%	3%	8%	2%	2%	3%	3%	7%	2%	2%	5%	6%	4%	6%
It will damage the economy in the areas where people would normally work	31%	21%	21%	27%	31%	33%	49%	33%	30%	34%	36%	30%	30%	33%	25%	26%	33%	27%	33%
It means businesses or public services waste money paying for offices which are not used	30%	23%	24%	26%	27%	32%	46%	29%	33%	34%	31%	34%	30%	24%	28%	33%	25%	31%	31%
It will mean people are less productive	28%	32%	22%	27%	26%	28%	31%	26%	27%	31%	28%	32%	27%	27%	24%	26%	28%	27%	33%
It will have a negative effect on people's mental health	27%	31%	26%	27%	25%	22%	30%	27%	26%	38%	27%	20%	28%	26%	25%	24%	27%	25%	37%
It means people spend more as they need to have a work from home set-up	17%	25%	19%	16%	15%	15%	14%	19%	15%	17%	16%	18%	21%	17%	19%	16%	13%	18%	19%
It makes it more difficult for new businesses to get off the ground as they need to cater to different preferences for how to work	14%	16%	13%	13%	13%	12%	16%	18%	14%	14%	9%	20%	13%	12%	14%	12%	9%	10%	25%
It makes jobs less accessible	11%	13%	12%	12%	10%	11%	10%	15%	12%	8%	11%	9%	14%	12%	8%	11%	9%	10%	11%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(18.B) And what are the disadvantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
None - there are no disadvantages	9%	9%	9%	10%	11%	7%	9%	8%	8%	10%	10%	6%	9%	10%	10%	9%	11%	10%	12%
It will mean people spend less time with their colleagues	51%	48%	54%	53%	54%	49%	47%	50%	47%	54%	52%	42%	52%	52%	46%	55%	46%	55%	49%
Don't Know	5%	5%	5%	2%	4%	4%	9%	7%	4%	2%	4%	0%	4%	4%	9%	3%	4%	2%	9%
It will mean people lose money on heating and electricity bills	44%	40%	47%	40%	47%	47%	41%	42%	45%	40%	38%	33%	46%	43%	42%	45%	42%	48%	42%
It will have a negative effect on the environment	4%	6%	3%	6%	4%	5%	3%	3%	4%	5%	7%	12%	3%	6%	4%	5%	5%	3%	3%
It will damage the economy in the areas where people would normally work	31%	34%	28%	32%	33%	30%	30%	31%	30%	35%	27%	28%	36%	29%	28%	38%	25%	40%	23%
It means businesses or public services waste money paying for offices which are not used	30%	31%	30%	31%	30%	32%	29%	31%	27%	32%	28%	32%	34%	29%	28%	38%	23%	36%	27%
It will mean people are less productive	28%	30%	25%	24%	27%	31%	29%	29%	31%	23%	22%	27%	31%	23%	28%	33%	20%	26%	28%
It will have a negative effect on people's mental health	27%	22%	32%	23%	27%	31%	29%	26%	30%	25%	24%	17%	28%	24%	31%	28%	23%	26%	29%
It means people spend more as they need to have a work from home set-up	17%	17%	17%	17%	19%	18%	15%	14%	18%	18%	15%	44%	14%	20%	17%	16%	19%	16%	18%
It makes it more difficult for new businesses to get off the ground as they need to cater to different preferences for how to work	14%	15%	12%	16%	12%	14%	13%	13%	15%	14%	17%	20%	14%	14%	12%	16%	13%	15%	10%
It makes jobs less accessible	11%	15%	8%	12%	10%	13%	12%	12%	10%	12%	14%	15%	13%	11%	9%	12%	11%	11%	11%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(18.C) And what are the disadvantages, if any, of this increase in working from home? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote				Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency					
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
None - there are no disadvantages	9%	9%	10%	8%	12%	8%	10%	10%	12%	10%	6%	9%	7%	6%	18%	15%	10%	11%	6%
It will mean people spend less time with their colleagues	51%	55%	45%	55%	47%	56%	48%	52%	48%	52%	51%	54%	50%	40%	41%	47%	43%	39%	51%
Don't Know	5%	4%	4%	3%	7%	3%	4%	3%	2%	4%	5%	4%	15%	18%	1%	1%	3%	4%	6%
It will mean people lose money on heating and electricity bills	44%	45%	43%	45%	44%	44%	42%	46%	39%	43%	48%	49%	36%	30%	38%	38%	36%	39%	46%
It will have a negative effect on the environment	4%	5%	5%	4%	3%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	4%	3%	5%	7%	6%	7%	8%	6%	3%
It will damage the economy in the areas where people would normally work	31%	37%	23%	43%	24%	38%	24%	38%	25%	33%	31%	33%	23%	18%	19%	24%	29%	30%	28%
It means businesses or public services waste money paying for offices which are not used	30%	37%	24%	34%	23%	37%	25%	38%	25%	30%	41%	32%	31%	24%	24%	24%	24%	27%	27%
It will mean people are less productive	28%	33%	19%	27%	27%	34%	21%	27%	31%	28%	27%	25%	14%	37%	14%	13%	19%	18%	34%
It will have a negative effect on people's mental health	27%	28%	23%	26%	31%	31%	24%	27%	24%	27%	25%	30%	17%	36%	14%	15%	20%	22%	34%
It means people spend more as they need to have a work from home set-up	17%	16%	19%	15%	17%	17%	18%	14%	15%	17%	21%	17%	15%	22%	18%	22%	12%	17%	19%
It makes it more difficult for new businesses to get off the ground as they need to cater to different preferences for how to work	14%	15%	12%	14%	12%	15%	11%	17%	15%	14%	15%	12%	14%	19%	13%	13%	14%	16%	15%
It makes jobs less accessible	11%	13%	11%	9%	11%	13%	10%	10%	8%	13%	15%	9%	14%	10%	11%	7%	11%	9%	14%
Other (Please Specify)	1%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	0%	3%	2%	0%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(19.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee mental health

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	15%	21%	21%	20%	15%	9%	5%	18%	15%	14%	14%	14%	12%	11%	18%	11%	15%	21%	21%
Positive effect	28%	31%	35%	28%	31%	24%	20%	30%	25%	31%	29%	31%	29%	26%	27%	32%	24%	26%	17%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	25%	16%	21%	22%	21%	36%	35%	25%	30%	21%	23%	23%	30%	31%	23%	22%	28%	27%	16%
Negative effect	21%	18%	16%	17%	22%	22%	26%	17%	21%	23%	22%	23%	17%	17%	24%	23%	22%	16%	31%
Very negative effect	6%	9%	4%	6%	4%	4%	7%	4%	5%	7%	6%	3%	6%	7%	6%	8%	5%	7%	7%
Don't Know	6%	5%	3%	6%	6%	5%	7%	6%	5%	4%	6%	6%	7%	8%	2%	4%	6%	4%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(19.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee mental health

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	15%	15%	15%	17%	16%	14%	12%	11%	14%	19%	24%	36%	11%	18%	14%	13%	18%	16%	14%
Positive effect	28%	30%	26%	31%	30%	24%	25%	24%	29%	32%	37%	33%	24%	31%	28%	26%	35%	26%	28%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	25%	28%	24%	23%	24%	27%	28%	29%	25%	22%	20%	25%	29%	25%	24%	27%	22%	31%	25%
Negative effect	21%	16%	25%	19%	18%	23%	22%	22%	20%	19%	14%	6%	22%	18%	24%	23%	16%	21%	19%
Very negative effect	6%	6%	6%	5%	5%	7%	6%	7%	7%	4%	2%	0%	7%	4%	5%	6%	5%	2%	6%
Don't Know	6%	6%	5%	4%	6%	5%	7%	6%	6%	4%	4%	0%	6%	4%	5%	5%	4%	5%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(19.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee mental health

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	15%	14%	20%	15%	11%	12%	18%	16%	17%	14%	19%	14%	19%	11%	33%	31%	18%	14%	11%
Positive effect	28%	25%	34%	28%	31%	26%	33%	30%	29%	29%	29%	28%	28%	18%	32%	37%	48%	34%	25%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	25%	26%	21%	31%	25%	28%	23%	27%	30%	26%	21%	24%	26%	17%	20%	20%	19%	23%	25%
Negative effect	21%	23%	16%	21%	20%	22%	17%	18%	16%	20%	19%	23%	15%	24%	9%	9%	11%	22%	24%
Very negative effect	6%	7%	5%	1%	7%	7%	5%	4%	4%	5%	8%	7%	3%	12%	1%	1%	1%	4%	10%
Don't Know	6%	5%	4%	4%	7%	4%	4%	5%	4%	5%	4%	5%	9%	18%	4%	3%	3%	3%	6%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(20.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee motivation

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	11%	14%	18%	15%	10%	6%	3%	13%	11%	10%	8%	13%	8%	8%	10%	11%	13%	10%	13%
Positive effect	27%	33%	37%	29%	26%	22%	17%	30%	24%	29%	27%	22%	29%	25%	25%	28%	25%	36%	19%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	23%	22%	24%	28%	30%	32%	30%	30%	25%	27%	25%	23%	26%	21%	29%	28%	28%	17%
Negative effect	26%	22%	17%	25%	26%	29%	33%	21%	26%	23%	28%	26%	28%	28%	31%	26%	25%	20%	31%
Very negative effect	6%	6%	3%	5%	5%	7%	9%	3%	4%	8%	7%	8%	6%	8%	7%	4%	4%	5%	13%
Don't Know	4%	3%	2%	3%	5%	6%	6%	3%	5%	3%	4%	6%	6%	6%	5%	2%	5%	1%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(20.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee motivation

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	11%	11%	10%	12%	12%	10%	7%	6%	9%	14%	17%	34%	8%	13%	10%	10%	13%	12%	9%
Positive effect	27%	27%	27%	31%	29%	22%	24%	21%	27%	32%	36%	20%	23%	31%	25%	24%	33%	27%	26%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	28%	26%	27%	25%	30%	26%	30%	29%	26%	23%	31%	28%	26%	26%	28%	25%	27%	26%
Negative effect	26%	24%	28%	21%	26%	28%	28%	30%	25%	21%	19%	12%	28%	22%	31%	28%	21%	29%	27%
Very negative effect	6%	6%	5%	5%	4%	7%	6%	8%	5%	4%	2%	0%	8%	4%	3%	8%	4%	2%	5%
Don't Know	4%	5%	4%	3%	4%	3%	7%	5%	4%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%	6%	2%	4%	4%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(20.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee motivation

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	11%	9%	14%	10%	9%	10%	12%	11%	13%	11%	14%	8%	10%	8%	25%	20%	18%	10%	8%
Positive effect	27%	24%	33%	26%	25%	24%	31%	35%	26%	26%	27%	31%	33%	18%	35%	44%	36%	37%	22%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	28%	25%	30%	26%	26%	28%	23%	31%	27%	26%	27%	22%	27%	26%	19%	27%	25%	27%
Negative effect	26%	28%	20%	27%	30%	30%	22%	24%	23%	28%	23%	23%	27%	27%	12%	14%	16%	25%	30%
Very negative effect	6%	8%	4%	2%	5%	8%	3%	4%	5%	5%	7%	7%	1%	7%	1%	0%	1%	3%	8%
Don't Know	4%	3%	4%	4%	6%	2%	4%	3%	2%	4%	2%	3%	7%	13%	1%	3%	2%	0%	4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(21.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Colleague relationships

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	6%	8%	9%	9%	5%	3%	1%	9%	5%	6%	5%	6%	3%	5%	5%	5%	6%	5%	8%
Positive effect	10%	17%	16%	13%	8%	4%	2%	14%	10%	8%	10%	9%	12%	9%	13%	8%	6%	7%	0%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	24%	23%	22%	21%	23%	18%	23%	23%	20%	20%	17%	25%	17%	23%	25%	21%	21%	23%
Negative effect	44%	34%	37%	40%	48%	48%	54%	39%	43%	46%	46%	47%	43%	46%	39%	45%	49%	47%	39%
Very negative effect	15%	13%	11%	13%	14%	17%	21%	12%	15%	16%	16%	14%	14%	18%	14%	16%	14%	17%	27%
Don't Know	4%	5%	3%	3%	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	7%	3%	5%	6%	2%	4%	4%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(21.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Colleague relationships

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	6%	7%	4%	7%	6%	5%	4%	4%	5%	7%	11%	21%	4%	7%	6%	5%	6%	8%	4%
Positive effect	10%	10%	9%	11%	9%	10%	8%	6%	11%	12%	13%	5%	9%	10%	12%	10%	12%	7%	9%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	21%	22%	22%	24%	20%	21%	20%	23%	21%	26%	25%	19%	24%	24%	19%	26%	20%	25%
Negative effect	44%	41%	47%	46%	41%	44%	45%	47%	41%	47%	35%	41%	45%	46%	39%	45%	43%	46%	43%
Very negative effect	15%	16%	15%	12%	15%	17%	17%	18%	16%	10%	11%	3%	20%	10%	14%	19%	9%	16%	12%
Don't Know	4%	4%	3%	2%	4%	4%	5%	4%	3%	2%	4%	5%	3%	3%	5%	2%	4%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(21.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Colleague relationships

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	6%	5%	8%	7%	5%	6%	6%	8%	9%	6%	6%	4%	3%	2%	18%	12%	13%	8%	3%
Positive effect	10%	9%	12%	7%	9%	10%	12%	13%	11%	10%	12%	6%	10%	11%	13%	24%	13%	17%	6%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	19%	26%	19%	25%	18%	25%	21%	26%	21%	19%	23%	25%	25%	30%	27%	23%	21%	21%
Negative effect	44%	46%	41%	47%	40%	44%	44%	39%	39%	45%	46%	47%	40%	31%	29%	33%	42%	40%	47%
Very negative effect	15%	19%	8%	17%	15%	20%	10%	15%	12%	16%	15%	16%	16%	14%	7%	3%	6%	12%	20%
Don't Know	4%	2%	5%	3%	5%	2%	4%	4%	3%	3%	2%	3%	5%	17%	3%	1%	3%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(22.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Teamwork

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	6%	9%	12%	6%	5%	3%	1%	12%	6%	4%	5%	4%	5%	5%	2%	3%	6%	7%	8%
Positive effect	12%	19%	20%	15%	11%	5%	3%	17%	9%	10%	12%	14%	13%	8%	14%	11%	11%	12%	10%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	19%	25%	25%	27%	21%	18%	22%	25%	26%	21%	20%	20%	22%	30%	21%	21%	21%	20%
Negative effect	41%	36%	33%	38%	42%	46%	50%	35%	42%	36%	41%	41%	41%	47%	37%	44%	47%	44%	32%
Very negative effect	16%	12%	9%	14%	12%	22%	24%	11%	15%	21%	17%	13%	18%	15%	13%	19%	13%	15%	25%
Don't Know	3%	4%	2%	2%	3%	4%	4%	3%	3%	2%	4%	7%	3%	4%	4%	2%	2%	1%	5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(22.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Teamwork

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	6%	7%	5%	7%	6%	5%	4%	3%	6%	8%	11%	21%	5%	6%	8%	5%	7%	7%	5%
Positive effect	12%	12%	11%	16%	11%	12%	8%	8%	13%	14%	22%	19%	9%	14%	12%	11%	16%	15%	9%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	23%	21%	22%	23%	22%	21%	23%	22%	25%	22%	24%	20%	26%	22%	20%	28%	19%	23%
Negative effect	41%	37%	45%	38%	42%	41%	44%	43%	39%	39%	35%	33%	42%	42%	41%	42%	38%	40%	44%
Very negative effect	16%	17%	15%	14%	15%	16%	18%	21%	16%	12%	8%	3%	21%	10%	14%	20%	9%	16%	13%
Don't Know	3%	4%	3%	2%	3%	3%	4%	3%	4%	2%	3%	0%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	6%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(22.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Teamwork

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	6%	5%	8%	7%	5%	6%	6%	9%	8%	6%	5%	5%	5%	5%	20%	11%	13%	6%	2%
Positive effect	12%	10%	17%	13%	10%	11%	15%	18%	14%	13%	13%	8%	7%	12%	20%	29%	17%	22%	9%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	22%	20%	28%	19%	22%	19%	27%	20%	22%	22%	25%	23%	27%	20%	26%	30%	31%	17%	20%
Negative effect	41%	43%	36%	42%	43%	43%	39%	31%	39%	41%	39%	45%	42%	35%	26%	23%	34%	46%	45%
Very negative effect	16%	20%	8%	17%	16%	20%	10%	20%	14%	16%	16%	18%	11%	12%	6%	6%	3%	8%	21%
Don't Know	3%	3%	3%	2%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%	3%	2%	9%	17%	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(23.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee creativity

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	10%	17%	17%	11%	8%	4%	3%	13%	9%	9%	8%	10%	7%	10%	9%	8%	10%	12%	15%
Positive effect	27%	39%	36%	30%	25%	22%	15%	28%	24%	31%	23%	20%	31%	24%	29%	30%	30%	31%	15%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	31%	22%	26%	29%	33%	36%	38%	33%	34%	32%	31%	36%	35%	28%	25%	29%	25%	37%	17%
Negative effect	22%	12%	15%	21%	23%	26%	30%	17%	23%	18%	27%	22%	18%	25%	30%	24%	20%	14%	30%
Very negative effect	5%	6%	3%	3%	4%	5%	6%	4%	3%	4%	4%	5%	4%	6%	5%	5%	5%	3%	12%
Don't Know	6%	5%	3%	5%	7%	7%	9%	5%	7%	6%	8%	8%	6%	7%	1%	4%	9%	4%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(23.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee creativity

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	10%	10%	9%	11%	10%	10%	7%	5%	9%	12%	15%	30%	7%	11%	11%	9%	12%	11%	9%
Positive effect	27%	27%	27%	30%	27%	25%	25%	22%	30%	32%	38%	25%	20%	33%	27%	23%	35%	24%	24%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	31%	30%	32%	28%	31%	34%	32%	33%	31%	28%	28%	16%	34%	29%	33%	32%	30%	30%	34%
Negative effect	22%	20%	23%	20%	22%	21%	23%	27%	20%	20%	13%	12%	27%	18%	23%	26%	15%	24%	23%
Very negative effect	5%	6%	3%	5%	3%	5%	5%	6%	4%	3%	2%	4%	6%	4%	1%	6%	3%	3%	2%
Don't Know	6%	7%	6%	6%	7%	4%	8%	7%	6%	5%	4%	13%	6%	6%	5%	4%	6%	8%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(23.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee creativity

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	10%	9%	12%	9%	8%	9%	11%	14%	13%	10%	9%	7%	6%	8%	21%	18%	17%	10%	7%
Positive effect	27%	22%	36%	25%	24%	24%	32%	29%	27%	28%	25%	25%	37%	25%	34%	41%	37%	41%	23%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	31%	32%	29%	32%	32%	30%	32%	28%	35%	29%	32%	34%	26%	28%	30%	28%	25%	22%	30%
Negative effect	22%	26%	14%	23%	26%	27%	18%	20%	15%	23%	23%	22%	22%	12%	11%	11%	13%	21%	26%
Very negative effect	5%	6%	2%	1%	3%	6%	2%	4%	5%	5%	6%	4%	2%	8%	2%	0%	4%	4%	7%
Don't Know	6%	5%	6%	10%	7%	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	4%	7%	7%	18%	3%	2%	3%	2%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(24.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee productivity

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	11%	13%	18%	14%	9%	8%	4%	15%	10%	9%	12%	11%	8%	7%	13%	9%	10%	11%	19%
Positive effect	30%	33%	39%	32%	28%	25%	25%	30%	28%	29%	26%	26%	32%	30%	29%	33%	35%	36%	26%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	29%	23%	23%	28%	33%	33%	33%	28%	32%	33%	31%	30%	31%	30%	27%	28%	26%	25%	15%
Negative effect	20%	21%	14%	20%	21%	23%	22%	19%	21%	18%	21%	16%	20%	20%	21%	24%	21%	17%	27%
Very negative effect	5%	6%	3%	3%	3%	5%	8%	3%	4%	7%	6%	10%	3%	6%	7%	3%	2%	7%	7%
Don't Know	5%	4%	3%	3%	5%	6%	8%	4%	5%	3%	5%	8%	5%	6%	3%	3%	6%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(24.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee productivity

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	11%	11%	11%	14%	11%	10%	8%	8%	9%	14%	17%	38%	8%	13%	11%	10%	14%	12%	11%
Positive effect	30%	28%	32%	33%	34%	28%	26%	21%	30%	36%	40%	31%	26%	36%	28%	28%	37%	31%	26%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	29%	29%	29%	28%	27%	31%	30%	35%	29%	29%	21%	25%	31%	27%	29%	30%	27%	29%	31%
Negative effect	20%	20%	20%	17%	19%	22%	23%	23%	23%	15%	12%	6%	23%	16%	24%	22%	14%	22%	22%
Very negative effect	5%	6%	3%	5%	4%	5%	6%	7%	5%	2%	5%	0%	6%	3%	3%	7%	3%	1%	3%
Don't Know	5%	5%	5%	4%	5%	4%	7%	5%	4%	3%	6%	0%	5%	5%	5%	3%	5%	5%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(24.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee productivity

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	11%	10%	15%	11%	9%	9%	13%	14%	13%	11%	8%	12%	5%	7%	27%	22%	20%	8%	7%
Positive effect	30%	27%	38%	30%	29%	27%	36%	34%	29%	30%	32%	31%	39%	26%	35%	41%	41%	40%	25%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	29%	31%	27%	31%	28%	31%	28%	25%	32%	28%	33%	28%	31%	25%	25%	26%	27%	30%	30%
Negative effect	20%	23%	12%	22%	23%	23%	15%	19%	17%	22%	18%	19%	15%	18%	9%	8%	9%	17%	27%
Very negative effect	5%	7%	3%	1%	4%	6%	3%	3%	4%	5%	5%	5%	2%	9%	2%	1%	0%	4%	7%
Don't Know	5%	4%	5%	5%	6%	3%	4%	6%	4%	4%	4%	4%	9%	14%	3%	2%	3%	2%	4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(25.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee concentration and focus

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	11%	13%	16%	13%	11%	8%	6%	13%	11%	9%	12%	13%	8%	10%	12%	9%	12%	11%	15%
Positive effect	27%	30%	36%	29%	24%	20%	21%	31%	25%	22%	21%	26%	31%	25%	33%	27%	28%	27%	17%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	20%	22%	25%	29%	31%	31%	28%	32%	30%	27%	22%	22%	27%	19%	30%	21%	32%	19%
Negative effect	25%	25%	19%	22%	26%	31%	26%	20%	23%	25%	28%	26%	27%	26%	28%	25%	28%	16%	30%
Very negative effect	6%	7%	3%	6%	4%	5%	10%	3%	5%	9%	8%	7%	5%	8%	4%	4%	7%	9%	11%
Don't Know	5%	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%	6%	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	6%	5%	4%	4%	4%	5%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(25.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee concentration and focus

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	11%	10%	12%	14%	12%	9%	9%	8%	10%	16%	14%	27%	9%	13%	10%	12%	13%	11%	10%
Positive effect	27%	25%	28%	29%	29%	27%	21%	20%	27%	29%	44%	23%	24%	31%	25%	24%	33%	31%	20%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	28%	26%	28%	24%	24%	31%	30%	24%	28%	19%	28%	26%	27%	30%	26%	28%	24%	32%
Negative effect	25%	25%	24%	19%	25%	30%	26%	28%	28%	18%	13%	16%	28%	20%	27%	26%	18%	25%	25%
Very negative effect	6%	7%	5%	7%	5%	6%	7%	8%	6%	4%	3%	3%	8%	3%	4%	9%	3%	3%	6%
Don't Know	5%	5%	5%	3%	7%	4%	6%	5%	4%	5%	5%	2%	5%	5%	4%	3%	4%	5%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(25.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Employee concentration and focus

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	11%	10%	16%	12%	9%	10%	13%	17%	11%	11%	11%	11%	12%	10%	22%	23%	18%	10%	7%
Positive effect	27%	23%	33%	29%	22%	25%	31%	32%	26%	26%	31%	29%	21%	19%	36%	43%	35%	38%	22%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	27%	27%	26%	25%	29%	26%	29%	19%	32%	26%	26%	24%	33%	20%	27%	26%	30%	25%	23%
Negative effect	25%	27%	17%	24%	27%	29%	20%	21%	23%	26%	22%	24%	21%	22%	11%	3%	14%	23%	34%
Very negative effect	6%	8%	3%	5%	7%	8%	3%	6%	6%	6%	7%	7%	0%	8%	2%	1%	1%	2%	8%
Don't Know	5%	4%	5%	6%	6%	2%	4%	5%	3%	4%	3%	5%	13%	20%	2%	4%	3%	2%	5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(26.A) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Company profits

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive effect	11%	12%	14%	15%	10%	9%	6%	11%	11%	9%	12%	10%	10%	9%	9%	8%	10%	14%	18%
Positive effect	34%	34%	43%	39%	30%	33%	27%	39%	32%	35%	34%	30%	34%	35%	36%	31%	39%	38%	16%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	36%	32%	31%	32%	39%	35%	43%	33%	36%	36%	32%	36%	34%	39%	38%	44%	31%	33%	39%
Negative effect	7%	9%	5%	6%	8%	7%	5%	5%	7%	8%	9%	4%	8%	5%	5%	7%	7%	5%	13%
Very negative effect	2%	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	2%	4%	3%	1%	2%	1%	1%	3%	2%
Don't Know	11%	10%	5%	7%	12%	13%	17%	10%	12%	9%	12%	17%	11%	11%	10%	8%	12%	7%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(26.B) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Company profits

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive effect	11%	12%	9%	13%	9%	10%	10%	8%	9%	13%	17%	23%	10%	11%	10%	9%	12%	17%	10%
Positive effect	34%	36%	32%	36%	34%	36%	32%	30%	35%	41%	32%	39%	31%	38%	35%	33%	39%	31%	34%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	36%	33%	39%	33%	39%	34%	37%	42%	34%	31%	35%	24%	37%	34%	38%	38%	33%	34%	38%
Negative effect	7%	7%	7%	6%	6%	7%	8%	8%	7%	4%	6%	2%	7%	5%	6%	7%	5%	5%	7%
Very negative effect	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	3%	3%	1%	2%	3%	2%	1%	2%
Don't Know	11%	10%	12%	10%	12%	10%	12%	12%	12%	10%	9%	9%	12%	10%	10%	9%	10%	12%	10%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(26.C) In general, do you think working from home rather than at an office has a positive or negative effect on the following?: Company profits

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive effect	11%	10%	12%	14%	9%	11%	11%	16%	12%	11%	13%	9%	13%	6%	19%	16%	14%	9%	10%
Positive effect	34%	32%	41%	27%	33%	31%	40%	35%	38%	38%	23%	30%	31%	22%	38%	41%	42%	41%	32%
Neither a positive nor negative effect	36%	37%	30%	42%	39%	39%	32%	34%	31%	34%	40%	41%	36%	42%	30%	30%	33%	30%	37%
Negative effect	7%	7%	5%	5%	8%	8%	5%	5%	7%	6%	9%	7%	8%	6%	4%	3%	3%	12%	8%
Very negative effect	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	1%	0%	3%	1%	1%	2%	3%	2%
Don't Know	11%	10%	11%	10%	10%	7%	10%	10%	11%	9%	11%	12%	12%	22%	8%	9%	6%	5%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(27.A) In your view, which of the following groups of people most want to work from home rather than in an office or other work environment? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
People with children or childcare responsibilities	69%	64%	71%	69%	67%	66%	75%	71%	67%	74%	68%	69%	69%	67%	65%	70%	73%	66%	66%
Older people	33%	31%	33%	30%	33%	35%	35%	41%	36%	31%	30%	26%	29%	31%	31%	33%	39%	26%	31%
Younger people	30%	51%	38%	28%	24%	20%	22%	28%	30%	29%	26%	42%	32%	29%	23%	30%	29%	31%	27%
Those on low incomes	30%	30%	34%	31%	32%	24%	25%	29%	28%	27%	29%	34%	33%	26%	28%	26%	41%	24%	29%
Senior workers e.g. managers, directors	27%	24%	30%	32%	32%	26%	19%	34%	25%	31%	25%	23%	26%	28%	24%	26%	30%	22%	18%
Those on high incomes	22%	21%	22%	27%	24%	22%	15%	23%	22%	22%	23%	22%	24%	21%	20%	20%	20%	18%	17%
Junior workers	16%	22%	20%	14%	15%	12%	12%	17%	16%	15%	15%	23%	15%	9%	14%	15%	13%	23%	17%
None of the above	2%	1%	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%	0%	2%	3%	2%	0%	3%	1%	3%	3%	1%	2%	0%
Don't Know	11%	5%	6%	8%	15%	16%	15%	6%	11%	10%	11%	15%	10%	15%	16%	9%	10%	16%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(27.B) In your view, which of the following groups of people most want to work from home rather than in an office or other work environment? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
People with children or childcare responsibilities	69%	63%	75%	70%	71%	66%	68%	65%	68%	71%	67%	70%	68%	71%	65%	70%	70%	69%	65%
Older people	33%	32%	34%	33%	35%	32%	31%	31%	34%	32%	40%	30%	31%	35%	30%	31%	34%	36%	34%
Younger people	30%	32%	27%	35%	30%	28%	26%	25%	33%	32%	31%	33%	26%	30%	31%	29%	32%	22%	29%
Those on low incomes	30%	29%	30%	29%	31%	29%	29%	26%	31%	33%	29%	25%	27%	31%	33%	27%	32%	29%	34%
Senior workers e.g. managers, directors	27%	28%	26%	27%	26%	30%	25%	26%	23%	26%	34%	41%	29%	27%	25%	28%	30%	30%	21%
Those on high incomes	22%	25%	18%	23%	20%	21%	22%	20%	21%	21%	28%	27%	23%	20%	22%	23%	22%	27%	15%
Junior workers	16%	18%	13%	19%	17%	14%	13%	12%	17%	20%	18%	21%	14%	17%	13%	16%	17%	14%	14%
None of the above	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	2%	2%	0%	0%	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%	3%
Don't Know	11%	11%	11%	8%	11%	10%	14%	15%	9%	10%	9%	4%	11%	10%	14%	11%	9%	9%	16%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(27.C) In your view, which of the following groups of people most want to work from home rather than in an office or other work environment? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
People with children or childcare responsibilities	69%	69%	70%	72%	64%	71%	70%	72%	66%	69%	71%	73%	55%	61%	66%	61%	64%	68%	69%
Older people	33%	30%	35%	35%	31%	31%	33%	41%	32%	31%	37%	38%	30%	35%	32%	30%	36%	37%	30%
Younger people	30%	29%	34%	21%	27%	29%	35%	19%	26%	33%	31%	24%	25%	39%	31%	41%	29%	34%	29%
Those on low incomes	30%	26%	33%	31%	32%	26%	34%	32%	31%	30%	29%	29%	25%	26%	37%	31%	32%	34%	26%
Senior workers e.g. managers, directors	27%	27%	28%	33%	24%	29%	27%	33%	29%	27%	30%	27%	34%	18%	29%	29%	31%	31%	31%
Those on high incomes	22%	23%	21%	24%	17%	21%	22%	26%	22%	23%	19%	20%	14%	18%	28%	27%	30%	20%	22%
Junior workers	16%	16%	17%	17%	11%	15%	16%	18%	12%	18%	13%	13%	13%	17%	21%	26%	20%	18%	11%
None of the above	2%	2%	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	4%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Don't Know	11%	11%	9%	8%	15%	9%	9%	8%	11%	9%	8%	14%	19%	15%	13%	6%	9%	2%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(28.A) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
An employer should be able to decide what working situation is best for their employees	43%	30%	36%	37%	43%	51%	55%	42%	45%	43%	43%	43%	37%	40%	46%	46%	42%	39%	46%
Employees themselves should be able to decide what working situation is best for them	48%	65%	59%	56%	46%	36%	32%	48%	46%	48%	46%	50%	54%	47%	45%	45%	50%	53%	47%
Don't know	9%	5%	5%	7%	11%	14%	13%	10%	9%	9%	12%	6%	8%	13%	9%	9%	7%	7%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(28.B) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
An employer should be able to decide what working situation is best for their employees	43%	51%	35%	47%	39%	47%	39%	47%	43%	38%	39%	50%	50%	41%	31%	54%	36%	43%	30%
Employees themselves should be able to decide what working situation is best for them	48%	42%	54%	47%	51%	45%	49%	41%	48%	55%	58%	44%	41%	51%	58%	38%	56%	45%	57%
Don't know	9%	7%	11%	7%	10%	8%	12%	11%	9%	7%	3%	6%	9%	9%	11%	8%	8%	12%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(28.C) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
An employer should be able to decide what working situation is best for their employees	43%	55%	33%	43%	31%	57%	36%	45%	46%	44%	36%	42%	48%	34%	38%	34%	29%	39%	45%
Employees themselves should be able to decide what working situation is best for them	48%	37%	58%	46%	56%	37%	55%	47%	46%	48%	56%	49%	41%	47%	55%	62%	66%	56%	46%
Don't know	9%	8%	8%	11%	13%	6%	9%	8%	8%	8%	8%	9%	11%	19%	6%	3%	5%	6%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(29.A) The civil service is a group of employees who work to support the Government and policy decision making. We are referring here to the civil service which works in the administration of Government business, and NOT other publicly funded jobs (e.g. police, army, NHS employees). Are any of the following true for you? Please select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
I currently work in the civil service	5%	5%	9%	8%	3%	3%	1%	6%	3%	2%	3%	6%	5%	4%	7%	5%	4%	7%	10%
I do not work in the civil service, but I often work with the civil service through my work	4%	7%	7%	5%	4%	3%	1%	8%	4%	5%	4%	5%	6%	1%	5%	1%	4%	4%	6%
I have a close friend or family member who works in the civil service	13%	21%	21%	14%	9%	8%	8%	21%	12%	11%	9%	9%	10%	12%	18%	15%	10%	10%	28%
I have worked in the civil service in the past, although do not currently	10%	8%	10%	7%	6%	14%	16%	13%	7%	9%	11%	8%	11%	10%	14%	9%	14%	6%	17%
None of the above	70%	61%	60%	70%	77%	74%	77%	61%	76%	76%	74%	72%	72%	76%	63%	71%	69%	73%	40%
Don't Know	2%	5%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	3%	1%	1%	2%	4%	2%	1%	3%	5%	1%	2%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(29.B) The civil service is a group of employees who work to support the Government and policy decision making. We are referring here to the civil service which works in the administration of Government business, and NOT other publicly funded jobs (e.g. police, army, NHS employees). Are any of the following true for you? Please select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
I currently work in the civil service	5%	6%	4%	8%	7%	3%	1%	3%	5%	8%	6%	16%	4%	6%	5%	5%	5%	7%	2%
I do not work in the civil service, but I often work with the civil service through my work	4%	5%	3%	6%	4%	5%	3%	2%	5%	6%	10%	13%	3%	5%	7%	4%	6%	6%	4%
I have a close friend or family member who works in the civil service	13%	14%	13%	17%	13%	12%	10%	8%	14%	15%	26%	37%	9%	19%	6%	11%	19%	19%	5%
I have worked in the civil service in the past, although do not currently	10%	11%	9%	15%	12%	8%	6%	8%	10%	11%	21%	20%	11%	12%	7%	11%	11%	14%	6%
None of the above	70%	69%	71%	63%	66%	75%	78%	79%	66%	67%	48%	40%	76%	63%	76%	72%	64%	63%	83%
Don't Know	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	2%	0%	0%	1%	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%	3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(29.C) The civil service is a group of employees who work to support the Government and policy decision making. We are referring here to the civil service which works in the administration of Government business, and NOT other publicly funded jobs (e.g. police, army, NHS employees). Are any of the following true for you? Please select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
I currently work in the civil service	5%	4%	6%	8%	4%	4%	5%	6%	5%	3%	9%	10%	0%	1%	12%	18%	14%	4%	3%
I do not work in the civil service, but I often work with the civil service through my work	4%	3%	6%	6%	5%	3%	6%	3%	6%	4%	5%	5%	0%	1%	7%	10%	15%	3%	4%
I have a close friend or family member who works in the civil service	13%	10%	20%	20%	5%	11%	19%	19%	16%	12%	25%	13%	16%	7%	16%	19%	22%	17%	12%
I have worked in the civil service in the past, although do not currently	10%	11%	11%	15%	7%	12%	10%	15%	15%	7%	13%	18%	12%	0%	15%	11%	13%	12%	5%
None of the above	70%	74%	63%	62%	79%	73%	65%	64%	63%	77%	55%	56%	73%	82%	60%	52%	48%	67%	75%
Don't Know	2%	2%	3%	0%	3%	2%	2%	1%	4%	1%	2%	2%	3%	9%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(30.A) Would you say that you have a positive or negative opinion of the civil service?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very positive	7%	10%	12%	10%	5%	4%	3%	12%	6%	5%	4%	6%	5%	7%	6%	7%	7%	11%	13%
Positive	27%	29%	36%	31%	23%	22%	23%	31%	21%	23%	30%	28%	31%	24%	26%	29%	30%	24%	23%
Neither positive nor negative	43%	44%	36%	45%	44%	44%	43%	39%	48%	49%	43%	44%	39%	47%	47%	42%	39%	34%	38%
Negative	12%	5%	9%	5%	16%	17%	20%	10%	15%	12%	13%	9%	12%	13%	14%	12%	11%	23%	9%
Very negative	5%	1%	2%	3%	5%	10%	9%	1%	6%	5%	4%	9%	4%	5%	6%	5%	8%	4%	12%
Don't Know	5%	11%	5%	5%	7%	2%	2%	6%	4%	6%	5%	5%	8%	4%	2%	4%	6%	4%	6%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(30.B) Would you say that you have a positive or negative opinion of the civil service?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very positive	7%	9%	6%	10%	7%	6%	6%	4%	6%	9%	18%	35%	5%	11%	6%	6%	10%	10%	4%
Positive	27%	30%	25%	32%	30%	26%	21%	18%	29%	34%	35%	30%	23%	33%	24%	26%	34%	36%	20%
Neither positive nor negative	43%	37%	48%	35%	40%	46%	50%	48%	43%	40%	30%	27%	40%	41%	51%	38%	43%	39%	54%
Negative	12%	13%	12%	14%	13%	12%	11%	14%	12%	11%	12%	5%	19%	9%	7%	19%	7%	9%	7%
Very negative	5%	7%	3%	6%	5%	6%	4%	7%	5%	4%	1%	0%	10%	3%	2%	8%	2%	4%	4%
Don't Know	5%	5%	6%	3%	5%	4%	8%	8%	6%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%	10%	3%	3%	2%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(30.C) Would you say that you have a positive or negative opinion of the civil service?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very positive	7%	7%	9%	9%	5%	8%	9%	9%	11%	7%	8%	7%	11%	5%	21%	8%	10%	11%	4%
Positive	27%	26%	34%	37%	19%	30%	32%	35%	28%	27%	23%	29%	34%	17%	22%	48%	34%	38%	26%
Neither positive nor negative	43%	39%	43%	39%	54%	37%	45%	43%	39%	42%	48%	43%	32%	50%	40%	29%	34%	33%	49%
Negative	12%	18%	8%	9%	7%	17%	8%	8%	11%	14%	10%	12%	13%	7%	8%	8%	12%	13%	10%
Very negative	5%	8%	2%	4%	4%	6%	2%	3%	7%	6%	5%	4%	1%	2%	6%	4%	6%	2%	4%
Don't Know	5%	3%	4%	3%	11%	3%	5%	2%	4%	5%	6%	3%	8%	19%	3%	2%	4%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(31.A) Recently there has been a push for civil servants to work in the offices more often rather than at home. Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	26%	38%	33%	30%	23%	22%	12%	29%	24%	29%	23%	20%	22%	16%	41%	25%	26%	28%	45%
2	18%	23%	23%	19%	15%	12%	15%	18%	21%	9%	13%	22%	19%	25%	17%	16%	17%	19%	8%
3	25%	19%	23%	24%	24%	27%	30%	24%	26%	31%	32%	22%	21%	22%	21%	25%	26%	23%	9%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	20%	7%	12%	15%	20%	28%	34%	19%	21%	18%	19%	25%	19%	23%	14%	18%	18%	20%	30%
Don't Know	12%	13%	10%	13%	18%	11%	9%	9%	9%	13%	14%	11%	18%	14%	6%	15%	13%	10%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(31.B) Recently there has been a push for civil servants to work in the offices more often rather than at home. Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	26%	23%	28%	28%	27%	23%	24%	21%	28%	31%	34%	32%	18%	30%	28%	16%	33%	30%	31%
2	18%	17%	18%	20%	19%	16%	14%	13%	18%	22%	22%	19%	14%	21%	13%	14%	22%	22%	16%
3	25%	25%	24%	25%	26%	25%	25%	25%	24%	24%	22%	26%	25%	26%	26%	27%	24%	29%	20%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	20%	24%	17%	20%	18%	23%	20%	25%	18%	15%	15%	11%	32%	13%	10%	33%	11%	11%	10%
Don't Know	12%	11%	13%	8%	10%	13%	17%	16%	12%	8%	7%	12%	11%	10%	23%	9%	10%	7%	23%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(31.C) Recently there has been a push for civil servants to work in the offices more often rather than at home. Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	26%	17%	35%	28%	29%	18%	32%	26%	24%	23%	33%	31%	30%	23%	38%	38%	34%	25%	22%
2	18%	14%	21%	25%	16%	13%	23%	22%	22%	17%	16%	17%	18%	20%	17%	20%	18%	26%	16%
3	25%	28%	23%	26%	20%	28%	24%	28%	26%	25%	26%	24%	30%	16%	20%	23%	24%	28%	25%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	20%	31%	11%	13%	13%	33%	11%	15%	17%	22%	19%	17%	15%	10%	13%	11%	14%	15%	22%
Don't Know	12%	10%	10%	7%	23%	7%	10%	9%	11%	12%	6%	11%	6%	30%	12%	8%	9%	5%	15%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(32.A) Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	983	145	156	173	169	133	207	127	126	89	90	76	88	82	43	117	76	45	24
Weighted	982	140	163	179	168	128	205	134	121	82	90	71	86	78	37	114	92	46	31
A very strong argument	29%	16%	27%	28%	35%	31%	32%	20%	35%	35%	24%	32%	25%	34%	39%	24%	27%	27%	36%
A strong argument	37%	34%	42%	35%	37%	42%	33%	40%	39%	30%	37%	42%	42%	32%	29%	37%	31%	41%	43%
Neither a strong or weak argument	16%	23%	12%	21%	14%	12%	16%	19%	12%	20%	18%	11%	14%	14%	18%	22%	14%	18%	8%
A weak argument	11%	17%	10%	9%	7%	8%	12%	11%	9%	11%	11%	12%	14%	13%	8%	6%	16%	6%	5%
A very weak argument	5%	4%	8%	2%	4%	6%	4%	6%	2%	3%	6%	1%	4%	6%	2%	7%	6%	3%	8%
Don't Know	3%	6%	1%	5%	3%	1%	3%	4%	2%	2%	4%	2%	2%	1%	3%	4%	6%	4%	0%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(32.B) Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	983	477	498	209	273	234	262	244	223	193	84	20	396	401	105	342	270	68	117
Weighted	982	474	500	249	253	220	255	234	219	203	92	21	390	410	104	336	268	72	115
A very strong argument	29%	32%	26%	26%	23%	36%	30%	32%	25%	27%	21%	25%	34%	28%	18%	36%	23%	37%	21%
A strong argument	37%	34%	40%	37%	39%	35%	37%	37%	37%	30%	46%	40%	38%	33%	48%	36%	34%	30%	48%
Neither a strong or weak argument	16%	17%	15%	14%	20%	14%	16%	14%	20%	19%	15%	13%	15%	17%	14%	13%	21%	12%	12%
A weak argument	11%	10%	11%	14%	11%	8%	9%	9%	9%	14%	10%	17%	8%	13%	10%	10%	13%	15%	7%
A very weak argument	5%	4%	4%	7%	4%	4%	4%	3%	5%	8%	7%	0%	3%	7%	5%	3%	7%	4%	6%
Don't Know	3%	3%	4%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%	3%	1%	1%	4%	2%	3%	6%	3%	2%	2%	5%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(32.C) Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	983	365	266	72	119	238	322	78	114	523	76	177	23	40	89	67	58	64	331
Weighted	982	357	264	77	118	232	320	80	114	524	76	178	23	38	93	68	62	67	327
A very strong argument	29%	36%	22%	32%	21%	38%	23%	32%	22%	33%	30%	25%	4%	22%	24%	16%	26%	28%	36%
A strong argument	37%	36%	34%	38%	48%	39%	36%	34%	42%	35%	49%	36%	46%	26%	38%	39%	42%	34%	35%
Neither a strong or weak argument	16%	13%	22%	11%	14%	11%	22%	9%	19%	15%	12%	17%	19%	27%	21%	15%	11%	17%	14%
A weak argument	11%	9%	13%	13%	7%	9%	12%	15%	14%	11%	4%	12%	21%	7%	9%	18%	11%	14%	9%
A very weak argument	5%	3%	6%	5%	4%	1%	5%	7%	3%	5%	5%	6%	5%	2%	4%	11%	9%	5%	3%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	2%	6%	2%	2%	3%	1%	2%	0%	4%	5%	16%	4%	1%	2%	2%	2%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(33.A) People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	999	151	147	161	167	161	212	144	129	95	85	69	107	78	41	110	66	49	26
Weighted	998	148	157	163	167	155	209	151	125	87	87	65	103	75	35	107	79	49	34
A very strong argument	14%	8%	11%	10%	12%	18%	22%	13%	17%	13%	16%	18%	9%	9%	9%	12%	20%	12%	27%
A strong argument	30%	31%	24%	31%	29%	31%	33%	31%	31%	27%	32%	34%	37%	30%	27%	32%	24%	29%	8%
Neither a strong or weak argument	19%	19%	23%	20%	24%	15%	16%	24%	18%	19%	20%	12%	19%	28%	7%	20%	21%	16%	13%
A weak argument	18%	24%	23%	15%	18%	20%	12%	13%	18%	25%	13%	13%	18%	24%	31%	17%	14%	31%	12%
A very weak argument	16%	14%	19%	21%	13%	16%	12%	15%	15%	13%	15%	16%	13%	9%	26%	15%	20%	10%	34%
Don't Know	3%	3%	1%	3%	4%	1%	5%	5%	1%	3%	4%	7%	3%	0%	0%	3%	1%	2%	7%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(33.B) People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	999	509	488	235	282	226	252	257	183	229	85	21	415	406	99	361	273	70	100
Weighted	998	501	495	277	265	213	240	248	181	238	94	21	407	415	96	355	273	70	99
A very strong argument	14%	16%	11%	14%	12%	13%	17%	19%	15%	8%	12%	28%	19%	11%	10%	19%	8%	5%	12%
A strong argument	30%	30%	30%	30%	29%	30%	31%	32%	36%	21%	30%	38%	36%	26%	26%	37%	29%	25%	27%
Neither a strong or weak argument	19%	19%	20%	16%	17%	25%	21%	19%	18%	22%	19%	11%	17%	20%	28%	15%	19%	23%	26%
A weak argument	18%	19%	17%	18%	19%	16%	18%	18%	19%	20%	13%	9%	15%	20%	16%	17%	19%	17%	15%
A very weak argument	16%	13%	18%	20%	19%	14%	9%	8%	11%	26%	23%	13%	10%	22%	14%	9%	22%	25%	13%
Don't Know	3%	2%	4%	3%	3%	2%	4%	4%	2%	3%	2%	0%	3%	2%	6%	2%	2%	4%	7%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(33.C) People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	999	391	261	67	120	240	300	76	106	528	57	210	34	41	89	74	64	69	318
Weighted	998	385	262	67	117	234	299	75	106	528	57	210	34	40	93	77	69	71	312
A very strong argument	14%	20%	6%	5%	14%	21%	8%	7%	17%	14%	16%	12%	5%	14%	13%	4%	10%	7%	14%
A strong argument	30%	37%	29%	26%	26%	36%	29%	27%	28%	34%	20%	25%	32%	22%	19%	20%	31%	32%	35%
Neither a strong or weak argument	19%	16%	18%	24%	25%	19%	20%	18%	16%	19%	24%	22%	20%	19%	23%	18%	13%	20%	22%
A weak argument	18%	16%	21%	17%	20%	17%	20%	23%	19%	18%	23%	16%	19%	19%	18%	29%	21%	22%	17%
A very weak argument	16%	9%	23%	25%	10%	6%	21%	24%	18%	13%	17%	23%	16%	17%	25%	29%	22%	18%	9%
Don't Know	3%	2%	2%	3%	7%	2%	3%	2%	2%	3%	0%	2%	7%	10%	2%	0%	3%	1%	3%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(34.A) Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1008	138	165	165	162	152	226	132	140	76	85	76	93	92	48	122	77	46	21
Weighted	1009	136	170	171	161	149	222	138	138	71	87	73	89	88	42	118	91	48	27
A very strong argument	14%	14%	15%	12%	11%	12%	17%	19%	14%	18%	15%	13%	10%	15%	10%	8%	12%	12%	14%
A strong argument	37%	34%	36%	34%	26%	38%	49%	36%	36%	24%	38%	39%	32%	36%	34%	42%	41%	40%	46%
Neither a strong or weak argument	22%	27%	21%	22%	26%	20%	16%	17%	26%	26%	19%	27%	21%	18%	23%	21%	20%	22%	25%
A weak argument	17%	18%	16%	23%	19%	16%	13%	19%	15%	22%	19%	10%	25%	16%	21%	17%	16%	12%	6%
A very weak argument	7%	4%	12%	5%	10%	9%	2%	3%	5%	8%	6%	7%	6%	11%	12%	7%	10%	9%	4%
Don't Know	4%	4%	1%	3%	8%	5%	3%	6%	4%	1%	4%	4%	6%	5%	0%	5%	1%	4%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(34.B) Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1008	512	493	242	281	242	239	236	196	225	87	13	425	393	117	376	271	53	112
Weighted	1009	510	496	283	261	231	230	227	195	232	96	13	419	398	118	372	267	54	113
A very strong argument	14%	17%	11%	16%	13%	13%	12%	14%	10%	13%	13%	36%	17%	14%	4%	19%	11%	8%	6%
A strong argument	37%	34%	40%	34%	38%	38%	37%	40%	34%	33%	35%	31%	44%	32%	33%	43%	32%	29%	32%
Neither a strong or weak argument	22%	22%	21%	22%	19%	22%	23%	20%	26%	23%	23%	16%	17%	22%	28%	17%	24%	19%	30%
A weak argument	17%	17%	17%	18%	16%	17%	17%	12%	20%	19%	16%	17%	14%	21%	16%	13%	21%	36%	14%
A very weak argument	7%	6%	8%	7%	9%	7%	4%	7%	6%	9%	7%	0%	6%	7%	10%	5%	7%	8%	9%
Don't Know	4%	4%	4%	2%	4%	4%	6%	7%	4%	2%	7%	0%	3%	4%	9%	2%	4%	0%	9%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(34.C) Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1008	404	265	54	122	262	318	59	110	528	82	197	32	40	91	82	52	70	322
Weighted	1009	398	262	55	124	257	313	59	112	525	84	199	31	39	93	84	57	71	320
A very strong argument	14%	20%	13%	0%	6%	22%	11%	11%	12%	15%	10%	13%	6%	22%	21%	12%	6%	14%	14%
A strong argument	37%	41%	31%	35%	39%	41%	34%	32%	37%	39%	41%	33%	41%	21%	25%	25%	31%	42%	38%
Neither a strong or weak argument	22%	19%	24%	21%	27%	19%	24%	19%	21%	19%	22%	22%	31%	31%	21%	23%	25%	19%	22%
A weak argument	17%	13%	21%	37%	13%	13%	20%	23%	21%	17%	18%	18%	16%	12%	15%	26%	25%	18%	15%
A very weak argument	7%	5%	7%	6%	9%	2%	6%	14%	7%	7%	6%	9%	7%	2%	14%	10%	11%	4%	6%
Don't Know	4%	3%	4%	1%	7%	2%	5%	2%	2%	3%	2%	6%	0%	12%	4%	4%	2%	3%	5%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(35.A) Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1030	138	188	165	188	136	215	131	143	88	98	79	86	84	52	105	83	58	23
Weighted	1030	135	193	174	187	132	209	139	138	82	100	73	84	81	45	103	100	57	28
A very strong argument	12%	8%	12%	11%	11%	14%	17%	9%	10%	11%	14%	13%	7%	15%	8%	17%	17%	9%	20%
A strong argument	31%	33%	24%	27%	30%	31%	38%	40%	35%	23%	28%	37%	23%	30%	31%	28%	27%	29%	28%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	26%	28%	26%	34%	22%	16%	24%	26%	27%	26%	22%	32%	26%	20%	22%	24%	33%	18%
A weak argument	18%	22%	23%	17%	13%	21%	15%	14%	17%	21%	19%	10%	18%	23%	24%	20%	14%	24%	20%
A very weak argument	10%	8%	11%	13%	7%	8%	11%	10%	9%	15%	5%	14%	13%	2%	13%	8%	14%	3%	13%
Don't Know	4%	2%	2%	6%	6%	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%	8%	4%	6%	3%	4%	5%	5%	2%	0%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(35.B) Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1030	492	535	230	278	226	289	239	226	233	78	14	418	426	109	375	268	67	125
Weighted	1030	492	535	272	259	215	277	227	225	244	84	15	410	434	110	369	266	69	128
A very strong argument	12%	15%	10%	10%	12%	13%	14%	15%	9%	11%	8%	17%	16%	10%	9%	15%	7%	18%	7%
A strong argument	31%	33%	28%	31%	31%	30%	30%	35%	36%	20%	31%	28%	36%	27%	23%	36%	28%	24%	28%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	25%	26%	20%	23%	30%	28%	29%	22%	26%	24%	27%	23%	26%	30%	24%	27%	26%	27%
A weak argument	18%	15%	20%	21%	20%	15%	17%	13%	19%	22%	26%	7%	15%	20%	19%	14%	23%	11%	22%
A very weak argument	10%	9%	10%	15%	10%	8%	6%	5%	8%	18%	10%	13%	7%	13%	9%	8%	13%	14%	10%
Don't Know	4%	3%	5%	3%	5%	3%	5%	3%	5%	4%	1%	8%	3%	3%	10%	3%	3%	8%	6%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(35.C) Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1030	406	262	75	127	278	318	75	110	549	73	200	33	39	107	83	50	77	345
Weighted	1030	399	260	78	129	273	319	76	110	550	74	201	32	38	112	86	54	80	342
A very strong argument	12%	16%	6%	16%	7%	17%	8%	18%	14%	13%	14%	9%	14%	5%	15%	9%	8%	5%	13%
A strong argument	31%	35%	27%	30%	27%	39%	29%	23%	27%	32%	33%	28%	26%	28%	23%	24%	45%	31%	30%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	25%	25%	22%	28%	24%	26%	26%	29%	26%	23%	22%	27%	19%	31%	31%	19%	26%	29%
A weak argument	18%	14%	25%	13%	22%	13%	24%	12%	19%	17%	15%	22%	21%	25%	17%	20%	16%	29%	15%
A very weak argument	10%	8%	12%	13%	9%	5%	10%	16%	8%	9%	13%	13%	9%	11%	11%	13%	12%	6%	9%
Don't Know	4%	3%	4%	7%	7%	3%	3%	4%	3%	3%	0%	6%	3%	12%	3%	4%	0%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(36.A) Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1026	160	168	167	174	137	220	137	134	89	90	76	86	91	42	126	80	51	24
Weighted	1029	156	176	173	177	132	216	144	131	81	92	71	83	88	37	124	96	51	31
A very strong argument	18%	21%	24%	22%	17%	16%	11%	17%	24%	22%	14%	16%	17%	14%	20%	19%	19%	11%	28%
A strong argument	35%	37%	41%	43%	30%	32%	30%	31%	30%	40%	41%	35%	36%	38%	39%	38%	34%	50%	11%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	18%	22%	20%	34%	27%	26%	29%	24%	18%	25%	22%	26%	24%	29%	21%	27%	21%	36%
A weak argument	10%	13%	6%	9%	9%	11%	14%	13%	10%	12%	5%	11%	7%	10%	8%	11%	11%	14%	12%
A very weak argument	6%	3%	4%	2%	5%	10%	11%	4%	7%	5%	8%	10%	5%	10%	5%	5%	6%	2%	5%
Don't Know	6%	9%	3%	5%	6%	4%	7%	6%	6%	3%	7%	6%	10%	5%	0%	6%	3%	2%	8%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(36.B) Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1026	519	503	244	285	223	271	244	209	238	86	19	404	436	101	352	278	75	112
Weighted	1029	516	509	289	266	211	261	235	205	250	96	19	396	447	102	344	279	77	112
A very strong argument	18%	17%	19%	22%	19%	16%	14%	13%	17%	28%	23%	14%	13%	24%	12%	15%	23%	26%	13%
A strong argument	35%	33%	37%	34%	34%	38%	36%	32%	36%	35%	45%	32%	33%	38%	35%	34%	41%	43%	34%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	26%	23%	22%	23%	24%	29%	31%	24%	19%	20%	26%	27%	22%	29%	25%	23%	12%	31%
A weak argument	10%	12%	9%	8%	13%	12%	9%	12%	8%	10%	7%	18%	14%	8%	9%	14%	6%	7%	6%
A very weak argument	6%	8%	4%	8%	6%	5%	5%	5%	8%	5%	2%	5%	9%	4%	6%	8%	4%	3%	7%
Don't Know	6%	4%	7%	5%	5%	4%	7%	7%	7%	3%	2%	6%	5%	4%	9%	4%	3%	10%	9%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(36.C) Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1026	391	272	72	118	251	330	84	102	533	82	213	27	44	108	75	56	68	325
Weighted	1029	381	274	74	119	242	331	85	103	533	83	216	26	42	113	77	61	71	323
A very strong argument	18%	15%	25%	20%	12%	14%	23%	18%	16%	17%	20%	24%	16%	13%	29%	29%	26%	19%	16%
A strong argument	35%	34%	41%	48%	33%	30%	38%	49%	42%	36%	31%	36%	44%	18%	33%	37%	44%	46%	34%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	25%	22%	12%	32%	27%	24%	13%	28%	24%	33%	22%	10%	23%	19%	23%	18%	22%	29%
A weak argument	10%	13%	6%	6%	8%	17%	7%	8%	8%	11%	8%	8%	22%	16%	6%	9%	7%	11%	10%
A very weak argument	6%	8%	4%	3%	6%	8%	5%	3%	1%	8%	9%	5%	0%	2%	6%	0%	5%	1%	6%
Don't Know	6%	5%	2%	11%	9%	3%	4%	9%	5%	4%	0%	5%	7%	28%	7%	1%	0%	1%	5%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(37.A) Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1018	153	163	163	180	139	220	133	140	85	92	82	94	84	46	123	68	47	24
Weighted	1015	148	170	169	179	133	217	139	136	80	93	77	90	80	40	118	81	49	32
A very strong argument	13%	16%	17%	20%	8%	10%	6%	15%	13%	9%	13%	14%	8%	9%	9%	12%	19%	16%	12%
A strong argument	31%	44%	35%	33%	26%	26%	23%	32%	29%	30%	37%	19%	39%	24%	48%	25%	34%	33%	29%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	26%	17%	25%	30%	29%	25%	21%	26%	28%	23%	31%	29%	33%	20%	31%	19%	20%	9%
A weak argument	20%	11%	22%	11%	19%	23%	29%	23%	19%	18%	18%	18%	19%	23%	21%	19%	17%	17%	30%
A very weak argument	8%	0%	8%	5%	12%	9%	14%	6%	11%	11%	5%	12%	3%	8%	2%	11%	7%	12%	13%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	5%	4%	2%	3%	2%	3%	4%	4%	6%	2%	3%	0%	3%	3%	2%	7%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(37.B) Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1018	491	522	240	297	221	253	249	198	233	83	14	437	383	113	380	254	65	120
Weighted	1015	488	522	282	276	208	242	239	197	241	90	14	430	388	113	373	251	67	121
A very strong argument	13%	14%	12%	13%	13%	13%	10%	11%	10%	16%	20%	39%	8%	17%	11%	8%	18%	25%	14%
A strong argument	31%	29%	32%	35%	26%	32%	31%	29%	32%	30%	41%	28%	24%	34%	36%	26%	38%	19%	39%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	25%	25%	20%	25%	26%	31%	27%	29%	25%	18%	0%	27%	22%	28%	26%	23%	34%	24%
A weak argument	20%	20%	20%	19%	23%	19%	18%	19%	17%	20%	16%	22%	25%	19%	12%	27%	13%	18%	11%
A very weak argument	8%	10%	7%	10%	8%	9%	6%	11%	7%	7%	5%	0%	14%	5%	6%	12%	7%	2%	8%
Don't Know	3%	2%	4%	3%	5%	1%	3%	3%	4%	2%	0%	12%	3%	3%	6%	3%	2%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(37.C) Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1018	395	260	68	122	257	309	77	113	533	80	192	31	44	92	83	56	70	329
Weighted	1015	387	257	69	122	250	306	77	112	532	80	193	30	42	95	86	59	72	325
A very strong argument	13%	8%	18%	20%	12%	10%	17%	17%	12%	13%	12%	15%	7%	11%	24%	16%	20%	8%	11%
A strong argument	31%	26%	39%	25%	35%	25%	37%	30%	35%	31%	26%	27%	48%	28%	33%	46%	34%	37%	29%
Neither a strong or weak argument	25%	26%	22%	33%	25%	27%	23%	30%	23%	24%	34%	22%	26%	43%	22%	18%	10%	33%	25%
A weak argument	20%	26%	13%	18%	15%	24%	15%	15%	18%	20%	18%	24%	19%	7%	11%	10%	31%	14%	21%
A very weak argument	8%	12%	7%	2%	7%	12%	6%	3%	8%	10%	9%	7%	0%	2%	9%	6%	5%	5%	10%
Don't Know	3%	3%	3%	2%	5%	3%	2%	5%	4%	2%	2%	5%	0%	9%	2%	3%	0%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(38.A) Allowing civil servants to work from home opens up civil service job opportunities to people who would find it difficult to get into the office every day, such as those with childcare responsibilities

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	992	121	173	172	161	149	216	145	133	90	78	73	95	79	45	108	73	50	23
Weighted	994	120	179	179	159	146	211	152	129	84	78	69	94	76	40	107	87	50	28
A very strong argument	20%	27%	31%	21%	21%	15%	10%	18%	21%	13%	14%	16%	19%	20%	35%	19%	27%	33%	29%
A strong argument	40%	35%	43%	49%	32%	37%	40%	42%	38%	44%	36%	40%	44%	44%	37%	39%	33%	38%	40%
Neither a strong or weak argument	20%	19%	17%	18%	23%	21%	20%	16%	22%	23%	30%	18%	18%	24%	10%	19%	19%	18%	14%
A weak argument	11%	11%	7%	6%	13%	15%	14%	16%	13%	9%	6%	11%	13%	7%	9%	10%	8%	7%	13%
A very weak argument	5%	3%	1%	1%	7%	9%	12%	1%	3%	7%	7%	9%	4%	5%	6%	10%	8%	4%	4%
Don't Know	4%	5%	1%	5%	5%	3%	5%	7%	4%	3%	7%	7%	3%	0%	3%	3%	4%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(38.B) Allowing civil servants to work from home opens up civil service job opportunities to people who would find it difficult to get into the office every day, such as those with childcare responsibilities

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	992	493	496	220	258	237	270	237	205	204	79	18	408	408	101	356	289	57	113
Weighted	994	491	500	261	241	226	260	227	204	215	87	19	403	416	100	355	288	59	113
A very strong argument	20%	17%	23%	18%	24%	22%	18%	14%	18%	26%	30%	30%	12%	25%	25%	12%	25%	31%	23%
A strong argument	40%	40%	40%	46%	38%	39%	36%	39%	40%	41%	50%	37%	38%	43%	35%	40%	44%	33%	39%
Neither a strong or weak argument	20%	20%	20%	19%	17%	19%	25%	25%	20%	16%	8%	21%	22%	18%	18%	20%	17%	19%	18%
A weak argument	11%	13%	9%	11%	8%	11%	13%	11%	11%	9%	8%	11%	13%	9%	6%	14%	8%	7%	11%
A very weak argument	5%	6%	5%	4%	8%	6%	3%	8%	6%	2%	3%	0%	10%	2%	3%	11%	3%	6%	2%
Don't Know	4%	4%	4%	2%	5%	3%	5%	3%	5%	5%	1%	0%	4%	2%	12%	3%	4%	5%	6%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(38.C) Allowing civil servants to work from home opens up civil service job opportunities to people who would find it difficult to get into the office every day, such as those with childcare responsibilities

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	992	380	276	69	123	243	316	60	113	545	60	179	32	36	82	72	64	75	328
Weighted	994	377	275	72	123	241	315	61	113	547	62	177	32	35	87	74	70	78	324
A very strong argument	20%	11%	28%	28%	23%	12%	24%	33%	15%	21%	29%	22%	19%	18%	34%	28%	32%	21%	18%
A strong argument	40%	38%	45%	41%	37%	40%	45%	40%	47%	39%	37%	38%	45%	30%	38%	45%	40%	45%	37%
Neither a strong or weak argument	20%	21%	15%	15%	19%	19%	17%	15%	14%	19%	17%	23%	18%	28%	17%	14%	14%	21%	24%
A weak argument	11%	15%	7%	9%	12%	15%	9%	3%	11%	12%	10%	10%	11%	6%	5%	9%	11%	11%	11%
A very weak argument	5%	11%	2%	3%	3%	12%	2%	5%	10%	6%	5%	3%	3%	3%	4%	2%	2%	0%	6%
Don't Know	4%	3%	3%	3%	6%	2%	4%	4%	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	15%	3%	1%	2%	3%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(39.A) The civil service moving to working from home more often means that the Government can sell off central London work space, ultimately saving the taxpayer money

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	984	138	152	162	171	157	204	119	131	84	98	69	99	82	51	97	81	50	23
Weighted	982	134	158	167	169	152	201	126	126	77	100	65	95	78	44	93	98	51	29
A very strong argument	16%	16%	17%	19%	16%	13%	14%	16%	16%	18%	16%	15%	14%	10%	22%	16%	17%	16%	26%
A strong argument	39%	43%	42%	41%	35%	41%	36%	38%	41%	37%	39%	35%	41%	44%	35%	35%	48%	39%	33%
Neither a strong or weak argument	23%	24%	26%	23%	24%	23%	20%	24%	24%	20%	23%	30%	26%	24%	21%	23%	19%	22%	23%
A weak argument	12%	8%	10%	12%	12%	13%	17%	12%	14%	13%	17%	15%	9%	11%	18%	14%	5%	10%	9%
A very weak argument	6%	6%	3%	1%	7%	9%	8%	5%	3%	9%	3%	4%	8%	10%	0%	4%	6%	10%	8%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	3%	6%	1%	4%	6%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%	2%	4%	7%	5%	4%	0%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(39.B) The civil service moving to working from home more often means that the Government can sell off central London work space, ultimately saving the taxpayer money

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	984	487	493	212	274	247	248	246	216	205	86	17	405	399	115	366	261	61	109
Weighted	982	483	495	249	255	235	240	235	214	211	94	18	397	406	113	360	256	63	109
A very strong argument	16%	16%	16%	18%	15%	15%	15%	14%	15%	15%	19%	29%	12%	20%	18%	12%	18%	18%	20%
A strong argument	39%	36%	42%	43%	40%	38%	36%	35%	40%	41%	49%	39%	36%	44%	41%	38%	44%	47%	38%
Neither a strong or weak argument	23%	25%	21%	18%	25%	26%	24%	26%	27%	23%	14%	21%	26%	20%	20%	24%	24%	18%	18%
A weak argument	12%	14%	11%	13%	12%	13%	11%	13%	11%	14%	10%	11%	16%	10%	9%	15%	9%	9%	13%
A very weak argument	6%	7%	5%	6%	5%	7%	6%	7%	5%	3%	6%	0%	8%	4%	2%	8%	1%	9%	3%
Don't Know	3%	2%	5%	2%	3%	1%	7%	4%	3%	3%	3%	0%	3%	2%	10%	2%	4%	0%	9%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(39.C) The civil service moving to working from home more often means that the Government can sell off central London work space, ultimately saving the taxpayer money

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	984	400	246	59	125	267	303	67	112	517	66	200	32	36	94	76	48	67	334
Weighted	982	393	243	62	125	263	298	67	113	515	65	201	32	36	96	79	51	68	328
A very strong argument	16%	13%	20%	12%	16%	13%	19%	15%	10%	17%	19%	15%	20%	16%	19%	22%	20%	16%	15%
A strong argument	39%	38%	46%	46%	37%	38%	43%	48%	48%	38%	36%	41%	30%	41%	46%	37%	42%	44%	38%
Neither a strong or weak argument	23%	23%	21%	18%	20%	26%	23%	20%	21%	24%	27%	23%	18%	26%	20%	25%	21%	20%	26%
A weak argument	12%	15%	8%	13%	14%	13%	10%	8%	12%	13%	9%	12%	15%	3%	7%	12%	6%	15%	12%
A very weak argument	6%	8%	0%	11%	3%	9%	2%	9%	6%	6%	6%	5%	7%	0%	4%	2%	9%	5%	5%
Don't Know	3%	2%	4%	0%	9%	1%	3%	0%	2%	2%	3%	3%	10%	14%	4%	1%	2%	0%	3%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(40.A) Taking these arguments into account, which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	25%	35%	33%	29%	25%	22%	13%	24%	24%	29%	22%	21%	21%	20%	34%	26%	28%	33%	43%
2	21%	24%	23%	25%	19%	19%	19%	22%	22%	17%	16%	20%	25%	34%	15%	20%	23%	23%	6%
3	26%	21%	25%	28%	26%	24%	28%	27%	28%	22%	33%	27%	22%	19%	28%	29%	23%	23%	19%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	21%	12%	13%	11%	21%	29%	34%	19%	20%	21%	19%	26%	24%	21%	20%	21%	17%	16%	26%
Don't Know	7%	7%	6%	7%	9%	6%	6%	8%	6%	10%	10%	6%	8%	6%	3%	5%	10%	4%	6%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(40.B) Taking these arguments into account, which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	25%	23%	27%	28%	26%	23%	23%	20%	25%	30%	34%	42%	16%	32%	29%	17%	33%	29%	29%
2	21%	19%	23%	22%	22%	21%	20%	18%	21%	26%	24%	15%	18%	25%	16%	17%	27%	29%	18%
3	26%	26%	25%	25%	26%	26%	26%	24%	28%	23%	25%	22%	27%	25%	27%	28%	24%	24%	25%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	21%	25%	17%	19%	19%	24%	21%	27%	18%	15%	14%	18%	32%	13%	13%	32%	11%	13%	13%
Don't Know	7%	7%	7%	6%	6%	6%	11%	10%	7%	5%	4%	3%	7%	5%	15%	6%	5%	5%	15%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(40.C) Taking these arguments into account, which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
1 - Civil servants should be able to choose to work from home if they wish, and should not be forced to return to the office	25%	16%	35%	28%	27%	17%	32%	26%	27%	23%	30%	29%	35%	29%	37%	36%	31%	29%	21%
2	21%	17%	27%	27%	20%	18%	28%	27%	21%	21%	19%	24%	25%	20%	22%	20%	25%	27%	20%
3	26%	29%	22%	26%	24%	28%	24%	24%	26%	27%	31%	23%	21%	20%	19%	22%	27%	32%	28%
4 - Civil servants should not be able to choose to work from home, and should be forced to return to the office	21%	32%	11%	14%	15%	33%	11%	19%	19%	23%	17%	17%	16%	12%	14%	17%	12%	11%	23%
Don't Know	7%	6%	5%	6%	14%	5%	6%	5%	7%	7%	4%	7%	3%	18%	8%	5%	4%	1%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(41.A) And, overall, would you support or oppose making it mandatory for civil servants to work in the office rather than at home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Support	13%	7%	10%	11%	12%	17%	19%	14%	13%	13%	13%	17%	9%	15%	12%	13%	12%	7%	15%
Support	24%	22%	24%	22%	22%	24%	30%	27%	24%	22%	26%	22%	26%	23%	24%	30%	18%	27%	19%
Neither Support nor Oppose	30%	32%	32%	34%	33%	29%	25%	28%	32%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	27%	30%	32%	31%	27%
Oppose	18%	22%	21%	18%	17%	16%	16%	17%	17%	23%	21%	17%	18%	17%	22%	15%	18%	22%	12%
Strongly Oppose	11%	12%	12%	11%	12%	11%	7%	8%	11%	9%	7%	10%	11%	11%	16%	10%	14%	11%	22%
Don't Know	3%	4%	2%	4%	4%	3%	4%	5%	3%	3%	3%	5%	5%	2%	0%	3%	4%	2%	4%
Total Support:	37%	29%	34%	33%	34%	41%	49%	42%	37%	35%	39%	39%	35%	38%	35%	43%	31%	34%	35%
Total Oppose:	29%	35%	33%	29%	29%	27%	23%	26%	27%	32%	27%	26%	29%	28%	38%	25%	33%	33%	34%
Net:	9%	-6%	2%	5%	5%	14%	27%	16%	10%	2%	12%	12%	6%	10%	-3%	18%	-2%	1%	1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(41.B) And, overall, would you support or oppose making it mandatory for civil servants to work in the office rather than at home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Support	13%	17%	9%	15%	11%	15%	11%	15%	10%	11%	11%	23%	18%	10%	7%	20%	7%	9%	9%
Support	24%	26%	23%	24%	26%	25%	22%	27%	25%	22%	27%	17%	29%	23%	18%	30%	23%	24%	15%
Neither Support nor Oppose	30%	27%	34%	28%	26%	34%	35%	34%	32%	24%	29%	39%	29%	29%	38%	27%	30%	27%	42%
Oppose	18%	16%	20%	21%	19%	15%	17%	13%	17%	23%	19%	16%	15%	20%	17%	14%	23%	21%	17%
Strongly Oppose	11%	9%	12%	10%	15%	8%	9%	8%	13%	16%	11%	5%	6%	15%	11%	6%	15%	17%	11%
Don't Know	3%	4%	3%	2%	3%	2%	5%	3%	3%	3%	3%	0%	3%	3%	8%	3%	2%	1%	6%
Total Support:	37%	44%	32%	39%	37%	41%	34%	42%	35%	33%	37%	40%	47%	33%	25%	50%	30%	34%	24%
Total Oppose:	29%	25%	32%	32%	34%	23%	26%	21%	30%	39%	31%	21%	21%	35%	28%	20%	38%	38%	28%
Net:	9%	18%	0%	7%	3%	18%	8%	21%	5%	-6%	7%	20%	26%	-2%	-3%	30%	-8%	-4%	-4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(41.C) And, overall, would you support or oppose making it mandatory for civil servants to work in the office rather than at home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Support	13%	19%	8%	10%	9%	22%	7%	10%	13%	15%	13%	9%	9%	8%	15%	7%	8%	11%	14%
Support	24%	31%	22%	22%	18%	32%	22%	28%	24%	26%	25%	23%	28%	14%	19%	24%	23%	27%	27%
Neither Support nor Oppose	30%	26%	28%	32%	42%	28%	31%	25%	34%	30%	30%	29%	21%	40%	26%	27%	30%	32%	34%
Oppose	18%	14%	24%	21%	17%	11%	24%	21%	19%	16%	20%	20%	31%	18%	18%	21%	23%	22%	14%
Strongly Oppose	11%	6%	16%	13%	9%	3%	13%	16%	9%	10%	10%	16%	11%	7%	18%	19%	14%	6%	7%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	3%	6%	2%	3%	1%	2%	3%	2%	4%	0%	12%	3%	2%	1%	2%	4%
Total Support:	37%	51%	30%	32%	26%	55%	29%	37%	37%	41%	39%	32%	37%	22%	34%	31%	31%	38%	41%
Total Oppose:	29%	20%	40%	33%	26%	15%	37%	37%	28%	26%	30%	35%	42%	26%	36%	41%	38%	28%	22%
Net:	9%	31%	-9%	-1%	0%	40%	-8%	0%	9%	15%	9%	-3%	-5%	-4%	-2%	-10%	-6%	10%	19%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(42.A) Which of those arguments would you say you found most convincing overall?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money	13%	13%	10%	12%	17%	11%	14%	14%	14%	14%	13%	18%	12%	13%	10%	10%	13%	9%	10%
People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive	11%	7%	6%	9%	11%	13%	15%	9%	13%	14%	10%	10%	14%	8%	7%	11%	11%	10%	9%
Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues	9%	10%	9%	8%	6%	8%	11%	11%	9%	6%	7%	8%	6%	17%	7%	8%	7%	12%	6%
Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have	6%	6%	6%	6%	5%	5%	8%	7%	6%	4%	8%	10%	2%	7%	4%	8%	7%	3%	6%
Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK	14%	19%	18%	16%	11%	13%	11%	12%	14%	18%	14%	11%	12%	13%	16%	18%	19%	12%	11%
Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London	8%	10%	12%	7%	9%	6%	5%	8%	5%	8%	6%	7%	12%	7%	10%	8%	9%	8%	12%
Allowing civil servants to work from home	14%	16%	18%	16%	13%	15%	9%	15%	14%	13%	13%	17%	15%	15%	17%	13%	12%	18%	15%

(42.B) Which of those arguments would you say you found most convincing overall?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote				
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote		
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227	
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228	
Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money	13%	13%	13%	11%	11%	15%	16%	16%	13%	10%	7%	16%	15%	12%	11%	15%	12%	14%	11%	
People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive	11%	12%	9%	9%	11%	9%	13%	15%	11%	7%	11%	6%	14%	8%	10%	14%	8%	8%	9%	
Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues	9%	10%	8%	12%	9%	9%	5%	9%	8%	10%	7%	6%	10%	8%	7%	11%	7%	7%	7%	
Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have	6%	7%	6%	6%	5%	7%	7%	6%	6%	5%	5%	7%	8%	5%	3%	9%	4%	2%	4%	
Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK	14%	14%	15%	18%	14%	13%	12%	11%	16%	21%	17%	15%	11%	17%	13%	11%	18%	24%	11%	
Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London	8%	8%	8%	9%	9%	7%	7%	7%	8%	9%	11%	5%	7%	10%	4%	6%	10%	10%	4%	
Allowing civil servants to work from home opens up civil service	14%	11%	17%	13%	15%	15%	14%	11%	13%	12%	15%	19%	22%	11%	16%	15%	10%	19%	13%	17%

Public First Poll for the FDA (Nationally Representative)

(42.C) Which of those arguments would you say you found most convincing overall?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work	
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Currently large offices in the centre of London which taxpayers are funding are sitting empty as civil servants work at home, which is a waste of taxpayer money	13%	15%	11%	11%	12%	16%	12%	15%	12%	14%	16%	9%	10%	14%	11%	9%	11%	13%	14%
People who are working from home are not really getting any work done. Civil servants need to get back to the office so that they can be more productive	11%	14%	7%	7%	11%	14%	7%	8%	10%	13%	5%	11%	3%	4%	4%	7%	9%	10%	12%
Civil servants working from home will damage the ability of younger civil servants to progress in their careers and form meaningful relationships with their colleagues	9%	11%	8%	6%	8%	12%	7%	10%	12%	9%	5%	9%	8%	10%	6%	6%	12%	11%	9%
Civil servants working from home rather than in the office damages the economy in central London, with local coffee shops missing out on business they would otherwise have	6%	9%	4%	3%	4%	11%	5%	4%	6%	7%	6%	5%	8%	1%	6%	8%	4%	10%	6%
Allowing civil servants to work from home means that Government jobs with decent pay can be made more widely available to other areas of the UK	14%	12%	19%	21%	11%	11%	19%	22%	16%	13%	18%	18%	8%	13%	18%	21%	18%	16%	11%
Allowing civil servants to work from home will boost the economy in the areas that they live in, meaning they spend money in local businesses where they live rather than in the centre of London	8%	6%	10%	11%	4%	6%	11%	9%	9%	8%	10%	8%	11%	10%	15%	8%	8%	10%	7%
Allowing civil servants to work from home	14%	9%	20%	18%	16%	8%	19%	16%	14%	14%	15%	15%	22%	11%	13%	18%	21%	15%	14%

(43.A) Jacob Rees-Mogg has said that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	998	152	159	161	165	152	209	143	127	87	85	73	96	77	45	114	74	52	25
Weighted	996	150	165	166	167	147	202	149	122	79	86	69	94	72	39	113	88	52	32
Strongly Agree	15%	9%	12%	13%	21%	17%	18%	15%	11%	14%	16%	21%	15%	15%	12%	18%	20%	7%	19%
Agree	27%	27%	31%	28%	22%	28%	27%	26%	21%	22%	31%	34%	27%	29%	39%	27%	24%	30%	27%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	29%	22%	22%	19%	22%	20%	24%	33%	22%	20%	11%	22%	25%	11%	24%	19%	20%	21%
Disagree	18%	16%	20%	18%	21%	12%	17%	17%	19%	24%	19%	16%	19%	17%	21%	11%	15%	21%	12%
Strongly Disagree	14%	15%	12%	17%	10%	14%	14%	12%	9%	15%	12%	9%	12%	9%	18%	17%	22%	19%	17%
Don't Know	4%	5%	4%	2%	7%	7%	2%	6%	6%	3%	1%	9%	6%	5%	0%	4%	0%	4%	4%
Total Agree:	42%	35%	43%	41%	43%	44%	46%	41%	33%	36%	47%	55%	42%	43%	50%	45%	44%	37%	47%
Total Disagree:	31%	31%	31%	35%	31%	27%	32%	30%	28%	39%	31%	25%	30%	27%	39%	28%	37%	40%	29%
Net:	11%	5%	12%	6%	12%	18%	14%	11%	5%	-3%	16%	29%	12%	17%	11%	17%	7%	-3%	18%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(43.B) Jacob Rees-Mogg has said that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	998	510	487	228	288	228	248	236	197	225	80	20	421	404	90	347	278	64	103
Weighted	996	506	489	267	267	216	240	224	196	233	87	21	410	412	89	340	274	66	102
Strongly Agree	15%	22%	9%	14%	11%	22%	16%	16%	13%	12%	9%	33%	22%	12%	7%	22%	10%	18%	10%
Agree	27%	29%	25%	28%	27%	28%	25%	29%	31%	26%	34%	11%	32%	23%	23%	33%	23%	18%	24%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	19%	25%	24%	22%	19%	23%	20%	19%	22%	21%	22%	21%	21%	29%	23%	21%	18%	27%
Disagree	18%	14%	21%	16%	21%	14%	19%	20%	17%	19%	15%	16%	16%	20%	15%	12%	23%	32%	15%
Strongly Disagree	14%	12%	15%	18%	13%	11%	12%	11%	14%	18%	15%	14%	5%	20%	17%	7%	18%	13%	19%
Don't Know	4%	4%	5%	1%	6%	5%	5%	5%	5%	3%	5%	4%	4%	4%	9%	3%	5%	1%	6%
Total Agree:	42%	51%	34%	41%	39%	50%	41%	45%	44%	38%	43%	44%	53%	35%	30%	55%	33%	36%	34%
Total Disagree:	31%	26%	36%	33%	34%	25%	31%	30%	32%	37%	31%	30%	22%	40%	32%	19%	41%	44%	34%
Net:	11%	24%	-2%	8%	5%	25%	9%	14%	13%	1%	12%	14%	32%	-4%	-2%	36%	-8%	-8%	0%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(43.C) Jacob Rees-Mogg has said that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	998	381	268	65	112	258	317	69	109	534	63	199	35	36	94	83	55	71	323
Weighted	996	372	265	67	111	251	315	69	112	531	64	200	33	35	97	87	57	72	320
Strongly Agree	15%	23%	7%	19%	9%	24%	9%	17%	21%	17%	17%	11%	11%	6%	20%	8%	3%	12%	19%
Agree	27%	31%	23%	19%	29%	34%	21%	34%	26%	29%	27%	24%	20%	30%	18%	26%	41%	35%	25%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	24%	21%	12%	23%	23%	24%	17%	22%	23%	19%	22%	20%	22%	22%	21%	27%	22%	25%
Disagree	18%	12%	22%	32%	21%	11%	24%	15%	14%	16%	21%	23%	22%	13%	16%	24%	16%	17%	17%
Strongly Disagree	14%	7%	21%	15%	12%	4%	19%	14%	12%	13%	12%	15%	25%	13%	17%	17%	13%	11%	10%
Don't Know	4%	3%	5%	3%	7%	4%	4%	3%	5%	3%	4%	4%	3%	15%	7%	4%	0%	3%	4%
Total Agree:	42%	55%	31%	38%	37%	58%	30%	51%	47%	45%	44%	35%	31%	37%	38%	35%	44%	48%	44%
Total Disagree:	31%	19%	43%	46%	33%	15%	43%	30%	26%	28%	33%	39%	46%	26%	33%	41%	30%	27%	27%
Net:	11%	36%	-13%	-8%	5%	43%	-13%	21%	21%	17%	11%	-3%	-15%	11%	5%	-6%	14%	20%	17%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(44.A) Some say that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1012	134	169	171	178	139	221	124	142	87	94	77	91	91	47	113	77	47	22
Weighted	1014	129	176	178	175	135	221	132	139	82	96	72	87	89	41	108	93	48	28
Strongly Agree	15%	12%	13%	15%	12%	17%	18%	12%	13%	16%	16%	16%	12%	20%	14%	13%	12%	17%	20%
Agree	32%	34%	36%	34%	32%	30%	29%	30%	36%	34%	27%	36%	31%	36%	32%	38%	24%	37%	22%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	27%	23%	27%	25%	29%	28%	27%	25%	31%	20%	28%	30%	31%	19%	29%	27%	27%	20%	36%
Disagree	13%	12%	13%	16%	11%	11%	13%	16%	10%	18%	17%	5%	13%	13%	13%	9%	15%	8%	13%
Strongly Disagree	7%	8%	9%	3%	6%	9%	6%	7%	6%	8%	6%	2%	3%	4%	4%	9%	13%	8%	5%
Don't Know	7%	11%	3%	6%	11%	5%	8%	9%	4%	3%	6%	11%	10%	8%	7%	4%	9%	9%	4%
Total Agree:	47%	46%	48%	50%	43%	48%	46%	42%	49%	50%	43%	52%	43%	56%	47%	51%	36%	55%	42%
Total Disagree:	19%	20%	22%	19%	17%	20%	19%	24%	16%	26%	23%	7%	16%	17%	17%	18%	29%	16%	18%
Net:	27%	26%	27%	31%	26%	28%	27%	18%	33%	24%	20%	46%	27%	39%	29%	33%	7%	38%	24%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(44.B) Some say that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1012	485	520	230	269	236	273	252	217	215	87	14	406	409	125	380	263	65	124
Weighted	1014	483	524	273	252	224	261	244	213	225	96	14	403	416	125	376	263	67	125
Strongly Agree	15%	21%	9%	19%	12%	17%	10%	14%	12%	18%	13%	26%	18%	16%	6%	20%	16%	14%	4%
Agree	32%	35%	30%	33%	31%	36%	30%	26%	39%	28%	39%	34%	35%	31%	31%	36%	33%	36%	25%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	27%	22%	31%	23%	30%	25%	30%	34%	25%	22%	25%	34%	24%	24%	37%	23%	27%	13%	38%
Disagree	13%	11%	15%	15%	14%	10%	12%	12%	11%	16%	11%	0%	12%	14%	12%	12%	12%	15%	15%
Strongly Disagree	7%	6%	7%	5%	7%	6%	8%	6%	6%	9%	6%	0%	6%	8%	4%	5%	6%	11%	5%
Don't Know	7%	6%	8%	5%	6%	6%	10%	9%	6%	8%	6%	6%	5%	7%	10%	5%	6%	12%	12%
Total Agree:	47%	56%	39%	52%	43%	53%	40%	39%	52%	46%	52%	60%	53%	47%	36%	56%	49%	50%	29%
Total Disagree:	19%	16%	22%	19%	21%	16%	20%	18%	18%	25%	17%	0%	18%	22%	16%	17%	18%	25%	21%
Net:	27%	39%	17%	33%	22%	37%	20%	22%	34%	21%	36%	60%	35%	25%	20%	39%	31%	24%	8%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(44.C) Some say that if a civil servant is not back in their office it is fair to assume that their job does not need to be in London, and therefore they may lose their job or have to travel to an office in a different part of the country when they go in. Do you agree or disagree with this?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1012	402	259	69	132	251	312	75	111	530	81	193	26	44	94	70	57	69	335
Weighted	1014	397	259	71	133	247	311	76	109	533	81	194	27	42	98	71	63	73	331
Strongly Agree	15%	19%	17%	12%	6%	21%	15%	11%	14%	14%	25%	14%	8%	11%	21%	8%	23%	11%	15%
Agree	32%	35%	33%	39%	25%	35%	33%	44%	29%	36%	28%	27%	30%	21%	24%	37%	36%	45%	35%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	27%	24%	26%	15%	36%	24%	29%	21%	31%	26%	27%	26%	17%	36%	24%	33%	15%	13%	28%
Disagree	13%	12%	13%	13%	16%	11%	11%	10%	13%	12%	10%	17%	19%	5%	13%	11%	17%	20%	11%
Strongly Disagree	7%	5%	6%	11%	5%	5%	6%	8%	6%	7%	7%	8%	11%	2%	13%	8%	7%	4%	5%
Don't Know	7%	5%	5%	9%	12%	3%	6%	5%	6%	5%	3%	8%	15%	25%	5%	3%	2%	7%	5%
Total Agree:	47%	54%	50%	52%	31%	56%	48%	56%	44%	50%	53%	41%	38%	32%	45%	46%	59%	56%	50%
Total Disagree:	19%	16%	19%	24%	21%	16%	17%	18%	19%	19%	17%	24%	30%	7%	26%	19%	23%	24%	16%
Net:	27%	38%	31%	27%	9%	40%	31%	37%	25%	31%	36%	17%	8%	25%	19%	26%	36%	33%	34%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(45.A) Boris Johnson said that in his experience, working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	1020	159	161	172	172	148	208	126	147	74	90	90	101	81	43	120	76	47	25
Weighted	1018	156	165	176	172	143	206	132	143	67	92	85	98	77	39	118	89	47	32
Strongly Agree	14%	13%	15%	14%	9%	19%	14%	15%	14%	9%	14%	22%	11%	8%	11%	12%	16%	15%	20%
Agree	25%	25%	27%	21%	25%	26%	26%	25%	18%	24%	29%	23%	30%	30%	25%	33%	25%	12%	15%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	14%	17%	14%	18%	19%	11%	8%	16%	19%	10%	17%	10%	12%	19%	11%	14%	12%	20%	0%
Disagree	17%	18%	19%	16%	19%	10%	21%	19%	20%	26%	17%	17%	17%	17%	18%	13%	12%	17%	22%
Strongly Disagree	27%	25%	23%	29%	23%	30%	29%	20%	27%	30%	19%	26%	27%	26%	33%	26%	34%	32%	40%
Don't Know	3%	3%	1%	2%	4%	3%	2%	5%	2%	1%	4%	3%	3%	0%	3%	2%	0%	4%	4%
Total Agree:	39%	38%	42%	35%	35%	45%	40%	40%	32%	33%	43%	45%	41%	39%	36%	45%	41%	27%	34%
Total Disagree:	44%	43%	42%	45%	42%	40%	50%	39%	47%	56%	36%	42%	44%	42%	51%	38%	47%	49%	62%
Net:	-5%	-5%	0%	-10%	-8%	5%	-10%	2%	-15%	-23%	7%	3%	-3%	-4%	-15%	7%	-5%	-23%	-28%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(45.B) Boris Johnson said that in his experience, working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	1020	520	495	234	289	227	265	247	223	207	85	16	405	416	112	364	283	55	117
Weighted	1018	516	497	273	270	216	255	239	220	212	93	17	399	421	112	357	282	57	117
Strongly Agree	14%	18%	9%	13%	10%	22%	12%	11%	12%	13%	17%	30%	20%	10%	7%	18%	9%	7%	14%
Agree	25%	26%	24%	20%	27%	28%	26%	30%	24%	23%	21%	39%	29%	20%	29%	32%	20%	27%	16%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	14%	13%	16%	14%	11%	15%	18%	17%	19%	10%	11%	10%	14%	13%	21%	16%	12%	13%	19%
Disagree	17%	16%	19%	21%	18%	12%	18%	18%	17%	18%	14%	14%	17%	18%	20%	17%	16%	23%	21%
Strongly Disagree	27%	24%	30%	31%	33%	20%	20%	22%	24%	35%	37%	7%	17%	38%	16%	15%	41%	28%	23%
Don't Know	3%	3%	2%	2%	1%	3%	5%	2%	3%	1%	1%	0%	3%	1%	6%	1%	2%	2%	7%
Total Agree:	39%	45%	33%	33%	38%	49%	38%	41%	37%	36%	38%	69%	49%	30%	36%	50%	29%	33%	30%
Total Disagree:	44%	39%	49%	52%	51%	32%	39%	40%	42%	53%	51%	21%	34%	56%	36%	33%	57%	51%	45%
Net:	-5%	6%	-16%	-19%	-13%	17%	0%	1%	-5%	-17%	-13%	48%	16%	-26%	0%	17%	-28%	-18%	-15%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(45.C) Boris Johnson said that in his experience, working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	1020	389	272	60	127	260	325	64	103	545	68	206	28	43	83	79	56	69	337
Weighted	1018	382	271	62	125	253	322	65	101	543	70	208	28	42	85	81	59	72	333
Strongly Agree	14%	19%	8%	9%	11%	22%	8%	10%	16%	15%	15%	12%	10%	9%	19%	8%	13%	13%	15%
Agree	25%	32%	18%	26%	24%	35%	18%	25%	21%	29%	7%	26%	10%	30%	17%	15%	21%	28%	29%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	14%	16%	12%	14%	17%	18%	13%	14%	13%	15%	15%	9%	23%	20%	11%	17%	19%	13%	15%
Disagree	17%	16%	16%	26%	22%	13%	21%	19%	20%	16%	26%	15%	11%	27%	13%	21%	25%	21%	13%
Strongly Disagree	27%	15%	44%	26%	20%	11%	39%	32%	30%	23%	34%	33%	47%	9%	39%	39%	21%	25%	23%
Don't Know	3%	1%	2%	0%	6%	1%	2%	0%	1%	2%	3%	4%	0%	5%	1%	0%	0%	0%	5%
Total Agree:	39%	51%	26%	35%	35%	57%	26%	35%	37%	43%	22%	38%	20%	39%	35%	23%	34%	41%	44%
Total Disagree:	44%	31%	60%	52%	42%	24%	59%	51%	49%	40%	60%	48%	58%	36%	52%	59%	46%	46%	36%
Net:	-5%	20%	-33%	-17%	-7%	32%	-34%	-16%	-13%	4%	-38%	-10%	-38%	2%	-17%	-36%	-12%	-5%	8%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(46.A) "Working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing" Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	990	127	167	160	171	143	222	141	122	100	89	60	86	87	49	107	75	52	22
Weighted	992	123	176	168	170	139	217	149	118	94	90	56	83	84	41	103	92	53	28
Strongly Agree	11%	11%	14%	13%	10%	7%	10%	11%	9%	13%	13%	8%	10%	11%	14%	13%	10%	10%	18%
Agree	24%	28%	27%	27%	21%	24%	21%	29%	23%	28%	14%	35%	22%	26%	20%	29%	17%	23%	22%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	17%	22%	14%	16%	17%	16%	18%	13%	19%	16%	23%	20%	16%	16%	16%	13%	17%	16%	29%
Disagree	21%	15%	21%	17%	20%	22%	25%	19%	22%	22%	16%	18%	25%	24%	20%	21%	21%	25%	4%
Strongly Disagree	25%	20%	24%	25%	29%	30%	23%	25%	26%	22%	35%	16%	20%	22%	29%	23%	32%	24%	28%
Don't Know	2%	5%	1%	1%	3%	0%	3%	4%	1%	0%	0%	3%	7%	1%	0%	2%	4%	2%	0%
Total Agree:	35%	39%	40%	40%	31%	32%	31%	40%	32%	41%	26%	43%	32%	37%	34%	42%	27%	33%	39%
Total Disagree:	46%	35%	45%	43%	49%	52%	48%	44%	48%	43%	50%	34%	45%	46%	50%	43%	52%	49%	32%
Net:	-10%	4%	-5%	-3%	-18%	-20%	-16%	-4%	-17%	-3%	-24%	9%	-13%	-10%	-15%	-1%	-25%	-16%	8%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(46.B) "Working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing" Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	990	475	512	224	268	237	256	241	191	233	82	18	422	397	103	363	258	74	110
Weighted	992	473	516	267	249	224	246	229	190	247	90	18	414	407	102	358	255	76	110
Strongly Agree	11%	16%	7%	12%	11%	11%	11%	13%	9%	8%	15%	19%	12%	11%	10%	14%	10%	14%	6%
Agree	24%	25%	24%	21%	24%	33%	20%	25%	27%	24%	23%	31%	25%	22%	23%	25%	24%	18%	31%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	17%	15%	19%	18%	12%	17%	20%	17%	18%	15%	14%	7%	19%	13%	18%	19%	13%	9%	17%
Disagree	21%	18%	23%	20%	23%	18%	21%	22%	18%	19%	23%	23%	20%	23%	25%	21%	20%	23%	23%
Strongly Disagree	25%	24%	26%	28%	26%	21%	24%	21%	26%	33%	25%	15%	22%	29%	24%	19%	30%	35%	23%
Don't Know	2%	2%	2%	0%	3%	1%	3%	2%	2%	2%	0%	5%	3%	2%	1%	2%	3%	0%	0%
Total Agree:	35%	41%	30%	33%	36%	43%	31%	38%	36%	31%	38%	50%	37%	34%	33%	39%	34%	32%	37%
Total Disagree:	46%	42%	49%	48%	49%	38%	45%	43%	44%	52%	48%	38%	41%	52%	48%	40%	51%	59%	46%
Net:	-10%	-1%	-18%	-15%	-14%	5%	-14%	-5%	-8%	-20%	-10%	12%	-5%	-18%	-15%	-1%	-17%	-26%	-9%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(46.C) "Working from home involves spending an awful lot of time making another cup of coffee and then... getting up, walking very slowly to the fridge, hacking off a small piece of cheese, then walking very slowly back to your laptop and then forgetting what it was you're doing" Do you agree or disagree with this description of working from home?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	990	394	255	74	117	249	304	80	117	519	76	186	33	37	105	74	56	71	321
Weighted	992	387	253	76	119	244	303	80	120	521	76	186	32	36	110	77	62	72	318
Strongly Agree	11%	13%	10%	16%	6%	14%	9%	16%	17%	12%	15%	7%	0%	11%	14%	12%	13%	7%	11%
Agree	24%	24%	23%	23%	31%	26%	24%	28%	30%	25%	26%	17%	35%	21%	20%	19%	27%	31%	29%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	17%	19%	13%	11%	15%	20%	14%	13%	16%	17%	19%	17%	6%	25%	12%	20%	5%	17%	22%
Disagree	21%	21%	21%	19%	24%	22%	19%	21%	16%	20%	23%	24%	24%	18%	19%	20%	20%	20%	18%
Strongly Disagree	25%	21%	31%	32%	23%	17%	32%	22%	21%	24%	16%	33%	35%	18%	35%	28%	35%	25%	18%
Don't Know	2%	2%	2%	0%	2%	1%	2%	0%	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	8%	0%	1%	0%	0%	3%
Total Agree:	35%	37%	33%	39%	37%	40%	33%	44%	47%	37%	41%	24%	35%	32%	34%	31%	40%	38%	40%
Total Disagree:	46%	42%	52%	51%	47%	39%	51%	43%	37%	44%	39%	58%	59%	36%	54%	48%	55%	45%	36%
Net:	-10%	-5%	-18%	-12%	-10%	1%	-18%	1%	10%	-6%	2%	-33%	-23%	-4%	-20%	-17%	-15%	-7%	4%

Note:

BASE: Question randomly assigned to respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(47.A) Jacob Rees-Mogg left notes saying “sorry I missed you” at empty civil servant desks as part of the drive to get civil servants to return to the office. Do you think this was a fair or unfair thing to do?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Very fair	12%	4%	9%	11%	9%	16%	21%	12%	12%	14%	10%	13%	11%	13%	11%	12%	12%	9%	19%
Fair	20%	18%	18%	19%	19%	18%	24%	24%	22%	15%	22%	26%	16%	23%	18%	19%	10%	24%	15%
Neither fair nor unfair	21%	25%	21%	23%	26%	18%	15%	24%	21%	26%	21%	21%	22%	20%	17%	23%	23%	19%	4%
Unfair	18%	23%	25%	17%	16%	18%	14%	18%	20%	18%	19%	15%	21%	18%	20%	18%	18%	16%	25%
Very unfair	23%	20%	21%	24%	24%	25%	24%	17%	20%	24%	21%	18%	25%	21%	32%	24%	33%	27%	33%
Don't Know	5%	9%	6%	6%	5%	5%	2%	6%	5%	4%	6%	8%	6%	5%	3%	5%	4%	5%	4%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(47.B) Jacob Rees-Mogg left notes saying “sorry I missed you” at empty civil servant desks as part of the drive to get civil servants to return to the office. Do you think this was a fair or unfair thing to do?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Very fair	12%	16%	9%	14%	11%	12%	11%	14%	13%	10%	9%	16%	21%	7%	5%	21%	6%	9%	5%
Fair	20%	22%	17%	20%	18%	25%	17%	22%	18%	16%	25%	23%	23%	18%	15%	28%	15%	14%	15%
Neither fair nor unfair	21%	20%	22%	18%	16%	25%	27%	25%	23%	18%	18%	14%	20%	19%	30%	20%	19%	17%	28%
Unfair	18%	15%	22%	18%	22%	17%	17%	17%	18%	20%	14%	22%	16%	20%	19%	15%	19%	23%	19%
Very unfair	23%	22%	23%	25%	29%	17%	19%	17%	22%	31%	29%	20%	15%	32%	21%	12%	36%	34%	23%
Don't Know	5%	4%	6%	4%	4%	4%	9%	6%	6%	6%	5%	4%	5%	4%	10%	3%	4%	3%	10%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(47.C) Jacob Rees-Mogg left notes saying “sorry I missed you” at empty civil servant desks as part of the drive to get civil servants to return to the office. Do you think this was a fair or unfair thing to do?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Very fair	12%	20%	6%	8%	7%	22%	7%	8%	13%	14%	17%	8%	8%	5%	15%	9%	8%	6%	11%
Fair	20%	28%	16%	12%	15%	33%	16%	14%	18%	22%	15%	18%	16%	13%	13%	16%	20%	28%	22%
Neither fair nor unfair	21%	22%	18%	14%	27%	22%	18%	20%	26%	20%	16%	21%	19%	35%	19%	20%	16%	23%	23%
Unfair	18%	15%	19%	27%	20%	12%	21%	26%	18%	18%	22%	21%	16%	18%	16%	15%	24%	21%	19%
Very unfair	23%	12%	36%	34%	20%	7%	34%	26%	20%	22%	26%	28%	36%	10%	34%	37%	26%	19%	17%
Don't Know	5%	3%	5%	5%	10%	3%	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%	5%	5%	19%	3%	3%	5%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(48.A) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
I would trust Jacob Rees-Mogg more than I trust the civil service	13%	7%	9%	9%	11%	15%	22%	15%	11%	13%	12%	20%	10%	9%	13%	13%	9%	14%	17%
I would equally trust Jacob Rees-Mogg and the civil service	20%	26%	24%	21%	17%	17%	18%	26%	24%	13%	21%	23%	23%	22%	14%	22%	8%	18%	15%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Jacob Rees-Mogg	43%	37%	46%	43%	43%	49%	43%	40%	39%	49%	43%	36%	43%	41%	53%	39%	56%	50%	45%
Don't Know	24%	30%	21%	28%	30%	19%	18%	19%	26%	25%	23%	20%	24%	28%	20%	26%	28%	18%	23%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(48.B) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
I would trust Jacob Rees-Mogg more than I trust the civil service	13%	16%	9%	15%	10%	15%	10%	15%	13%	9%	12%	14%	21%	8%	4%	23%	5%	10%	3%
I would equally trust Jacob Rees-Mogg and the civil service	20%	23%	18%	23%	17%	24%	17%	18%	23%	20%	25%	29%	23%	18%	16%	27%	18%	17%	13%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Jacob Rees-Mogg	43%	45%	42%	47%	49%	36%	40%	34%	42%	52%	46%	47%	32%	56%	40%	27%	60%	60%	42%
Don't Know	24%	16%	31%	15%	23%	25%	33%	32%	22%	19%	16%	10%	23%	19%	39%	22%	17%	13%	42%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(48.C) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
I would trust Jacob Rees-Mogg more than I trust the civil service	13%	22%	5%	9%	4%	25%	6%	8%	14%	14%	19%	8%	7%	6%	14%	6%	10%	8%	13%
I would equally trust Jacob Rees-Mogg and the civil service	20%	27%	17%	17%	14%	33%	16%	20%	23%	22%	19%	17%	13%	10%	15%	28%	28%	35%	18%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Jacob Rees-Mogg	43%	28%	61%	61%	41%	22%	61%	52%	43%	41%	45%	49%	63%	34%	52%	57%	46%	39%	38%
Don't Know	24%	23%	18%	13%	42%	20%	17%	21%	19%	23%	17%	25%	18%	49%	18%	9%	16%	19%	31%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(49.A) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
I would trust Conservative politicians more than I trust the civil service	10%	6%	11%	8%	6%	13%	17%	17%	11%	11%	9%	12%	6%	9%	8%	8%	8%	10%	13%
I would equally trust Conservative politicians and the civil service	23%	26%	24%	16%	24%	22%	26%	26%	19%	21%	28%	29%	21%	23%	27%	23%	18%	24%	15%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Conservative politicians	48%	49%	48%	53%	46%	50%	42%	39%	48%	44%	44%	39%	52%	50%	51%	48%	56%	53%	60%
Don't Know	19%	19%	18%	23%	24%	16%	15%	18%	22%	23%	19%	20%	20%	18%	14%	21%	18%	13%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(49.B) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
I would trust Conservative politicians more than I trust the civil service	10%	14%	8%	13%	8%	12%	9%	12%	9%	11%	10%	16%	17%	7%	6%	20%	4%	7%	5%
I would equally trust Conservative politicians and the civil service	23%	26%	20%	26%	21%	25%	20%	21%	25%	19%	29%	28%	27%	20%	16%	36%	14%	19%	12%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Conservative politicians	48%	46%	49%	47%	55%	42%	46%	41%	49%	53%	53%	53%	36%	59%	44%	24%	70%	66%	44%
Don't Know	19%	15%	23%	14%	16%	21%	25%	25%	18%	16%	9%	3%	20%	13%	34%	20%	11%	8%	39%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(49.C) Which of the following comes closest to your view?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
I would trust Conservative politicians more than I trust the civil service	10%	19%	4%	7%	5%	25%	3%	5%	11%	11%	14%	8%	10%	5%	16%	9%	9%	11%	9%
I would equally trust Conservative politicians and the civil service	23%	35%	14%	20%	13%	44%	12%	22%	25%	25%	25%	19%	13%	20%	21%	28%	29%	25%	20%
I would trust the civil service more than I trust Conservative politicians	48%	25%	70%	66%	45%	14%	72%	61%	48%	45%	45%	55%	58%	43%	48%	51%	50%	52%	47%
Don't Know	19%	21%	12%	7%	36%	17%	12%	12%	17%	19%	16%	18%	19%	32%	16%	12%	12%	12%	25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(50.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Jacob Rees-Mogg and Boris Johnson are just trying to turn people against civil servants to distract from other issues

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	21%	16%	22%	25%	23%	21%	21%	21%	17%	18%	19%	19%	16%	20%	26%	23%	32%	26%	34%
Agree	26%	34%	32%	31%	22%	23%	18%	29%	28%	30%	23%	23%	29%	25%	30%	23%	25%	24%	21%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	23%	21%	20%	24%	19%	19%	20%	22%	23%	21%	21%	24%	22%	16%	24%	15%	21%	13%
Disagree	14%	12%	12%	8%	12%	17%	21%	16%	11%	15%	17%	18%	16%	16%	16%	11%	9%	11%	10%
Strongly Disagree	9%	3%	6%	5%	8%	13%	14%	5%	11%	8%	9%	11%	6%	10%	5%	10%	8%	9%	13%
Don't Know	9%	11%	8%	11%	11%	8%	7%	8%	11%	5%	11%	9%	9%	7%	7%	9%	11%	10%	8%
Total Agree:	47%	50%	54%	55%	45%	44%	39%	50%	45%	48%	41%	41%	45%	45%	56%	46%	57%	49%	55%
Total Disagree:	23%	15%	18%	14%	20%	30%	36%	22%	22%	23%	26%	29%	22%	25%	22%	21%	17%	21%	24%
Net:	25%	35%	36%	42%	25%	14%	3%	28%	23%	25%	16%	12%	23%	20%	34%	25%	40%	28%	32%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(50.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Jacob Rees-Mogg and Boris Johnson are just trying to turn people against civil servants to distract from other issues

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	21%	22%	20%	23%	23%	18%	20%	16%	21%	26%	28%	25%	14%	31%	18%	9%	36%	26%	20%
Agree	26%	28%	24%	27%	28%	25%	24%	24%	25%	31%	27%	41%	22%	30%	23%	20%	33%	33%	21%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	19%	23%	18%	18%	24%	25%	25%	25%	15%	16%	17%	22%	17%	30%	24%	17%	15%	30%
Disagree	14%	14%	13%	15%	13%	15%	12%	14%	13%	12%	15%	3%	19%	10%	9%	23%	7%	13%	8%
Strongly Disagree	9%	11%	7%	9%	8%	10%	8%	12%	9%	6%	5%	8%	14%	5%	4%	16%	2%	4%	4%
Don't Know	9%	6%	12%	8%	9%	8%	11%	10%	7%	8%	9%	6%	8%	7%	16%	8%	6%	9%	17%
Total Agree:	47%	50%	45%	50%	52%	43%	44%	40%	46%	58%	55%	66%	36%	60%	41%	30%	69%	59%	41%
Total Disagree:	23%	25%	20%	24%	21%	25%	20%	26%	22%	18%	20%	10%	34%	15%	14%	39%	9%	17%	12%
Net:	25%	25%	25%	26%	31%	18%	24%	14%	25%	39%	36%	56%	3%	46%	27%	-9%	60%	42%	29%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(50.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Jacob Rees-Mogg and Boris Johnson are just trying to turn people against civil servants to distract from other issues

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	21%	9%	37%	28%	16%	6%	34%	22%	21%	20%	23%	24%	30%	18%	33%	24%	26%	14%	18%
Agree	26%	19%	33%	35%	26%	15%	34%	37%	29%	25%	29%	26%	37%	29%	28%	30%	32%	35%	27%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	24%	15%	14%	27%	25%	16%	19%	25%	22%	18%	19%	10%	22%	21%	23%	16%	23%	23%
Disagree	14%	24%	6%	11%	9%	29%	7%	11%	11%	16%	16%	13%	11%	6%	6%	10%	16%	17%	12%
Strongly Disagree	9%	16%	2%	3%	4%	18%	2%	2%	8%	10%	8%	8%	6%	3%	5%	9%	3%	4%	11%
Don't Know	9%	7%	7%	10%	17%	7%	7%	8%	6%	8%	6%	11%	7%	23%	7%	5%	7%	7%	10%
Total Agree:	47%	29%	70%	62%	42%	21%	67%	59%	50%	45%	52%	50%	67%	47%	60%	53%	59%	49%	45%
Total Disagree:	23%	40%	8%	14%	14%	47%	9%	14%	19%	25%	24%	21%	17%	9%	11%	19%	19%	21%	23%
Net:	25%	-12%	62%	49%	28%	-26%	58%	46%	32%	20%	28%	29%	50%	39%	50%	35%	39%	28%	22%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(51.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants are costing the taxpayer unnecessary money by refusing to return to offices

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	13%	10%	11%	13%	12%	15%	17%	14%	13%	13%	12%	19%	13%	13%	10%	14%	12%	7%	21%
Agree	26%	22%	26%	25%	27%	27%	29%	28%	25%	26%	31%	29%	25%	31%	27%	24%	23%	21%	19%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	28%	25%	22%	23%	17%	19%	25%	25%	25%	21%	16%	25%	16%	15%	25%	24%	21%	9%
Disagree	19%	19%	23%	19%	16%	21%	17%	18%	18%	26%	14%	17%	22%	21%	24%	15%	17%	27%	20%
Strongly Disagree	10%	9%	9%	13%	12%	10%	10%	7%	10%	5%	12%	10%	7%	11%	17%	11%	12%	14%	21%
Don't Know	9%	13%	5%	9%	10%	9%	8%	7%	9%	6%	10%	10%	8%	8%	6%	11%	11%	10%	10%
Total Agree:	40%	32%	38%	37%	39%	43%	46%	43%	38%	38%	43%	47%	38%	44%	37%	38%	35%	28%	40%
Total Disagree:	29%	27%	32%	32%	28%	31%	26%	25%	28%	30%	26%	27%	29%	32%	41%	26%	29%	41%	41%
Net:	10%	4%	5%	5%	12%	11%	20%	18%	10%	8%	17%	20%	9%	12%	-4%	12%	6%	-13%	0%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(51.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants are costing the taxpayer unnecessary money by refusing to return to offices

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	13%	18%	9%	16%	11%	15%	12%	15%	13%	11%	11%	19%	21%	8%	8%	20%	7%	12%	8%
Agree	26%	26%	27%	23%	25%	30%	28%	28%	28%	23%	22%	25%	31%	23%	24%	34%	23%	25%	26%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	20%	24%	23%	20%	22%	24%	24%	24%	20%	18%	26%	19%	23%	29%	20%	22%	17%	24%
Disagree	19%	17%	21%	19%	22%	18%	17%	15%	18%	24%	21%	12%	15%	23%	16%	15%	23%	26%	19%
Strongly Disagree	10%	11%	10%	13%	14%	7%	8%	8%	10%	14%	18%	5%	6%	16%	9%	5%	18%	11%	10%
Don't Know	9%	8%	10%	7%	9%	8%	11%	9%	8%	8%	9%	12%	8%	7%	14%	6%	7%	11%	14%
Total Agree:	40%	44%	36%	38%	36%	45%	40%	43%	41%	34%	34%	44%	52%	31%	32%	54%	30%	36%	34%
Total Disagree:	29%	28%	30%	32%	36%	25%	25%	24%	27%	38%	39%	17%	21%	39%	26%	20%	41%	36%	28%
Net:	10%	16%	5%	7%	0%	21%	15%	19%	14%	-4%	-6%	27%	31%	-8%	6%	34%	-11%	0%	6%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(51.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants are costing the taxpayer unnecessary money by refusing to return to offices

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	13%	21%	7%	10%	9%	22%	7%	9%	16%	14%	20%	8%	6%	18%	15%	7%	11%	8%	16%
Agree	26%	32%	23%	26%	26%	35%	23%	29%	27%	29%	20%	22%	26%	16%	17%	24%	25%	31%	27%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	20%	22%	18%	26%	22%	22%	19%	21%	22%	25%	22%	27%	29%	27%	23%	24%	24%	22%
Disagree	19%	15%	23%	26%	18%	11%	25%	23%	19%	18%	19%	22%	20%	14%	20%	17%	25%	25%	18%
Strongly Disagree	10%	5%	18%	10%	8%	3%	16%	12%	9%	9%	11%	15%	15%	4%	14%	24%	11%	5%	7%
Don't Know	9%	7%	7%	10%	13%	7%	8%	9%	8%	8%	6%	11%	5%	19%	7%	5%	5%	7%	10%
Total Agree:	40%	53%	30%	36%	35%	57%	29%	38%	42%	43%	40%	31%	33%	34%	32%	31%	36%	39%	43%
Total Disagree:	29%	20%	41%	36%	26%	14%	41%	35%	29%	27%	30%	37%	35%	18%	34%	41%	35%	30%	25%
Net:	10%	33%	-11%	-1%	8%	44%	-11%	4%	14%	16%	10%	-6%	-2%	16%	-2%	-11%	0%	9%	18%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(52.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to be biased against the Conservative Government

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	8%	7%	8%	8%	7%	6%	11%	10%	9%	5%	6%	10%	7%	9%	8%	9%	5%	7%	13%
Agree	15%	16%	17%	14%	13%	14%	14%	16%	13%	15%	15%	18%	17%	15%	11%	15%	12%	15%	6%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	37%	37%	37%	37%	38%	38%	34%	34%	38%	45%	38%	31%	35%	38%	34%	35%	35%	45%	37%
Disagree	16%	14%	16%	15%	13%	19%	20%	15%	16%	18%	18%	17%	18%	17%	26%	13%	17%	10%	14%
Strongly Disagree	7%	8%	6%	5%	8%	8%	6%	7%	4%	3%	6%	7%	5%	7%	8%	9%	12%	8%	11%
Don't Know	17%	18%	15%	20%	21%	15%	15%	17%	20%	14%	16%	17%	19%	16%	13%	18%	19%	15%	18%
Total Agree:	23%	23%	24%	22%	20%	20%	25%	27%	22%	20%	21%	28%	23%	23%	19%	24%	18%	22%	20%
Total Disagree:	23%	22%	23%	20%	21%	27%	26%	22%	20%	21%	25%	24%	22%	23%	34%	23%	29%	18%	25%
Net:	-1%	1%	2%	2%	-2%	-7%	-1%	4%	2%	-1%	-4%	4%	1%	0%	-15%	1%	-11%	4%	-5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(52.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to be biased against the Conservative Government

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	8%	12%	5%	12%	6%	9%	5%	8%	7%	8%	9%	39%	13%	5%	2%	13%	4%	7%	4%
Agree	15%	17%	13%	15%	14%	15%	14%	12%	17%	15%	18%	10%	19%	12%	12%	21%	12%	12%	8%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	37%	35%	39%	37%	36%	38%	36%	39%	38%	34%	31%	27%	36%	38%	38%	36%	36%	35%	40%
Disagree	16%	16%	17%	17%	20%	15%	14%	14%	15%	19%	20%	6%	14%	21%	13%	13%	23%	24%	14%
Strongly Disagree	7%	9%	5%	8%	6%	7%	5%	6%	8%	8%	11%	5%	5%	9%	5%	3%	11%	8%	3%
Don't Know	17%	12%	22%	10%	17%	16%	25%	21%	15%	17%	12%	12%	14%	16%	29%	12%	15%	14%	31%
Total Agree:	23%	28%	17%	27%	21%	23%	19%	20%	24%	22%	27%	49%	31%	17%	14%	34%	16%	19%	12%
Total Disagree:	23%	25%	22%	25%	26%	22%	19%	20%	23%	27%	30%	11%	19%	30%	18%	17%	33%	32%	17%
Net:	-1%	3%	-5%	2%	-5%	1%	0%	0%	1%	-4%	-4%	38%	13%	-12%	-3%	17%	-17%	-14%	-5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(52.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to be biased against the Conservative Government

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	8%	13%	5%	6%	4%	14%	4%	7%	14%	9%	11%	3%	6%	6%	15%	8%	9%	6%	6%
Agree	15%	21%	11%	11%	10%	23%	12%	15%	16%	16%	16%	12%	10%	12%	17%	16%	20%	25%	13%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	37%	37%	34%	34%	40%	37%	36%	34%	35%	36%	36%	39%	43%	37%	33%	35%	32%	31%	42%
Disagree	16%	13%	23%	27%	12%	13%	22%	23%	13%	18%	16%	17%	16%	12%	13%	20%	17%	19%	15%
Strongly Disagree	7%	3%	12%	6%	4%	2%	11%	6%	5%	6%	7%	9%	7%	4%	6%	11%	6%	7%	7%
Don't Know	17%	13%	16%	17%	30%	11%	15%	14%	17%	15%	15%	20%	18%	30%	17%	10%	15%	11%	18%
Total Agree:	23%	34%	16%	18%	14%	37%	16%	23%	30%	24%	27%	15%	16%	17%	31%	24%	29%	32%	19%
Total Disagree:	23%	16%	35%	32%	16%	16%	32%	28%	18%	25%	22%	26%	23%	16%	19%	31%	23%	26%	21%
Net:	-1%	18%	-19%	-14%	-2%	21%	-17%	-5%	11%	0%	5%	-11%	-7%	1%	12%	-7%	6%	5%	-2%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(53.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to have a bias towards supporting the Conservative Government

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	5%	5%	8%	6%	4%	3%	4%	8%	4%	8%	4%	4%	4%	1%	9%	3%	7%	4%	4%
Agree	18%	29%	20%	21%	14%	15%	14%	24%	15%	16%	18%	14%	21%	16%	17%	22%	17%	16%	19%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	35%	33%	34%	34%	35%	36%	35%	31%	37%	38%	37%	39%	38%	36%	30%	31%	31%	38%	28%
Disagree	17%	14%	16%	16%	15%	19%	21%	18%	17%	16%	18%	18%	15%	21%	25%	12%	17%	18%	18%
Strongly Disagree	9%	4%	7%	5%	9%	13%	13%	5%	9%	6%	6%	9%	6%	12%	8%	11%	14%	7%	13%
Don't Know	16%	15%	14%	19%	23%	13%	13%	15%	18%	16%	17%	16%	15%	14%	11%	21%	15%	16%	18%
Total Agree:	23%	34%	28%	26%	19%	18%	18%	32%	19%	24%	22%	18%	25%	17%	26%	25%	24%	20%	23%
Total Disagree:	26%	18%	23%	21%	24%	32%	34%	22%	26%	22%	25%	28%	22%	33%	34%	23%	30%	25%	31%
Net:	-2%	16%	4%	5%	-5%	-14%	-17%	10%	-7%	2%	-3%	-10%	3%	-15%	-8%	2%	-6%	-6%	-8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(53.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to have a bias towards supporting the Conservative Government

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	5%	7%	3%	6%	4%	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%	8%	26%	5%	5%	3%	5%	5%	6%	4%
Agree	18%	20%	17%	19%	17%	21%	17%	18%	22%	21%	20%	25%	18%	17%	18%	19%	19%	20%	14%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	35%	32%	37%	33%	35%	37%	35%	36%	34%	33%	31%	19%	32%	36%	38%	33%	37%	33%	36%
Disagree	17%	18%	16%	20%	20%	14%	15%	13%	16%	20%	20%	12%	18%	20%	10%	20%	16%	21%	12%
Strongly Disagree	9%	10%	7%	11%	8%	9%	6%	8%	10%	9%	11%	9%	11%	8%	4%	10%	9%	4%	5%
Don't Know	16%	12%	20%	11%	16%	14%	22%	19%	14%	14%	11%	9%	15%	14%	27%	13%	13%	16%	30%
Total Agree:	23%	27%	20%	25%	21%	26%	22%	24%	26%	24%	27%	51%	24%	22%	21%	24%	24%	26%	18%
Total Disagree:	26%	29%	23%	31%	28%	23%	21%	21%	26%	29%	30%	21%	29%	28%	14%	30%	26%	25%	16%
Net:	-2%	-2%	-3%	-7%	-7%	3%	2%	3%	0%	-4%	-3%	30%	-6%	-6%	7%	-6%	-2%	1%	2%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(53.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following?: Civil servants tend to have a bias towards supporting the Conservative Government

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	5%	5%	5%	5%	3%	6%	5%	6%	5%	5%	7%	3%	3%	5%	8%	9%	6%	4%	5%
Agree	18%	19%	20%	20%	16%	19%	21%	21%	24%	19%	19%	15%	17%	19%	24%	21%	24%	26%	18%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	35%	33%	37%	29%	36%	32%	36%	35%	33%	34%	35%	35%	48%	31%	31%	30%	37%	27%	36%
Disagree	17%	20%	17%	24%	10%	21%	17%	19%	14%	18%	20%	18%	15%	11%	12%	23%	13%	22%	16%
Strongly Disagree	9%	10%	9%	4%	6%	10%	7%	5%	7%	9%	9%	10%	5%	3%	8%	9%	8%	8%	7%
Don't Know	16%	13%	13%	18%	30%	12%	13%	14%	15%	15%	11%	18%	12%	31%	17%	8%	13%	13%	18%
Total Agree:	23%	24%	25%	25%	19%	25%	26%	27%	30%	24%	26%	18%	20%	24%	32%	29%	29%	30%	22%
Total Disagree:	26%	29%	25%	28%	16%	31%	25%	24%	22%	27%	28%	29%	20%	14%	20%	32%	21%	30%	24%
Net:	-2%	-6%	-1%	-3%	3%	-6%	1%	3%	8%	-3%	-3%	-11%	0%	10%	13%	-3%	9%	0%	-1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(54.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the North of England

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	17%	17%	16%	11%	8%	13%	19%	10%	11%	16%	13%	15%	12%	13%	17%	10%	14%	10%
No easier or harder for this group	44%	30%	41%	37%	49%	50%	54%	39%	47%	51%	46%	48%	40%	44%	47%	41%	44%	41%	49%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	25%	33%	29%	28%	22%	23%	18%	24%	26%	24%	21%	26%	27%	26%	26%	27%	29%	20%	18%
Don't Know	17%	19%	13%	19%	18%	19%	16%	17%	16%	14%	17%	13%	19%	17%	14%	15%	17%	26%	23%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(54.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the North of England

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	18%	10%	18%	11%	15%	12%	13%	11%	13%	19%	31%	15%	14%	13%	16%	15%	11%	11%
No easier or harder for this group	44%	45%	43%	43%	47%	43%	43%	47%	42%	45%	42%	31%	48%	43%	40%	52%	40%	45%	37%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	25%	23%	27%	25%	28%	23%	25%	21%	30%	27%	30%	27%	20%	28%	23%	21%	28%	34%	24%
Don't Know	17%	14%	19%	14%	14%	19%	21%	19%	17%	15%	10%	12%	17%	14%	24%	12%	17%	11%	28%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(54.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the North of England

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	15%	14%	14%	11%	17%	15%	9%	21%	15%	13%	10%	8%	12%	19%	16%	13%	22%	13%
No easier or harder for this group	44%	51%	38%	48%	39%	53%	40%	45%	40%	45%	49%	47%	44%	27%	40%	45%	50%	34%	43%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	25%	21%	31%	28%	25%	20%	29%	29%	25%	24%	23%	27%	30%	26%	26%	26%	25%	31%	25%
Don't Know	17%	13%	17%	11%	25%	10%	15%	17%	14%	16%	15%	17%	19%	35%	15%	13%	12%	12%	19%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(55.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the Midlands

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	14%	18%	12%	11%	9%	12%	17%	10%	9%	15%	12%	17%	10%	7%	14%	7%	15%	8%
No easier or harder for this group	48%	37%	43%	43%	50%	53%	57%	40%	50%	56%	50%	50%	45%	54%	55%	47%	47%	40%	45%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	32%	25%	26%	18%	21%	14%	24%	22%	21%	21%	24%	23%	17%	20%	21%	25%	23%	22%
Don't Know	18%	17%	14%	19%	20%	17%	18%	18%	18%	14%	15%	14%	15%	19%	18%	18%	21%	22%	25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(55.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the Midlands

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	16%	9%	16%	9%	15%	11%	11%	11%	13%	18%	31%	14%	12%	11%	15%	13%	10%	9%
No easier or harder for this group	48%	49%	47%	44%	53%	48%	47%	51%	46%	48%	43%	26%	53%	46%	46%	53%	45%	47%	47%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	20%	24%	24%	23%	19%	22%	17%	26%	26%	28%	22%	17%	26%	17%	18%	25%	29%	18%
Don't Know	18%	15%	21%	15%	16%	17%	21%	22%	17%	14%	11%	21%	16%	16%	25%	13%	17%	14%	26%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(55.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the Midlands

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	15%	13%	11%	7%	17%	13%	10%	15%	14%	10%	10%	8%	14%	17%	14%	16%	16%	12%
No easier or harder for this group	48%	53%	43%	49%	49%	56%	44%	45%	48%	49%	50%	48%	44%	33%	47%	48%	48%	43%	46%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	18%	27%	26%	20%	15%	27%	30%	22%	21%	22%	25%	25%	18%	24%	26%	26%	28%	23%
Don't Know	18%	14%	18%	14%	24%	12%	16%	15%	15%	16%	18%	16%	23%	35%	13%	13%	10%	13%	20%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(56.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the South of England

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	23%	28%	21%	17%	24%	22%	25%	18%	21%	22%	22%	21%	28%	22%	25%	21%	19%	14%
No easier or harder for this group	50%	40%	46%	49%	55%	52%	55%	44%	58%	55%	56%	50%	48%	48%	50%	44%	46%	49%	52%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	20%	14%	11%	11%	11%	9%	15%	11%	13%	10%	12%	13%	7%	13%	13%	14%	12%	12%
Don't Know	16%	17%	12%	19%	18%	14%	14%	15%	12%	11%	12%	16%	17%	18%	16%	18%	18%	20%	22%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(56.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the South of England

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	25%	19%	23%	20%	27%	20%	22%	24%	20%	24%	33%	23%	23%	17%	25%	23%	22%	15%
No easier or harder for this group	50%	50%	49%	46%	54%	48%	51%	52%	47%	49%	48%	46%	54%	49%	47%	55%	47%	47%	47%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	11%	13%	16%	12%	8%	11%	8%	14%	16%	20%	9%	8%	15%	13%	9%	14%	21%	13%
Don't Know	16%	13%	18%	14%	14%	16%	18%	18%	15%	15%	8%	12%	15%	13%	23%	11%	16%	10%	25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(56.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the South of England

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	22%	25%	22%	18%	16%	26%	23%	21%	26%	23%	22%	19%	14%	23%	24%	20%	28%	31%	23%
No easier or harder for this group	50%	54%	47%	54%	49%	55%	48%	42%	49%	52%	52%	50%	49%	34%	51%	45%	50%	40%	49%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	12%	8%	15%	19%	12%	8%	15%	20%	13%	11%	11%	15%	15%	11%	11%	22%	15%	18%	10%
Don't Know	16%	12%	16%	9%	23%	10%	14%	16%	12%	14%	15%	16%	21%	33%	14%	13%	7%	11%	18%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(57.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the devolved nations (Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland)

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	17%	18%	14%	9%	11%	14%	17%	12%	8%	11%	15%	15%	13%	14%	13%	15%	15%	13%
No easier or harder for this group	45%	30%	37%	39%	52%	50%	56%	41%	46%	51%	45%	42%	43%	48%	46%	43%	44%	40%	55%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	24%	34%	32%	28%	20%	18%	15%	24%	25%	23%	26%	27%	23%	19%	22%	24%	27%	27%	17%
Don't Know	18%	19%	13%	20%	19%	21%	15%	19%	17%	18%	18%	16%	18%	20%	18%	20%	14%	18%	14%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(57.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the devolved nations (Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland)

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	18%	10%	16%	11%	16%	13%	12%	13%	14%	14%	28%	15%	13%	12%	14%	15%	15%	10%
No easier or harder for this group	45%	46%	43%	44%	48%	45%	42%	51%	39%	42%	44%	36%	51%	42%	42%	52%	39%	49%	39%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	24%	21%	26%	24%	26%	22%	24%	18%	29%	29%	31%	12%	18%	29%	22%	20%	29%	23%	22%
Don't Know	18%	15%	21%	16%	16%	18%	21%	20%	19%	15%	11%	24%	17%	16%	24%	14%	18%	12%	28%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(57.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People in the devolved nations (Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland)

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	15%	13%	16%	10%	16%	15%	15%	21%	14%	12%	9%	18%	17%	18%	14%	18%	17%	12%
No easier or harder for this group	45%	51%	36%	55%	41%	54%	40%	40%	43%	45%	44%	51%	39%	27%	41%	44%	43%	38%	43%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	24%	19%	32%	20%	23%	18%	29%	27%	22%	25%	22%	25%	25%	20%	25%	26%	27%	36%	25%
Don't Know	18%	15%	19%	9%	27%	11%	16%	18%	15%	16%	22%	16%	18%	36%	16%	16%	11%	9%	20%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(58.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with children or childcare responsibilities

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	15%	17%	13%	9%	6%	5%	14%	9%	9%	9%	12%	14%	7%	7%	11%	12%	8%	8%
No easier or harder for this group	24%	19%	25%	21%	28%	24%	27%	24%	23%	26%	27%	27%	22%	21%	25%	23%	24%	24%	22%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	57%	52%	55%	52%	60%	61%	52%	59%	56%	52%	56%	53%	60%	61%	56%	55%	59%	60%
Don't Know	9%	10%	6%	10%	11%	11%	7%	9%	9%	8%	12%	6%	10%	11%	8%	10%	8%	9%	10%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(58.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with children or childcare responsibilities

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	14%	7%	13%	9%	10%	10%	8%	11%	13%	14%	24%	9%	13%	9%	11%	12%	11%	7%
No easier or harder for this group	24%	26%	22%	22%	23%	27%	25%	27%	25%	19%	22%	16%	28%	22%	25%	29%	21%	20%	25%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	51%	61%	56%	58%	56%	54%	54%	56%	60%	60%	50%	54%	58%	52%	53%	57%	61%	53%
Don't Know	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	7%	11%	11%	8%	8%	5%	10%	9%	7%	14%	6%	10%	7%	14%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(58.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with children or childcare responsibilities

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	11%	12%	11%	7%	12%	13%	12%	16%	11%	14%	8%	5%	11%	18%	17%	17%	11%	10%
No easier or harder for this group	24%	30%	19%	19%	23%	32%	20%	19%	26%	26%	16%	23%	24%	15%	27%	20%	22%	21%	27%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	52%	60%	66%	57%	52%	60%	58%	54%	55%	63%	58%	61%	53%	47%	56%	55%	62%	52%
Don't Know	9%	7%	9%	5%	14%	5%	8%	11%	3%	9%	8%	10%	10%	21%	8%	7%	6%	7%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(59.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with caring responsibilities

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	11%	17%	16%	8%	6%	6%	16%	9%	9%	8%	10%	12%	7%	13%	10%	11%	15%	4%
No easier or harder for this group	23%	20%	22%	21%	27%	24%	25%	23%	25%	25%	26%	27%	23%	22%	24%	22%	21%	22%	20%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	57%	53%	51%	53%	60%	61%	50%	56%	60%	57%	58%	54%	58%	55%	59%	54%	51%	69%
Don't Know	10%	12%	8%	11%	12%	10%	8%	11%	11%	5%	9%	6%	11%	13%	8%	9%	14%	12%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(59.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with caring responsibilities

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	13%	8%	13%	9%	12%	9%	7%	10%	13%	15%	26%	9%	14%	8%	12%	13%	13%	6%
No easier or harder for this group	23%	26%	21%	22%	23%	26%	24%	28%	24%	19%	21%	16%	27%	21%	24%	28%	20%	18%	24%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	50%	61%	56%	59%	54%	54%	53%	56%	60%	58%	45%	53%	57%	55%	52%	58%	61%	55%
Don't Know	10%	10%	10%	9%	9%	8%	13%	11%	10%	7%	6%	13%	10%	8%	13%	7%	9%	7%	15%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(59.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with caring responsibilities

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	11%	12%	13%	6%	14%	12%	12%	15%	12%	13%	7%	6%	8%	18%	14%	15%	17%	10%
No easier or harder for this group	23%	28%	19%	20%	26%	30%	20%	20%	27%	24%	21%	23%	30%	16%	24%	23%	26%	16%	26%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	56%	53%	60%	62%	53%	50%	60%	60%	54%	55%	59%	61%	53%	51%	53%	51%	52%	59%	52%
Don't Know	10%	8%	9%	5%	14%	6%	8%	8%	4%	10%	8%	9%	11%	26%	6%	11%	7%	8%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(60.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Young people starting out in their careers

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	33%	30%	34%	34%	27%	29%	42%	39%	31%	33%	31%	36%	34%	32%	34%	36%	30%	28%	34%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	34%	37%	39%	50%	45%	40%	36%	43%	45%	44%	44%	37%	46%	44%	39%	39%	43%	39%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	22%	19%	14%	12%	12%	7%	14%	15%	14%	14%	13%	15%	8%	13%	14%	18%	14%	14%
Don't Know	12%	14%	9%	13%	10%	14%	10%	12%	11%	8%	11%	7%	14%	14%	10%	12%	13%	15%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(60.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Young people starting out in their careers

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	33%	36%	31%	39%	29%	32%	34%	31%	31%	32%	40%	24%	36%	34%	27%	38%	30%	34%	30%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	40%	42%	38%	44%	44%	39%	46%	37%	43%	39%	49%	43%	40%	43%	43%	41%	43%	43%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	13%	14%	12%	16%	14%	13%	11%	20%	13%	14%	20%	10%	17%	13%	12%	17%	14%	11%
Don't Know	12%	10%	13%	10%	11%	10%	14%	12%	11%	11%	6%	7%	11%	10%	17%	7%	13%	8%	17%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(60.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Young people starting out in their careers

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	33%	38%	30%	35%	27%	42%	32%	36%	36%	33%	42%	31%	28%	32%	27%	24%	33%	41%	32%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	43%	41%	42%	44%	43%	42%	36%	43%	43%	29%	44%	41%	28%	44%	47%	38%	40%	44%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	14%	12%	16%	17%	12%	10%	16%	18%	15%	14%	18%	12%	16%	12%	20%	16%	23%	15%	12%
Don't Know	12%	8%	12%	5%	17%	5%	11%	10%	6%	10%	11%	13%	14%	27%	9%	13%	5%	3%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(61.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Older people at the end of their careers

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	13%	15%	20%	16%	9%	9%	12%	18%	10%	9%	14%	13%	15%	13%	12%	11%	16%	13%	16%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	28%	31%	32%	52%	46%	51%	35%	44%	48%	38%	49%	38%	43%	51%	41%	34%	37%	39%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	32%	44%	39%	33%	26%	32%	24%	33%	33%	34%	32%	30%	32%	31%	26%	36%	35%	28%	27%
Don't Know	14%	14%	10%	19%	13%	14%	12%	13%	13%	8%	16%	8%	15%	14%	10%	13%	16%	21%	18%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(61.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Older people at the end of their careers

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	13%	18%	9%	16%	11%	16%	11%	11%	12%	13%	17%	37%	15%	13%	11%	15%	15%	11%	9%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	42%	40%	40%	41%	42%	40%	47%	38%	40%	39%	30%	46%	40%	33%	50%	34%	41%	32%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	32%	28%	36%	32%	35%	29%	32%	27%	36%	34%	39%	17%	26%	35%	36%	25%	38%	37%	39%
Don't Know	14%	12%	15%	12%	13%	13%	16%	15%	14%	12%	5%	16%	13%	12%	20%	10%	13%	11%	21%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(61.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: Older people at the end of their careers

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	13%	16%	13%	12%	8%	18%	14%	12%	19%	14%	10%	11%	12%	18%	17%	19%	18%	16%	12%
No easier or harder for this group	41%	50%	33%	43%	36%	51%	34%	36%	36%	43%	42%	41%	39%	30%	38%	32%	43%	33%	41%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	32%	24%	40%	39%	35%	25%	40%	40%	36%	32%	35%	33%	34%	26%	33%	37%	33%	45%	31%
Don't Know	14%	10%	14%	6%	21%	6%	12%	12%	9%	12%	13%	15%	15%	26%	12%	11%	6%	5%	16%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(62.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with physical disabilities or access requirements

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	12%	19%	13%	7%	9%	8%	15%	9%	9%	9%	12%	13%	12%	11%	10%	10%	16%	4%
No easier or harder for this group	25%	19%	22%	23%	32%	27%	26%	24%	29%	23%	26%	28%	24%	20%	31%	22%	25%	22%	27%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	54%	58%	52%	51%	50%	52%	58%	51%	52%	61%	53%	52%	53%	57%	51%	57%	52%	52%	56%
Don't Know	10%	11%	7%	13%	11%	12%	9%	10%	9%	6%	12%	7%	10%	11%	8%	11%	13%	10%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(62.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with physical disabilities or access requirements

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	16%	7%	15%	8%	12%	10%	8%	11%	12%	16%	36%	12%	12%	9%	12%	13%	11%	8%
No easier or harder for this group	25%	26%	23%	23%	25%	29%	24%	29%	26%	21%	21%	10%	29%	23%	22%	32%	22%	20%	21%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	54%	48%	60%	54%	55%	51%	54%	53%	54%	59%	56%	38%	49%	57%	54%	49%	56%	58%	54%
Don't Know	10%	10%	10%	9%	11%	8%	12%	10%	10%	8%	7%	16%	10%	8%	15%	6%	9%	11%	17%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(62.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with physical disabilities or access requirements

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	11%	12%	12%	14%	8%	13%	12%	11%	15%	12%	14%	7%	8%	11%	19%	13%	19%	14%	10%
No easier or harder for this group	25%	32%	21%	17%	21%	32%	24%	19%	24%	26%	23%	25%	23%	16%	24%	27%	28%	22%	27%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	54%	49%	59%	60%	53%	49%	57%	59%	57%	52%	56%	57%	53%	48%	50%	52%	48%	59%	50%
Don't Know	10%	7%	8%	9%	17%	5%	7%	11%	4%	10%	8%	11%	15%	24%	7%	7%	5%	4%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(63.A) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with mental health conditions

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	15%	18%	20%	17%	12%	13%	13%	19%	10%	15%	16%	18%	15%	16%	15%	14%	15%	13%	13%
No easier or harder for this group	32%	23%	31%	29%	34%	35%	40%	31%	34%	34%	33%	29%	35%	35%	35%	30%	28%	34%	31%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	37%	46%	39%	39%	38%	33%	28%	37%	38%	40%	32%	38%	36%	36%	39%	34%	42%	33%	40%
Don't Know	16%	13%	10%	15%	17%	19%	19%	14%	18%	11%	19%	14%	15%	13%	11%	22%	15%	19%	15%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(63.B) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with mental health conditions

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	15%	18%	13%	18%	13%	17%	13%	15%	12%	15%	17%	35%	17%	14%	16%	18%	15%	12%	13%
No easier or harder for this group	32%	35%	30%	32%	34%	33%	30%	36%	33%	30%	30%	20%	37%	31%	27%	39%	30%	27%	28%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	37%	33%	40%	34%	38%	36%	39%	33%	39%	41%	44%	25%	29%	41%	38%	28%	42%	44%	39%
Don't Know	16%	15%	17%	15%	15%	14%	19%	16%	16%	14%	10%	20%	17%	13%	19%	15%	13%	16%	20%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(63.C) If the civil service was to move back to working fully in the office (including in office across the country outside of London), do you think it would make it easier or more difficult for any of the following people to work in the civil service, or have no impact?: People with mental health conditions

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Easier for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	15%	18%	13%	13%	14%	20%	13%	16%	17%	16%	15%	12%	12%	19%	18%	12%	14%	23%	17%
No easier or harder for this group	32%	38%	30%	30%	30%	40%	31%	32%	30%	34%	32%	30%	37%	19%	33%	36%	41%	28%	29%
Harder for this group to work at the civil service if it was fully in office	37%	28%	45%	46%	37%	27%	43%	37%	41%	35%	38%	40%	33%	38%	37%	39%	37%	41%	37%
Don't Know	16%	16%	12%	11%	20%	13%	12%	14%	12%	15%	15%	17%	18%	24%	12%	13%	8%	9%	17%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(64.A) Which of the following, if any, do you think are the reasons that the Government is pushing for civil servants to return to offices? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
They do not trust civil servants to actually be working at home	41%	37%	37%	39%	36%	45%	48%	35%	47%	46%	48%	32%	43%	42%	36%	38%	37%	37%	49%
To help businesses and the economy in central London	39%	35%	35%	36%	42%	42%	45%	44%	38%	42%	36%	41%	42%	36%	32%	39%	40%	36%	47%
To encourage civil servants to be more productive	39%	27%	33%	35%	40%	41%	55%	41%	43%	37%	37%	44%	36%	44%	41%	40%	34%	35%	38%
To encourage collaboration and teamwork in the office	38%	29%	31%	34%	34%	43%	55%	39%	41%	35%	36%	48%	38%	39%	33%	40%	36%	33%	37%
To make the money they spend on office rent worthwhile	37%	39%	37%	38%	38%	31%	38%	35%	40%	48%	38%	36%	37%	33%	25%	40%	32%	36%	36%
To micromanage and control civil servants	29%	29%	32%	30%	27%	28%	28%	30%	29%	31%	26%	25%	30%	25%	29%	27%	30%	36%	28%
To help junior civil servants learn and progress	27%	19%	22%	22%	23%	28%	43%	28%	27%	25%	22%	32%	24%	31%	25%	29%	27%	22%	30%
To make a political point or appeal to the electorate	26%	24%	26%	22%	28%	25%	27%	26%	25%	26%	27%	24%	23%	25%	28%	23%	31%	28%	17%
To make sure everyone in the company feels involved	22%	19%	20%	25%	20%	19%	29%	29%	19%	17%	24%	30%	14%	25%	22%	25%	20%	19%	17%
To make it easier to see who is working hardest	20%	18%	18%	20%	20%	21%	23%	20%	27%	15%	19%	28%	20%	26%	15%	14%	19%	18%	16%
None of the above	2%	1%	3%	3%	3%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	0%
Don't Know	6%	7%	6%	6%	7%	7%	5%	5%	6%	8%	6%	6%	7%	5%	4%	5%	9%	9%	5%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(64.B) Which of the following, if any, do you think are the reasons that the Government is pushing for civil servants to return to offices? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
They do not trust civil servants to actually be working at home	41%	39%	42%	39%	43%	40%	40%	35%	40%	45%	39%	28%	42%	41%	37%	39%	43%	49%	37%
To help businesses and the economy in central London	39%	37%	42%	41%	39%	38%	39%	38%	37%	41%	42%	38%	42%	38%	38%	44%	36%	38%	33%
To encourage civil servants to be more productive	39%	40%	39%	39%	38%	40%	41%	42%	37%	35%	39%	40%	48%	35%	32%	54%	29%	38%	30%
To encourage collaboration and teamwork in the office	38%	36%	41%	37%	42%	39%	36%	41%	36%	33%	39%	35%	44%	35%	36%	50%	30%	34%	34%
To make the money they spend on office rent worthwhile	37%	34%	40%	34%	39%	37%	38%	34%	34%	38%	34%	33%	37%	36%	38%	36%	36%	38%	39%
To micromanage and control civil servants	29%	28%	29%	34%	31%	26%	24%	22%	31%	35%	35%	39%	22%	34%	35%	22%	33%	37%	32%
To help junior civil servants learn and progress	27%	27%	28%	29%	27%	26%	26%	28%	27%	23%	28%	19%	31%	25%	28%	36%	20%	27%	24%
To make a political point or appeal to the electorate	26%	27%	24%	31%	28%	20%	22%	22%	23%	30%	36%	31%	20%	32%	24%	20%	32%	43%	24%
To make sure everyone in the company feels involved	22%	22%	23%	21%	23%	23%	23%	24%	22%	20%	21%	42%	25%	21%	23%	28%	19%	14%	23%
To make it easier to see who is working hardest	20%	20%	20%	19%	20%	20%	23%	19%	21%	19%	20%	12%	22%	19%	23%	22%	19%	23%	18%
None of the above	2%	3%	1%	1%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%	1%	0%	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	0%	2%
Don't Know	6%	6%	6%	5%	5%	6%	9%	7%	7%	4%	4%	4%	6%	5%	10%	4%	5%	6%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(64.C) Which of the following, if any, do you think are the reasons that the Government is pushing for civil servants to return to offices? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote				Voting Intention				Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency				
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
They do not trust civil servants to actually be working at home	41%	39%	42%	49%	36%	37%	42%	46%	39%	41%	41%	45%	48%	31%	33%	37%	41%	38%	40%
To help businesses and the economy in central London	39%	44%	36%	33%	34%	47%	37%	39%	37%	40%	38%	44%	35%	35%	40%	36%	34%	39%	39%
To encourage civil servants to be more productive	39%	53%	30%	35%	31%	55%	31%	41%	43%	42%	34%	37%	28%	32%	25%	31%	32%	39%	42%
To encourage collaboration and teamwork in the office	38%	50%	29%	35%	32%	54%	30%	33%	33%	39%	36%	42%	40%	30%	33%	31%	24%	31%	38%
To make the money they spend on office rent worthwhile	37%	37%	37%	38%	39%	37%	38%	38%	35%	37%	39%	40%	27%	41%	36%	32%	35%	35%	37%
To micromanage and control civil servants	29%	22%	35%	37%	30%	19%	36%	31%	33%	28%	26%	33%	28%	22%	35%	33%	37%	25%	24%
To help junior civil servants learn and progress	27%	36%	22%	24%	22%	30%	20%	32%	24%	28%	31%	25%	25%	22%	21%	23%	21%	23%	23%
To make a political point or appeal to the electorate	26%	18%	33%	37%	25%	14%	33%	33%	27%	24%	27%	32%	27%	22%	29%	33%	31%	29%	20%
To make sure everyone in the company feels involved	22%	29%	19%	11%	24%	32%	16%	19%	23%	22%	24%	22%	19%	20%	16%	18%	20%	24%	23%
To make it easier to see who is working hardest	20%	22%	18%	23%	17%	21%	18%	20%	22%	20%	16%	20%	14%	21%	21%	15%	17%	19%	20%
None of the above	2%	2%	2%	0%	4%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	0%	2%	3%	2%	1%	3%	2%
Don't Know	6%	5%	5%	5%	10%	3%	4%	5%	6%	5%	7%	5%	7%	18%	6%	5%	4%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(65.A) Would you say there are too many, too few, or the right number of civil servants in the UK?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
There are far too many civil servants	14%	5%	10%	10%	14%	21%	22%	15%	16%	12%	12%	13%	12%	13%	17%	12%	16%	17%	18%
There are too many civil servants	19%	11%	16%	15%	19%	23%	28%	20%	23%	24%	22%	18%	16%	16%	21%	18%	14%	15%	25%
There is about the right number of civil servants	26%	33%	32%	34%	22%	22%	14%	23%	23%	28%	28%	25%	32%	29%	25%	26%	20%	26%	23%
There are too few civil servants	8%	13%	12%	6%	7%	4%	6%	9%	6%	3%	10%	7%	7%	9%	8%	11%	9%	8%	6%
There are far too few civil servants	2%	2%	3%	3%	1%	3%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	7%	3%	4%	1%	0%
Don't Know	31%	35%	27%	32%	37%	27%	30%	31%	31%	32%	26%	35%	31%	32%	23%	31%	38%	33%	28%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(65.B) Would you say there are too many, too few, or the right number of civil servants in the UK?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
There are far too many civil servants	14%	19%	9%	16%	11%	17%	12%	16%	11%	12%	14%	19%	22%	10%	7%	20%	10%	7%	11%
There are too many civil servants	19%	22%	17%	21%	20%	20%	17%	21%	21%	17%	18%	11%	24%	18%	12%	28%	14%	17%	9%
There is about the right number of civil servants	26%	25%	26%	29%	24%	25%	25%	22%	29%	28%	32%	35%	22%	29%	23%	22%	32%	30%	26%
There are too few civil servants	8%	8%	8%	9%	10%	7%	7%	6%	8%	10%	10%	14%	5%	9%	11%	4%	11%	13%	7%
There are far too few civil servants	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%	1%	2%	1%	2%	3%	1%	3%	1%	3%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%
Don't Know	31%	24%	38%	25%	33%	30%	38%	35%	30%	30%	24%	18%	26%	31%	45%	24%	30%	32%	47%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(65.C) Would you say there are too many, too few, or the right number of civil servants in the UK?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
There are far too many civil servants	14%	20%	9%	8%	11%	20%	9%	8%	18%	15%	17%	11%	8%	6%	16%	7%	10%	13%	14%
There are too many civil servants	19%	28%	13%	14%	9%	27%	15%	25%	18%	22%	15%	16%	12%	10%	19%	21%	22%	22%	15%
There is about the right number of civil servants	26%	23%	34%	30%	24%	29%	32%	28%	24%	26%	30%	26%	26%	29%	27%	37%	36%	34%	26%
There are too few civil servants	8%	4%	11%	14%	7%	3%	12%	8%	8%	7%	8%	11%	11%	6%	7%	11%	9%	5%	9%
There are far too few civil servants	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	1%	3%	1%	2%	1%	2%	4%	5%	0%	1%	6%	4%	3%	2%
Don't Know	31%	24%	30%	31%	48%	20%	30%	29%	30%	29%	29%	32%	38%	49%	30%	19%	18%	23%	35%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(66.A) Separately to the discussion around civil servants working at home, there have been plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Do you support or oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Support	13%	7%	9%	10%	12%	17%	20%	12%	14%	16%	13%	17%	8%	10%	17%	11%	13%	10%	15%
Support	24%	19%	25%	21%	24%	26%	30%	31%	25%	20%	22%	25%	27%	21%	18%	23%	23%	24%	25%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	35%	27%	33%	33%	32%	30%	29%	33%	37%	36%	24%	34%	33%	31%	29%	31%	33%	27%
Oppose	14%	17%	21%	16%	11%	10%	9%	12%	12%	13%	14%	15%	14%	17%	15%	19%	13%	13%	13%
Strongly Oppose	7%	9%	8%	9%	6%	7%	4%	7%	6%	4%	6%	7%	5%	8%	11%	9%	9%	8%	8%
Don't Know	10%	13%	11%	11%	14%	8%	6%	10%	10%	10%	10%	13%	12%	10%	9%	10%	10%	13%	12%
Total Support:	37%	26%	34%	30%	36%	43%	50%	43%	40%	36%	35%	42%	35%	32%	35%	34%	37%	33%	40%
Total Oppose:	21%	26%	29%	25%	17%	17%	13%	18%	18%	17%	20%	22%	19%	25%	25%	27%	22%	21%	21%
Net:	16%	-1%	6%	5%	19%	26%	36%	25%	22%	19%	15%	20%	16%	7%	10%	7%	14%	12%	19%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(66.B) Separately to the discussion around civil servants working at home, there have been plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Do you support or oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Support	13%	18%	8%	16%	10%	15%	10%	13%	11%	11%	11%	18%	20%	9%	7%	19%	7%	13%	9%
Support	24%	27%	22%	23%	25%	26%	23%	23%	24%	25%	28%	29%	29%	24%	16%	32%	23%	20%	14%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	27%	36%	32%	29%	30%	35%	34%	33%	29%	27%	23%	29%	32%	39%	30%	30%	33%	37%
Oppose	14%	13%	15%	15%	15%	12%	13%	12%	13%	17%	19%	16%	9%	17%	13%	9%	17%	19%	16%
Strongly Oppose	7%	7%	7%	8%	9%	4%	6%	6%	6%	8%	10%	12%	4%	10%	8%	3%	13%	8%	7%
Don't Know	10%	8%	13%	7%	11%	12%	12%	11%	12%	8%	6%	2%	9%	9%	16%	8%	9%	7%	18%
Total Support:	37%	45%	29%	39%	36%	41%	34%	36%	36%	37%	39%	47%	49%	32%	23%	51%	31%	34%	23%
Total Oppose:	21%	20%	22%	23%	24%	17%	19%	18%	19%	26%	29%	28%	13%	27%	22%	12%	30%	27%	22%
Net:	16%	25%	8%	16%	12%	24%	14%	18%	17%	11%	10%	20%	36%	5%	2%	39%	1%	7%	1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(66.C) Separately to the discussion around civil servants working at home, there have been plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Do you support or oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Support	13%	19%	7%	13%	10%	21%	7%	10%	18%	14%	19%	8%	8%	5%	18%	9%	16%	11%	11%
Support	24%	31%	22%	19%	16%	29%	23%	27%	24%	26%	20%	24%	18%	17%	20%	29%	29%	28%	20%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	30%	30%	32%	38%	33%	30%	34%	30%	32%	33%	29%	36%	37%	30%	25%	21%	29%	36%
Oppose	14%	9%	18%	21%	13%	8%	19%	16%	12%	13%	15%	17%	17%	14%	13%	17%	19%	16%	14%
Strongly Oppose	7%	3%	13%	9%	5%	3%	11%	7%	6%	6%	5%	11%	8%	4%	8%	14%	7%	9%	7%
Don't Know	10%	8%	10%	6%	19%	5%	9%	5%	10%	9%	7%	12%	13%	23%	12%	6%	8%	7%	12%
Total Support:	37%	50%	29%	32%	25%	51%	31%	37%	42%	40%	39%	31%	26%	21%	38%	38%	45%	39%	31%
Total Oppose:	21%	12%	31%	30%	17%	11%	30%	24%	18%	19%	20%	28%	25%	18%	21%	30%	26%	25%	21%
Net:	16%	38%	-2%	2%	8%	39%	1%	14%	25%	21%	19%	3%	1%	3%	17%	8%	19%	14%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(67.A) You said you would support plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	748	75	110	101	121	125	216	117	108	61	63	63	66	54	32	76	55	34	19
Weighted	745	71	116	103	122	122	210	121	104	58	63	59	63	51	28	75	66	33	24
The civil service is too bureaucratic	55%	32%	39%	40%	63%	60%	70%	53%	58%	62%	47%	51%	51%	54%	44%	55%	62%	51%	70%
The size of the civil service has grown too much over the last few years	55%	29%	34%	43%	50%	64%	78%	44%	59%	54%	55%	53%	58%	57%	51%	56%	57%	56%	68%
A lot of civil service jobs are unnecessary or redundant	54%	35%	39%	46%	56%	57%	70%	50%	54%	64%	47%	57%	42%	56%	44%	58%	57%	61%	75%
Civil servants are costing the taxpayer too much money	52%	38%	47%	39%	61%	56%	59%	50%	54%	57%	54%	46%	57%	47%	43%	54%	44%	56%	77%
Some political issues which require civil servants, such as negotiating Brexit, are now resolved	27%	23%	29%	28%	22%	22%	32%	29%	30%	23%	25%	27%	25%	29%	24%	25%	20%	42%	24%
The civil service gets in the way of political change	23%	25%	18%	22%	21%	22%	28%	27%	25%	24%	27%	26%	19%	18%	18%	19%	25%	27%	11%
I don't believe civil servants do a good job	21%	19%	17%	20%	20%	27%	20%	14%	20%	20%	18%	26%	18%	20%	35%	21%	28%	18%	24%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	0%	2%	1%	3%	1%	4%	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	2%	5%	0%	5%	2%	6%	0%
Don't Know	1%	4%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%	3%	3%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who support plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(67.B) You said you would support plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	748	451	296	182	199	188	176	177	146	162	66	16	403	264	50	370	169	43	53
Weighted	745	446	298	210	184	179	168	170	146	167	71	17	397	267	50	363	166	44	53
The civil service is too bureaucratic	55%	58%	50%	58%	55%	53%	52%	55%	54%	56%	44%	42%	64%	50%	28%	62%	43%	49%	34%
The size of the civil service has grown too much over the last few years	55%	55%	54%	56%	58%	51%	53%	59%	52%	52%	51%	32%	62%	49%	43%	61%	45%	58%	44%
A lot of civil service jobs are unnecessary or redundant	54%	52%	58%	60%	52%	46%	57%	61%	48%	51%	55%	27%	59%	48%	53%	60%	40%	52%	48%
Civil servants are costing the taxpayer too much money	52%	53%	51%	48%	55%	51%	55%	56%	55%	49%	38%	31%	58%	45%	52%	53%	41%	50%	56%
Some political issues which require civil servants, such as negotiating Brexit, are now resolved	27%	26%	28%	32%	29%	21%	25%	28%	23%	31%	30%	33%	25%	29%	34%	26%	29%	38%	24%
The civil service gets in the way of political change	23%	26%	18%	26%	21%	22%	22%	17%	25%	25%	18%	25%	29%	17%	14%	25%	19%	26%	20%
I don't believe civil servants do a good job	21%	24%	15%	22%	19%	21%	20%	19%	16%	21%	14%	17%	21%	19%	24%	19%	15%	33%	25%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	3%	0%	1%	2%	3%	1%	0%	2%	1%	2%	3%	2%	3%	0%
Don't Know	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	5%	0%	1%	3%	2%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who support plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(67.C) You said you would support plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	748	394	155	42	62	260	194	52	96	424	58	125	16	17	72	59	51	58	205
Weighted	745	386	153	44	62	252	193	54	93	427	57	123	16	17	73	60	55	57	204
The civil service is too bureaucratic	55%	61%	41%	57%	37%	61%	44%	48%	50%	56%	64%	50%	51%	54%	66%	30%	43%	40%	53%
The size of the civil service has grown too much over the last few years	55%	60%	46%	54%	46%	61%	48%	46%	46%	55%	58%	62%	36%	48%	47%	36%	36%	41%	54%
A lot of civil service jobs are unnecessary or redundant	54%	59%	39%	47%	56%	60%	45%	54%	61%	53%	48%	59%	27%	57%	41%	48%	41%	43%	52%
Civil servants are costing the taxpayer too much money	52%	54%	43%	47%	62%	54%	44%	50%	56%	51%	58%	53%	30%	52%	40%	43%	42%	49%	55%
Some political issues which require civil servants, such as negotiating Brexit, are now resolved	27%	25%	30%	42%	26%	29%	28%	31%	27%	27%	28%	28%	13%	22%	26%	27%	36%	31%	20%
The civil service gets in the way of political change	23%	26%	17%	30%	18%	27%	16%	21%	25%	23%	29%	19%	11%	42%	18%	21%	30%	21%	17%
I don't believe civil servants do a good job	21%	19%	15%	28%	26%	19%	14%	31%	24%	21%	23%	14%	32%	22%	26%	15%	28%	15%	22%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	3%	1%	0%	0%	2%	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	2%	6%	0%	2%
Don't Know	1%	0%	1%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	5%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who support plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(68.A) You said you would oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	415	75	95	82	58	49	56	48	48	31	34	32	34	41	23	61	33	20	10
Weighted	419	74	97	86	58	48	56	51	46	28	35	31	34	40	20	60	40	21	12
All civil service jobs are important	49%	48%	58%	50%	42%	44%	40%	50%	56%	45%	38%	47%	55%	44%	43%	45%	60%	41%	59%
I believe civil servants do a good job	48%	36%	39%	58%	44%	52%	62%	52%	43%	45%	44%	45%	40%	51%	53%	47%	58%	45%	46%
The size of the civil service has already been reduced too much over the last few years	45%	26%	42%	50%	44%	52%	60%	42%	40%	33%	44%	41%	47%	47%	53%	38%	67%	33%	56%
The civil service is an important part of policy development	43%	33%	46%	48%	44%	39%	50%	39%	40%	44%	38%	48%	44%	44%	56%	27%	49%	64%	73%
We need more civil servants as a result of Brexit	34%	29%	20%	26%	45%	44%	57%	40%	32%	22%	32%	48%	26%	32%	39%	28%	50%	27%	28%
The civil service provides a good opportunity for training and career development	32%	31%	34%	26%	31%	46%	26%	32%	34%	36%	14%	40%	27%	27%	16%	38%	41%	35%	28%
We need more civil servants as a result of the pandemic	30%	30%	31%	32%	33%	25%	30%	46%	19%	15%	24%	29%	39%	30%	17%	25%	41%	28%	57%
I personally know civil servants who could be affected by these reductions	16%	19%	24%	10%	14%	13%	9%	14%	11%	9%	20%	12%	15%	15%	27%	13%	25%	20%	9%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	0%	0%	1%	2%	11%	4%	2%	0%	4%	0%	13%	0%	3%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%
Don't Know	3%	4%	2%	5%	2%	3%	0%	2%	2%	4%	7%	3%	0%	3%	0%	4%	3%	6%	0%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(68.B) You said you would oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote
Unweighted	415	194	219	103	133	79	98	88	79	112	48	9	107	221	45	84	162	35	48
Weighted	419	196	221	122	125	74	96	86	77	118	53	10	105	227	46	85	161	35	51
All civil service jobs are important	49%	46%	52%	41%	49%	46%	60%	48%	51%	43%	51%	31%	53%	47%	48%	47%	50%	30%	52%
I believe civil servants do a good job	48%	52%	44%	51%	49%	42%	46%	41%	44%	54%	47%	31%	46%	50%	58%	49%	48%	46%	56%
The size of the civil service has already been reduced too much over the last few years	45%	46%	43%	48%	42%	33%	52%	45%	39%	43%	50%	33%	41%	47%	55%	34%	46%	54%	59%
The civil service is an important part of policy development	43%	47%	40%	46%	41%	47%	40%	41%	35%	42%	60%	42%	38%	49%	39%	41%	49%	41%	40%
We need more civil servants as a result of Brexit	34%	40%	29%	43%	37%	21%	29%	30%	28%	37%	52%	46%	22%	42%	30%	28%	37%	54%	24%
The civil service provides a good opportunity for training and career development	32%	34%	30%	29%	32%	31%	35%	36%	27%	26%	41%	9%	32%	33%	30%	27%	38%	28%	30%
We need more civil servants as a result of the pandemic	30%	33%	28%	30%	33%	27%	29%	32%	32%	27%	40%	11%	33%	28%	38%	33%	26%	28%	33%
I personally know civil servants who could be affected by these reductions	16%	13%	18%	16%	18%	13%	14%	17%	14%	14%	19%	0%	13%	18%	8%	16%	20%	11%	8%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	2%	2%	3%	1%	1%	3%	5%	0%	1%	6%	0%	1%	3%	5%	1%	1%	8%	2%
Don't Know	3%	1%	5%	3%	3%	3%	2%	0%	6%	1%	0%	23%	3%	1%	4%	2%	2%	3%	7%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(68.C) You said you would oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants in the UK. Why is this? Select any which apply

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative	Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work
Unweighted	415	96	162	41	41	56	189	35	37	198	29	109	16	15	37	48	30	33	137
Weighted	419	95	162	42	43	56	188	34	39	200	30	111	15	14	40	48	31	36	134
All civil service jobs are important	49%	51%	51%	32%	45%	50%	50%	35%	38%	51%	48%	45%	62%	52%	50%	54%	40%	44%	51%
I believe civil servants do a good job	48%	50%	49%	51%	46%	46%	49%	44%	48%	41%	53%	60%	50%	40%	45%	46%	57%	46%	39%
The size of the civil service has already been reduced too much over the last few years	45%	35%	45%	60%	58%	31%	44%	60%	40%	42%	48%	54%	33%	40%	44%	38%	44%	31%	44%
The civil service is an important part of policy development	43%	40%	46%	50%	47%	42%	47%	40%	35%	44%	45%	46%	62%	41%	38%	35%	44%	33%	45%
We need more civil servants as a result of Brexit	34%	22%	36%	50%	33%	22%	37%	46%	30%	36%	14%	37%	32%	34%	37%	33%	26%	34%	28%
The civil service provides a good opportunity for training and career development	32%	29%	35%	24%	35%	25%	36%	29%	33%	32%	31%	29%	32%	43%	24%	31%	36%	32%	28%
We need more civil servants as a result of the pandemic	30%	32%	25%	29%	37%	38%	30%	19%	30%	25%	25%	37%	20%	55%	22%	36%	36%	29%	29%
I personally know civil servants who could be affected by these reductions	16%	14%	19%	12%	11%	17%	18%	11%	23%	13%	4%	21%	20%	17%	12%	23%	28%	19%	16%
Other (Please Specify)	2%	1%	1%	7%	3%	0%	1%	5%	6%	1%	0%	4%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	2%
Don't Know	3%	4%	1%	2%	5%	0%	2%	6%	0%	3%	4%	3%	0%	13%	5%	2%	0%	3%	3%

Note:

BASE: Respondents who oppose plans to reduce the number of civil servants

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(69.A) One of the ways in which the Government is reducing the number of civil servants is by pausing the “fast stream”, which is the graduate scheme for people early in their careers, or just leaving education, to join the senior civil service. It is one of the most widely applied for grad-schemes in the country, receiving over 50,000 applicants each year. Do you support or oppose this move to stop the “fast stream”?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Support	9%	8%	11%	8%	8%	7%	9%	10%	10%	11%	7%	6%	9%	7%	6%	7%	12%	7%	7%
Support	23%	24%	26%	23%	21%	24%	21%	27%	23%	21%	24%	27%	25%	22%	25%	18%	20%	20%	23%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	30%	28%	32%	34%	37%	33%	31%	34%	33%	35%	28%	31%	32%	30%	35%	29%	35%	37%
Oppose	16%	15%	19%	15%	15%	12%	18%	13%	12%	14%	16%	17%	18%	13%	17%	20%	20%	18%	10%
Strongly Oppose	8%	10%	8%	7%	7%	8%	9%	8%	9%	8%	5%	10%	5%	12%	10%	8%	8%	7%	11%
Don't Know	12%	12%	8%	14%	16%	13%	11%	11%	12%	13%	13%	11%	12%	14%	12%	12%	11%	14%	12%
Total Support:	32%	32%	37%	31%	29%	30%	30%	37%	34%	32%	31%	33%	34%	29%	31%	25%	32%	27%	30%
Total Oppose:	24%	25%	27%	22%	21%	20%	27%	21%	21%	22%	21%	28%	23%	25%	27%	28%	28%	25%	21%
Net:	8%	7%	10%	9%	8%	10%	3%	16%	13%	10%	9%	6%	11%	4%	4%	-3%	4%	2%	8%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(69.B) One of the ways in which the Government is reducing the number of civil servants is by pausing the “fast stream”, which is the graduate scheme for people early in their careers, or just leaving education, to join the senior civil service. It is one of the most widely applied for grad-schemes in the country, receiving over 50,000 applicants each year. Do you support or oppose this move to stop the “fast stream”?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Support	9%	12%	6%	10%	8%	10%	8%	6%	10%	9%	8%	22%	10%	8%	6%	11%	7%	11%	6%
Support	23%	25%	21%	26%	25%	25%	17%	20%	28%	21%	26%	31%	26%	21%	17%	28%	22%	22%	15%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	31%	34%	30%	30%	33%	37%	37%	32%	29%	29%	26%	32%	32%	35%	34%	30%	27%	37%
Oppose	16%	15%	17%	19%	15%	14%	15%	13%	13%	21%	17%	10%	13%	18%	17%	13%	18%	21%	18%
Strongly Oppose	8%	7%	9%	10%	9%	6%	7%	6%	6%	12%	11%	5%	6%	10%	5%	6%	12%	9%	5%
Don't Know	12%	10%	14%	6%	13%	13%	17%	18%	10%	8%	8%	6%	12%	10%	20%	8%	11%	11%	19%
Total Support:	32%	37%	27%	36%	32%	34%	25%	26%	38%	29%	34%	53%	37%	29%	24%	38%	29%	32%	21%
Total Oppose:	24%	22%	26%	29%	24%	20%	22%	19%	19%	33%	29%	15%	19%	29%	22%	19%	30%	30%	22%
Net:	8%	15%	1%	7%	8%	14%	3%	8%	19%	-4%	5%	38%	18%	0%	2%	19%	0%	3%	-1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(69.C) One of the ways in which the Government is reducing the number of civil servants is by pausing the “fast stream”, which is the graduate scheme for people early in their careers, or just leaving education, to join the senior civil service. It is one of the most widely applied for grad-schemes in the country, receiving over 50,000 applicants each year. Do you support or oppose this move to stop the “fast stream”?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Support	9%	12%	6%	9%	7%	13%	7%	9%	14%	9%	12%	6%	8%	5%	20%	10%	14%	6%	7%
Support	23%	27%	23%	21%	15%	30%	22%	28%	21%	25%	18%	23%	29%	15%	20%	25%	36%	31%	23%
Neither Support nor Oppose	32%	34%	29%	26%	36%	33%	30%	29%	35%	32%	35%	34%	25%	31%	28%	29%	20%	29%	35%
Oppose	16%	12%	18%	26%	17%	12%	19%	21%	13%	16%	16%	15%	16%	20%	12%	17%	15%	22%	14%
Strongly Oppose	8%	6%	13%	8%	5%	5%	12%	6%	5%	7%	9%	12%	8%	3%	7%	14%	10%	7%	7%
Don't Know	12%	9%	11%	9%	20%	8%	10%	7%	12%	11%	10%	11%	14%	26%	12%	5%	5%	5%	14%
Total Support:	32%	39%	29%	31%	22%	42%	29%	37%	35%	33%	30%	29%	37%	20%	40%	36%	49%	37%	30%
Total Oppose:	24%	18%	31%	34%	22%	17%	31%	28%	18%	24%	25%	26%	24%	23%	20%	30%	25%	29%	21%
Net:	8%	21%	-2%	-3%	0%	25%	-3%	9%	17%	9%	6%	2%	13%	-3%	21%	5%	24%	8%	10%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(70.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should be able to go on strike if they choose to do so

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	13%	18%	16%	14%	11%	13%	8%	13%	12%	12%	9%	11%	14%	14%	17%	13%	14%	13%	17%
Agree	30%	35%	37%	34%	27%	25%	23%	31%	25%	29%	31%	27%	30%	31%	28%	30%	39%	28%	29%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	26%	21%	25%	21%	20%	21%	23%	25%	23%	23%	23%	22%	17%	20%	25%	20%	22%	15%
Disagree	18%	10%	17%	13%	18%	21%	25%	20%	19%	18%	18%	19%	18%	21%	19%	13%	13%	18%	22%
Strongly Disagree	11%	2%	5%	8%	12%	15%	19%	6%	13%	16%	11%	13%	10%	10%	13%	11%	8%	12%	10%
Don't Know	6%	8%	4%	6%	10%	5%	3%	7%	5%	3%	6%	6%	6%	7%	4%	8%	6%	6%	7%
Total Agree:	43%	54%	53%	48%	38%	38%	31%	44%	37%	41%	41%	39%	44%	45%	44%	43%	53%	41%	47%
Total Disagree:	29%	12%	22%	21%	31%	37%	44%	26%	32%	33%	29%	32%	29%	32%	31%	24%	21%	30%	32%
Net:	14%	41%	31%	26%	7%	1%	-13%	18%	5%	8%	11%	7%	15%	13%	13%	19%	32%	11%	15%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(70.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should be able to go on strike if they choose to do so

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	13%	15%	11%	15%	14%	12%	11%	11%	12%	16%	12%	27%	9%	17%	10%	7%	22%	13%	9%
Agree	30%	30%	30%	29%	34%	28%	29%	23%	31%	35%	36%	31%	23%	35%	33%	20%	39%	31%	37%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	20%	25%	22%	19%	25%	24%	25%	25%	20%	23%	21%	22%	22%	25%	22%	21%	24%	21%
Disagree	18%	17%	19%	20%	16%	18%	18%	21%	17%	16%	14%	14%	23%	15%	13%	27%	9%	18%	14%
Strongly Disagree	11%	13%	9%	11%	10%	11%	11%	14%	8%	10%	8%	3%	18%	6%	7%	19%	5%	9%	8%
Don't Know	6%	5%	7%	4%	6%	6%	7%	6%	7%	4%	7%	4%	5%	4%	11%	4%	4%	5%	12%
Total Agree:	43%	45%	40%	43%	48%	40%	40%	35%	44%	51%	48%	59%	32%	52%	43%	28%	61%	44%	46%
Total Disagree:	29%	30%	28%	31%	26%	29%	29%	35%	24%	26%	22%	17%	42%	22%	20%	46%	14%	27%	21%
Net:	14%	15%	12%	12%	22%	11%	11%	0%	19%	25%	26%	42%	-10%	30%	23%	-18%	46%	18%	24%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(70.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should be able to go on strike if they choose to do so

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	13%	8%	22%	13%	9%	6%	19%	17%	13%	13%	14%	15%	14%	5%	24%	18%	12%	13%	12%
Agree	30%	21%	41%	32%	32%	19%	38%	35%	33%	27%	32%	36%	39%	29%	25%	38%	33%	38%	29%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	22%	23%	20%	19%	23%	24%	23%	20%	22%	22%	22%	23%	21%	28%	21%	20%	20%	20%	24%
Disagree	18%	25%	9%	21%	15%	27%	11%	14%	18%	20%	18%	13%	16%	16%	11%	13%	23%	18%	17%
Strongly Disagree	11%	19%	4%	9%	7%	20%	5%	9%	9%	13%	9%	8%	6%	3%	9%	7%	9%	7%	11%
Don't Know	6%	4%	4%	6%	13%	4%	4%	5%	5%	5%	4%	6%	3%	20%	9%	4%	4%	3%	7%
Total Agree:	43%	29%	63%	45%	41%	25%	57%	52%	46%	40%	46%	50%	53%	34%	50%	56%	45%	51%	41%
Total Disagree:	29%	44%	13%	30%	22%	47%	16%	23%	27%	33%	27%	21%	23%	19%	20%	20%	32%	25%	28%
Net:	14%	-15%	50%	16%	19%	-22%	41%	29%	19%	7%	19%	29%	30%	15%	29%	36%	13%	25%	14%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(71.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: The Government should be able to force civil servants to work from the office

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	11%	4%	9%	8%	12%	16%	16%	13%	10%	9%	9%	14%	10%	10%	10%	13%	10%	8%	18%
Agree	23%	18%	16%	23%	19%	27%	30%	25%	26%	21%	22%	29%	23%	21%	19%	19%	20%	19%	17%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	24%	26%	25%	23%	26%	23%	23%	25%	25%	27%	26%	22%	26%	29%	20%	23%	23%	21%	11%
Disagree	21%	26%	26%	25%	20%	14%	18%	18%	18%	25%	24%	20%	20%	22%	30%	21%	24%	29%	18%
Strongly Disagree	16%	20%	19%	16%	18%	16%	10%	14%	17%	16%	13%	12%	16%	13%	20%	18%	19%	18%	30%
Don't Know	5%	6%	5%	5%	6%	4%	3%	6%	4%	4%	6%	4%	5%	6%	0%	6%	4%	5%	7%
Total Agree:	33%	22%	25%	31%	30%	43%	46%	38%	36%	29%	31%	42%	33%	30%	29%	33%	31%	27%	34%
Total Disagree:	38%	46%	45%	41%	38%	30%	28%	32%	35%	40%	37%	33%	36%	35%	50%	39%	42%	47%	48%
Net:	-4%	-24%	-21%	-10%	-8%	12%	18%	6%	1%	-11%	-5%	10%	-3%	-5%	-21%	-6%	-12%	-20%	-14%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(71.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: The Government should be able to force civil servants to work from the office

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	11%	16%	6%	10%	9%	15%	10%	14%	9%	9%	5%	22%	18%	7%	6%	19%	5%	7%	5%
Agree	23%	25%	20%	22%	23%	25%	20%	22%	25%	20%	25%	18%	28%	20%	20%	29%	20%	23%	15%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	24%	24%	24%	23%	22%	25%	27%	30%	21%	21%	24%	27%	24%	24%	23%	26%	22%	22%	25%
Disagree	21%	18%	25%	22%	22%	20%	22%	19%	23%	25%	19%	15%	17%	24%	25%	17%	24%	22%	27%
Strongly Disagree	16%	13%	19%	19%	19%	12%	14%	11%	17%	20%	23%	14%	9%	22%	18%	6%	26%	24%	18%
Don't Know	5%	4%	6%	3%	5%	3%	7%	5%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	8%	3%	4%	2%	10%
Total Agree:	33%	41%	26%	33%	32%	40%	30%	36%	34%	30%	30%	40%	45%	27%	26%	48%	24%	31%	20%
Total Disagree:	38%	31%	44%	40%	41%	32%	36%	30%	40%	45%	42%	29%	26%	46%	42%	23%	49%	45%	45%
Net:	-4%	9%	-17%	-7%	-9%	8%	-6%	6%	-6%	-15%	-12%	11%	19%	-19%	-16%	24%	-25%	-15%	-25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(71.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: The Government should be able to force civil servants to work from the office

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	11%	19%	5%	7%	3%	20%	5%	6%	14%	13%	12%	7%	10%	1%	13%	6%	9%	7%	13%
Agree	23%	29%	18%	21%	17%	34%	18%	20%	19%	25%	17%	20%	19%	21%	15%	16%	27%	28%	22%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	24%	25%	21%	25%	26%	27%	23%	27%	28%	24%	23%	23%	17%	29%	22%	26%	16%	23%	27%
Disagree	21%	17%	24%	22%	29%	14%	27%	25%	23%	20%	26%	22%	36%	19%	22%	23%	26%	24%	19%
Strongly Disagree	16%	7%	27%	21%	16%	5%	23%	18%	14%	15%	17%	21%	12%	15%	21%	25%	18%	16%	14%
Don't Know	5%	3%	4%	4%	8%	1%	3%	4%	2%	3%	6%	6%	7%	15%	6%	3%	4%	2%	5%
Total Agree:	33%	48%	23%	28%	21%	54%	23%	26%	33%	37%	29%	28%	28%	23%	28%	23%	36%	35%	35%
Total Disagree:	38%	24%	51%	43%	45%	18%	51%	43%	37%	35%	43%	43%	48%	34%	43%	48%	43%	40%	33%
Net:	-4%	25%	-28%	-15%	-24%	35%	-28%	-17%	-4%	2%	-14%	-16%	-20%	-12%	-16%	-25%	-7%	-5%	2%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(72.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: There are larger issues in Government currently than where civil servants are working from

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	36%	33%	41%	38%	39%	36%	31%	34%	33%	39%	36%	32%	32%	38%	37%	38%	36%	45%	45%
Agree	36%	29%	30%	35%	35%	36%	45%	34%	38%	38%	36%	34%	37%	35%	41%	35%	36%	30%	25%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	24%	18%	19%	16%	19%	17%	19%	19%	17%	22%	21%	22%	18%	15%	14%	17%	15%	20%
Disagree	4%	5%	4%	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%	5%	2%	2%	6%	3%	2%	3%	5%	5%	5%	2%
Strongly Disagree	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	4%	1%	3%	2%	2%	0%	2%	1%	3%	3%	3%	3%	0%	3%
Don't Know	4%	6%	4%	3%	5%	2%	2%	5%	1%	3%	4%	5%	4%	4%	1%	5%	3%	5%	6%
Total Agree:	72%	62%	71%	73%	74%	71%	76%	68%	72%	77%	73%	66%	69%	73%	78%	73%	72%	75%	69%
Total Disagree:	6%	8%	6%	5%	5%	8%	5%	8%	8%	4%	2%	8%	5%	4%	6%	8%	7%	5%	4%
Net:	66%	54%	65%	68%	68%	64%	71%	60%	64%	73%	71%	58%	65%	69%	71%	65%	65%	70%	65%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(72.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: There are larger issues in Government currently than where civil servants are working from

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	36%	35%	37%	36%	39%	35%	35%	31%	31%	42%	44%	27%	31%	42%	34%	28%	46%	41%	32%
Agree	36%	35%	36%	31%	38%	38%	37%	41%	38%	32%	29%	40%	38%	35%	33%	42%	31%	35%	34%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	19%	18%	22%	14%	18%	19%	20%	19%	17%	17%	13%	20%	15%	23%	20%	15%	11%	21%
Disagree	4%	5%	3%	6%	3%	3%	3%	3%	5%	4%	5%	11%	5%	3%	1%	6%	2%	6%	1%
Strongly Disagree	2%	3%	2%	2%	3%	3%	1%	2%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	6%	3%
Don't Know	4%	3%	4%	3%	3%	3%	6%	3%	5%	3%	4%	6%	3%	2%	7%	2%	3%	2%	9%
Total Agree:	72%	70%	73%	66%	77%	73%	72%	72%	70%	74%	73%	67%	69%	77%	67%	70%	77%	75%	66%
Total Disagree:	6%	8%	5%	8%	6%	6%	4%	5%	7%	7%	7%	14%	8%	5%	3%	8%	5%	12%	4%
Net:	66%	62%	69%	58%	71%	67%	68%	67%	63%	67%	66%	53%	62%	72%	63%	63%	73%	63%	62%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(72.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: There are larger issues in Government currently than where civil servants are working from

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	36%	28%	46%	40%	34%	22%	46%	43%	35%	36%	35%	40%	43%	25%	41%	44%	39%	35%	35%
Agree	36%	43%	31%	35%	33%	45%	31%	30%	38%	35%	40%	36%	33%	33%	31%	25%	37%	33%	34%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	20%	16%	9%	21%	22%	15%	17%	19%	20%	18%	15%	14%	24%	17%	19%	12%	24%	20%
Disagree	4%	5%	2%	6%	3%	6%	3%	4%	5%	4%	5%	3%	2%	1%	3%	8%	8%	4%	3%
Strongly Disagree	2%	2%	2%	6%	2%	2%	2%	5%	2%	3%	1%	3%	2%	2%	4%	1%	3%	1%	3%
Don't Know	4%	2%	3%	3%	8%	1%	3%	3%	2%	3%	1%	4%	5%	16%	5%	3%	2%	3%	4%
Total Agree:	72%	71%	77%	75%	67%	68%	78%	72%	73%	70%	75%	76%	77%	57%	71%	69%	75%	68%	70%
Total Disagree:	6%	7%	4%	13%	4%	9%	4%	8%	7%	7%	6%	6%	3%	3%	7%	10%	10%	5%	6%
Net:	66%	64%	73%	62%	62%	59%	73%	64%	66%	64%	69%	70%	73%	54%	64%	60%	65%	63%	64%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(73.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Whether civil servants work from home or not is an important political issue

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	12%	14%	19%	11%	11%	14%	7%	13%	9%	14%	13%	10%	14%	18%	13%	11%	15%	8%	11%
Agree	28%	28%	28%	31%	27%	24%	29%	29%	26%	29%	30%	29%	29%	28%	30%	31%	18%	33%	30%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	25%	24%	27%	24%	27%	29%	27%	29%	23%	28%	21%	25%	28%	33%	27%	26%	20%	12%
Disagree	20%	18%	17%	19%	22%	19%	25%	20%	20%	24%	14%	22%	21%	19%	19%	17%	28%	19%	18%
Strongly Disagree	10%	11%	9%	7%	11%	12%	9%	7%	13%	7%	10%	13%	8%	5%	6%	8%	10%	14%	26%
Don't Know	4%	4%	3%	6%	5%	3%	2%	4%	3%	2%	5%	5%	3%	2%	0%	6%	4%	7%	5%
Total Agree:	40%	42%	47%	42%	38%	38%	36%	41%	35%	43%	43%	39%	42%	46%	43%	43%	33%	40%	40%
Total Disagree:	30%	29%	26%	25%	32%	31%	34%	27%	33%	31%	24%	35%	29%	24%	24%	25%	37%	33%	44%
Net:	11%	13%	21%	16%	6%	7%	2%	14%	2%	12%	18%	4%	13%	22%	19%	18%	-4%	8%	-3%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(73.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Whether civil servants work from home or not is an important political issue

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	12%	14%	11%	12%	12%	14%	11%	10%	12%	14%	13%	12%	12%	14%	10%	11%	18%	11%	10%
Agree	28%	28%	28%	28%	28%	27%	29%	29%	28%	29%	31%	26%	28%	29%	25%	29%	25%	33%	24%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	26%	26%	23%	26%	27%	29%	30%	28%	22%	18%	34%	28%	23%	29%	29%	25%	27%	25%
Disagree	20%	19%	22%	22%	20%	18%	20%	18%	20%	19%	22%	18%	20%	20%	21%	22%	18%	16%	22%
Strongly Disagree	10%	10%	9%	12%	10%	10%	7%	8%	9%	11%	13%	6%	8%	11%	8%	7%	11%	11%	10%
Don't Know	4%	3%	5%	3%	3%	4%	5%	5%	4%	4%	3%	4%	4%	3%	6%	2%	3%	2%	9%
Total Agree:	40%	42%	39%	41%	41%	41%	40%	39%	39%	43%	45%	39%	40%	43%	36%	40%	43%	44%	34%
Total Disagree:	30%	29%	30%	34%	30%	28%	27%	26%	29%	30%	34%	24%	29%	30%	29%	29%	29%	27%	32%
Net:	11%	13%	9%	7%	10%	13%	13%	13%	10%	13%	11%	15%	11%	13%	7%	11%	14%	17%	2%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(73.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Whether civil servants work from home or not is an important political issue

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	12%	11%	16%	12%	9%	11%	17%	14%	14%	12%	9%	14%	14%	13%	17%	17%	19%	10%	11%
Agree	28%	29%	27%	30%	23%	31%	27%	32%	31%	27%	31%	29%	29%	25%	26%	30%	34%	34%	27%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	29%	25%	26%	26%	30%	24%	26%	29%	27%	23%	23%	25%	24%	26%	23%	15%	24%	28%
Disagree	20%	22%	17%	20%	23%	21%	19%	17%	16%	20%	22%	21%	16%	22%	15%	16%	19%	18%	19%
Strongly Disagree	10%	8%	13%	8%	9%	6%	11%	9%	7%	10%	10%	10%	13%	8%	11%	11%	11%	11%	10%
Don't Know	4%	2%	3%	4%	10%	2%	2%	2%	4%	3%	4%	3%	3%	9%	6%	3%	2%	3%	4%
Total Agree:	40%	40%	43%	42%	32%	42%	43%	45%	44%	39%	40%	43%	43%	38%	43%	47%	53%	44%	38%
Total Disagree:	30%	29%	30%	28%	32%	27%	31%	26%	22%	30%	32%	31%	29%	30%	25%	27%	30%	29%	29%
Net:	11%	11%	13%	14%	0%	15%	13%	19%	22%	9%	8%	11%	14%	8%	18%	20%	23%	15%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(74.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should follow the Government’s orders, even if they do not like them

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	15%	5%	9%	10%	13%	22%	25%	15%	14%	12%	15%	19%	13%	16%	12%	15%	16%	12%	13%
Agree	33%	24%	28%	33%	36%	35%	41%	33%	37%	32%	34%	39%	33%	37%	27%	33%	34%	23%	25%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	36%	29%	25%	27%	20%	20%	27%	28%	28%	29%	19%	22%	25%	36%	25%	19%	32%	26%
Disagree	14%	18%	22%	17%	10%	10%	10%	14%	13%	20%	9%	11%	19%	13%	13%	13%	17%	16%	12%
Strongly Disagree	7%	11%	8%	7%	6%	9%	2%	5%	5%	4%	8%	7%	6%	6%	9%	7%	8%	11%	17%
Don't Know	5%	6%	4%	7%	8%	4%	2%	5%	3%	4%	6%	6%	7%	3%	3%	7%	6%	7%	7%
Total Agree:	48%	29%	37%	44%	49%	57%	66%	48%	52%	44%	48%	58%	46%	53%	39%	48%	50%	35%	38%
Total Disagree:	21%	29%	30%	24%	16%	18%	12%	20%	17%	24%	17%	18%	25%	19%	22%	20%	25%	27%	29%
Net:	27%	0%	8%	20%	33%	39%	54%	28%	35%	21%	31%	40%	21%	34%	17%	28%	25%	8%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(74.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should follow the Government’s orders, even if they do not like them

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	15%	21%	9%	14%	13%	18%	14%	16%	12%	14%	9%	28%	23%	11%	7%	25%	5%	17%	7%
Agree	33%	35%	32%	32%	33%	35%	33%	39%	34%	30%	36%	18%	39%	32%	28%	43%	30%	32%	25%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	23%	28%	25%	26%	26%	28%	26%	28%	24%	23%	24%	21%	27%	33%	21%	27%	21%	32%
Disagree	14%	12%	16%	15%	17%	12%	12%	9%	14%	19%	20%	21%	10%	18%	16%	7%	23%	20%	15%
Strongly Disagree	7%	5%	8%	8%	7%	5%	6%	6%	7%	8%	8%	0%	4%	9%	8%	3%	11%	6%	11%
Don't Know	5%	4%	6%	5%	4%	4%	7%	5%	4%	5%	5%	9%	4%	5%	8%	3%	4%	3%	10%
Total Agree:	48%	56%	41%	47%	46%	53%	47%	54%	46%	44%	45%	46%	62%	42%	35%	67%	35%	49%	32%
Total Disagree:	21%	17%	25%	24%	24%	18%	18%	14%	22%	27%	27%	21%	13%	27%	24%	9%	33%	27%	25%
Net:	27%	39%	16%	23%	22%	35%	29%	40%	25%	17%	18%	24%	48%	16%	11%	58%	2%	22%	7%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(74.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants should follow the Government’s orders, even if they do not like them

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	15%	25%	5%	13%	7%	26%	6%	14%	17%	16%	16%	12%	11%	7%	16%	9%	14%	7%	15%
Agree	33%	42%	27%	35%	28%	46%	30%	37%	33%	35%	29%	33%	32%	18%	26%	21%	40%	42%	34%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	21%	29%	19%	34%	19%	29%	22%	25%	25%	22%	28%	22%	37%	25%	34%	21%	24%	26%
Disagree	14%	8%	23%	22%	12%	6%	22%	16%	13%	13%	22%	14%	22%	18%	17%	22%	16%	16%	11%
Strongly Disagree	7%	2%	12%	6%	9%	2%	10%	7%	7%	6%	5%	9%	7%	5%	9%	11%	9%	7%	7%
Don't Know	5%	3%	4%	5%	11%	1%	4%	5%	5%	4%	5%	4%	7%	14%	7%	3%	0%	5%	6%
Total Agree:	48%	66%	33%	48%	35%	72%	35%	51%	50%	51%	46%	45%	43%	26%	42%	30%	54%	48%	49%
Total Disagree:	21%	10%	35%	28%	21%	8%	32%	23%	20%	20%	27%	23%	28%	23%	26%	33%	25%	23%	18%
Net:	27%	57%	-2%	20%	14%	64%	3%	28%	31%	32%	19%	22%	15%	3%	16%	-3%	29%	25%	31%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(75.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are too well-paid

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	12%	4%	11%	12%	12%	17%	14%	13%	12%	14%	12%	14%	8%	9%	12%	14%	11%	9%	13%
Agree	27%	23%	26%	23%	30%	30%	29%	27%	25%	32%	31%	25%	30%	29%	29%	25%	27%	19%	20%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	30%	33%	28%	30%	28%	26%	32%	29%	33%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	33%	29%	26%	34%	23%
Disagree	13%	17%	17%	14%	11%	9%	11%	14%	13%	10%	12%	13%	11%	18%	10%	11%	12%	18%	16%
Strongly Disagree	6%	6%	7%	7%	4%	8%	4%	5%	6%	3%	3%	4%	5%	4%	8%	7%	11%	5%	17%
Don't Know	12%	16%	12%	13%	15%	9%	9%	13%	10%	10%	12%	14%	16%	9%	8%	14%	13%	15%	11%
Total Agree:	39%	28%	36%	36%	42%	47%	43%	40%	38%	46%	43%	39%	38%	39%	40%	39%	38%	27%	32%
Total Disagree:	19%	24%	24%	21%	15%	17%	15%	19%	19%	14%	15%	17%	16%	22%	18%	18%	23%	23%	34%
Net:	20%	4%	12%	14%	27%	30%	28%	21%	18%	32%	28%	22%	22%	17%	22%	22%	14%	4%	-1%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(75.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are too well-paid

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	12%	16%	8%	12%	10%	16%	10%	14%	8%	10%	12%	20%	18%	9%	5%	17%	8%	10%	8%
Agree	27%	28%	26%	26%	22%	30%	31%	32%	27%	23%	19%	18%	31%	25%	22%	34%	24%	23%	22%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	30%	27%	33%	29%	33%	30%	28%	29%	30%	32%	30%	22%	28%	30%	33%	29%	31%	31%	33%
Disagree	13%	13%	13%	16%	14%	11%	12%	10%	13%	17%	18%	17%	9%	17%	15%	8%	18%	16%	13%
Strongly Disagree	6%	6%	6%	7%	8%	3%	4%	3%	8%	7%	10%	9%	4%	9%	5%	3%	9%	8%	4%
Don't Know	12%	10%	14%	10%	13%	10%	15%	12%	13%	12%	11%	14%	10%	10%	20%	9%	11%	13%	19%
Total Agree:	39%	44%	34%	37%	32%	46%	41%	46%	35%	33%	31%	38%	49%	34%	27%	51%	32%	33%	30%
Total Disagree:	19%	19%	19%	23%	22%	14%	15%	13%	21%	24%	28%	27%	12%	26%	19%	11%	27%	24%	18%
Net:	20%	25%	16%	14%	10%	32%	26%	34%	14%	9%	3%	11%	37%	8%	8%	40%	5%	9%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(75.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are too well-paid

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	12%	16%	8%	10%	9%	18%	8%	9%	15%	13%	16%	9%	8%	3%	16%	10%	16%	10%	13%
Agree	27%	35%	23%	21%	22%	36%	24%	27%	25%	30%	22%	23%	27%	20%	23%	19%	31%	33%	29%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	30%	29%	30%	30%	34%	30%	32%	27%	28%	31%	27%	29%	34%	28%	24%	33%	29%	30%	29%
Disagree	13%	9%	19%	16%	11%	8%	17%	19%	16%	12%	14%	15%	13%	12%	13%	20%	14%	11%	12%
Strongly Disagree	6%	2%	10%	9%	4%	2%	8%	9%	4%	3%	8%	12%	7%	8%	11%	9%	6%	7%	5%
Don't Know	12%	8%	11%	14%	20%	7%	11%	9%	12%	10%	13%	12%	11%	28%	12%	10%	4%	8%	13%
Total Agree:	39%	51%	31%	31%	32%	54%	32%	36%	40%	43%	38%	31%	34%	23%	39%	29%	47%	43%	42%
Total Disagree:	19%	11%	29%	25%	14%	10%	25%	28%	20%	16%	23%	27%	20%	21%	24%	28%	20%	18%	16%
Net:	20%	39%	2%	6%	17%	44%	7%	8%	21%	27%	15%	4%	14%	3%	15%	0%	27%	25%	25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(76.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are lazy

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	7%	4%	8%	8%	5%	10%	8%	9%	6%	7%	6%	6%	4%	8%	6%	8%	11%	6%	14%
Agree	13%	11%	14%	12%	13%	15%	12%	13%	10%	13%	19%	16%	16%	10%	20%	11%	8%	10%	8%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	29%	34%	23%	27%	29%	33%	30%	27%	34%	35%	30%	35%	29%	23%	27%	26%	28%	29%	22%
Disagree	26%	21%	29%	28%	24%	19%	29%	30%	27%	22%	21%	24%	25%	34%	24%	25%	24%	23%	20%
Strongly Disagree	15%	17%	19%	15%	14%	16%	12%	11%	15%	11%	14%	11%	13%	19%	18%	17%	20%	21%	27%
Don't Know	10%	13%	8%	10%	14%	7%	9%	10%	9%	12%	10%	7%	13%	7%	5%	14%	9%	12%	8%
Total Agree:	20%	15%	21%	20%	19%	24%	20%	22%	15%	20%	25%	22%	20%	17%	25%	19%	19%	16%	22%
Total Disagree:	41%	38%	48%	43%	38%	36%	41%	41%	42%	33%	35%	35%	38%	53%	42%	42%	44%	44%	47%
Net:	-21%	-23%	-27%	-23%	-20%	-11%	-21%	-19%	-27%	-13%	-10%	-13%	-17%	-35%	-17%	-23%	-25%	-29%	-25%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(76.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are lazy

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	7%	12%	3%	8%	5%	9%	7%	7%	7%	7%	4%	16%	11%	5%	5%	10%	5%	5%	5%
Agree	13%	15%	10%	12%	10%	15%	14%	14%	11%	11%	15%	26%	16%	10%	15%	17%	10%	10%	10%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	29%	28%	30%	29%	27%	32%	29%	31%	31%	25%	24%	17%	34%	24%	29%	36%	21%	23%	33%
Disagree	26%	23%	28%	27%	25%	23%	28%	25%	26%	28%	26%	20%	21%	31%	24%	22%	31%	31%	26%
Strongly Disagree	15%	13%	17%	17%	21%	11%	11%	11%	15%	21%	21%	14%	9%	22%	12%	9%	25%	22%	10%
Don't Know	10%	8%	11%	7%	12%	10%	11%	11%	10%	9%	10%	6%	9%	8%	15%	7%	8%	10%	17%
Total Agree:	20%	27%	13%	20%	16%	24%	21%	21%	18%	18%	19%	42%	27%	15%	20%	27%	15%	14%	14%
Total Disagree:	41%	37%	45%	44%	45%	34%	40%	36%	41%	48%	47%	34%	31%	53%	36%	30%	56%	52%	36%
Net:	-21%	-10%	-32%	-24%	-30%	-9%	-19%	-15%	-23%	-30%	-28%	8%	-4%	-37%	-15%	-3%	-41%	-38%	-21%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(76.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: Civil servants in general are lazy

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment						Working from home frequency					
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	7%	10%	5%	5%	5%	10%	5%	5%	9%	8%	9%	3%	5%	6%	9%	7%	10%	6%	7%
Agree	13%	17%	9%	12%	11%	17%	10%	12%	14%	16%	13%	8%	5%	6%	16%	13%	17%	15%	13%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	29%	34%	22%	18%	35%	37%	24%	27%	30%	29%	26%	29%	25%	33%	30%	24%	19%	27%	31%
Disagree	26%	23%	30%	33%	23%	24%	30%	25%	28%	25%	27%	27%	32%	20%	16%	26%	32%	28%	24%
Strongly Disagree	15%	9%	25%	22%	10%	7%	25%	23%	9%	14%	17%	23%	22%	13%	19%	26%	16%	17%	13%
Don't Know	10%	8%	8%	10%	15%	5%	8%	8%	10%	8%	8%	11%	11%	23%	11%	4%	5%	8%	11%
Total Agree:	20%	27%	14%	17%	16%	27%	14%	17%	23%	24%	22%	11%	10%	11%	25%	20%	27%	21%	20%
Total Disagree:	41%	32%	56%	55%	34%	31%	54%	48%	37%	39%	44%	49%	54%	33%	34%	53%	48%	45%	38%
Net:	-21%	-5%	-42%	-37%	-17%	-4%	-40%	-31%	-14%	-15%	-22%	-38%	-44%	-21%	-10%	-33%	-21%	-25%	-17%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(77.A) Do you agree or disagree with the following: I do not personally care where civil servants work

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
Strongly Agree	18%	20%	22%	19%	20%	17%	11%	14%	19%	19%	21%	17%	18%	16%	16%	20%	15%	22%	21%
Agree	33%	33%	34%	34%	37%	32%	29%	32%	35%	34%	35%	35%	32%	36%	28%	30%	33%	29%	34%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	28%	21%	26%	24%	26%	28%	29%	26%	27%	20%	24%	25%	25%	29%	26%	27%	28%	9%
Disagree	15%	10%	13%	15%	12%	16%	20%	14%	15%	13%	17%	12%	13%	16%	20%	14%	16%	12%	21%
Strongly Disagree	6%	4%	8%	2%	3%	8%	10%	7%	5%	5%	3%	8%	5%	6%	6%	7%	6%	7%	9%
Don't Know	3%	5%	2%	3%	3%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	3%	4%	6%	1%	1%	3%	3%	2%	6%
Total Agree:	51%	53%	56%	54%	57%	48%	40%	46%	53%	53%	57%	52%	51%	52%	44%	50%	48%	50%	56%
Total Disagree:	21%	14%	21%	17%	16%	24%	31%	21%	20%	18%	20%	20%	19%	22%	26%	21%	22%	19%	29%
Net:	30%	39%	36%	36%	41%	24%	9%	25%	33%	35%	37%	32%	32%	29%	18%	30%	26%	31%	26%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(77.B) Do you agree or disagree with the following: I do not personally care where civil servants work

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
Strongly Agree	18%	19%	17%	17%	19%	17%	18%	17%	18%	21%	15%	16%	14%	21%	16%	13%	23%	13%	20%
Agree	33%	30%	36%	33%	34%	33%	32%	31%	34%	38%	24%	44%	30%	35%	35%	32%	32%	38%	35%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	25%	27%	23%	24%	28%	28%	31%	23%	20%	32%	25%	27%	25%	25%	26%	26%	28%	25%
Disagree	15%	16%	14%	16%	14%	13%	16%	13%	18%	14%	15%	10%	18%	13%	14%	20%	12%	12%	10%
Strongly Disagree	6%	8%	4%	8%	6%	7%	3%	6%	4%	5%	9%	6%	9%	4%	4%	8%	4%	6%	4%
Don't Know	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	2%	3%	2%	4%	0%	2%	2%	6%	1%	2%	3%	6%
Total Agree:	51%	49%	52%	50%	54%	50%	50%	48%	53%	59%	40%	60%	44%	56%	51%	45%	55%	51%	54%
Total Disagree:	21%	24%	18%	25%	20%	19%	19%	19%	21%	19%	25%	16%	27%	18%	18%	28%	16%	18%	14%
Net:	30%	25%	34%	25%	34%	31%	31%	29%	31%	40%	15%	44%	18%	38%	33%	17%	40%	34%	40%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(77.C) Do you agree or disagree with the following: I do not personally care where civil servants work

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
Strongly Agree	18%	14%	22%	14%	20%	11%	23%	14%	15%	19%	22%	16%	19%	17%	23%	20%	18%	17%	20%
Agree	33%	32%	34%	39%	33%	30%	34%	38%	38%	32%	32%	33%	34%	32%	34%	36%	47%	34%	32%
Neither Agree nor Disagree	26%	26%	27%	22%	27%	27%	25%	27%	27%	24%	26%	29%	26%	25%	21%	21%	17%	25%	26%
Disagree	15%	19%	11%	14%	11%	23%	13%	11%	13%	16%	9%	13%	17%	12%	11%	14%	11%	18%	14%
Strongly Disagree	6%	8%	4%	7%	4%	8%	3%	5%	5%	7%	10%	6%	1%	5%	6%	7%	5%	4%	6%
Don't Know	3%	1%	2%	4%	6%	1%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	9%	5%	1%	2%	2%	2%
Total Agree:	51%	46%	56%	53%	52%	41%	57%	53%	53%	51%	54%	49%	54%	49%	57%	56%	65%	51%	52%
Total Disagree:	21%	27%	15%	21%	15%	31%	17%	17%	18%	23%	19%	19%	19%	17%	17%	21%	16%	21%	20%
Net:	30%	19%	41%	32%	37%	11%	40%	36%	35%	28%	34%	30%	35%	32%	40%	35%	49%	30%	32%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(78.A) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will force civil servants to return to the offices, at risk of losing their jobs or having their pay reduced, so that we no longer waste the taxpayers money on empty offices in London” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	Age						Region											
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	London	South East	South West	East of England	East Midlands	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	North East	North West	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland
Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	8%	10%	7%	5%	6%	10%	10%	6%	6%	6%	11%	8%	7%	11%	10%	7%	4%	2%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	10%	12%	13%	11%	9%	6%	10%	15%	9%	12%	5%	13%	9%	6%	10%	10%	8%	9%	13%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	11%	12%	9%	13%	11%	11%	12%	12%	11%	10%	15%	9%	17%	10%	12%	10%	10%	9%	8%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	30%	20%	24%	23%	32%	41%	36%	26%	33%	32%	29%	29%	26%	34%	31%	29%	27%	32%	32%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	10%	10%	12%	11%	11%	7%	10%	9%	8%	9%	17%	7%	10%	15%	10%	9%	10%	12%	5%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	8%	10%	11%	7%	6%	9%	6%	6%	9%	10%	5%	9%	11%	8%	5%	7%	10%	8%	4%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	12%	16%	10%	16%	13%	11%	10%	10%	11%	12%	12%	9%	11%	12%	14%	11%	16%	16%	26%
Don't Know	11%	12%	12%	13%	14%	9%	6%	12%	13%	9%	10%	11%	9%	8%	7%	13%	11%	10%	11%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(78.B) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will force civil servants to return to the offices, at risk of losing their jobs or having their pay reduced, so that we no longer waste the taxpayers money on empty offices in London” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Under-graduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	11%	5%	8%	6%	8%	8%	8%	6%	8%	5%	19%	10%	7%	3%	12%	7%	6%	4%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	10%	12%	8%	12%	10%	9%	9%	11%	13%	9%	12%	13%	12%	8%	10%	14%	8%	6%	6%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	11%	12%	11%	12%	11%	14%	9%	12%	10%	11%	10%	25%	15%	10%	8%	15%	11%	10%	6%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	30%	30%	29%	26%	28%	35%	31%	31%	31%	25%	30%	16%	34%	28%	26%	35%	23%	31%	29%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	10%	9%	11%	10%	12%	9%	9%	10%	8%	13%	8%	0%	8%	11%	10%	8%	12%	13%	10%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	8%	7%	9%	9%	11%	6%	5%	5%	9%	10%	10%	11%	5%	10%	9%	4%	11%	13%	8%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	12%	11%	14%	14%	14%	9%	12%	10%	13%	15%	17%	12%	7%	17%	10%	5%	20%	16%	11%
Don't Know	11%	9%	13%	8%	8%	10%	17%	13%	10%	7%	8%	4%	8%	8%	25%	7%	8%	4%	26%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(78.C) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will force civil servants to return to the offices, at risk of losing their jobs or having their pay reduced, so that we no longer waste the taxpayers money on empty offices in London” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	12%	7%	6%	3%	14%	7%	5%	13%	8%	10%	4%	8%	6%	15%	4%	13%	4%	7%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	10%	13%	9%	9%	6%	14%	9%	11%	12%	11%	8%	9%	5%	8%	8%	14%	11%	13%	10%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	11%	15%	11%	10%	5%	18%	10%	13%	9%	14%	6%	9%	13%	15%	9%	12%	10%	14%	12%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	30%	35%	21%	29%	32%	35%	25%	27%	32%	30%	31%	30%	24%	22%	24%	24%	26%	25%	31%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	10%	7%	13%	17%	11%	6%	11%	15%	9%	10%	13%	10%	19%	7%	5%	11%	13%	15%	11%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	8%	4%	11%	11%	10%	3%	12%	9%	8%	8%	10%	9%	8%	7%	10%	9%	8%	8%	7%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	12%	5%	21%	14%	9%	3%	18%	13%	11%	10%	15%	17%	15%	9%	20%	19%	13%	10%	10%
Don't Know	11%	8%	8%	3%	24%	8%	8%	7%	8%	9%	8%	12%	8%	27%	10%	6%	7%	10%	12%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(79.A) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will allow civil servants to work from home rather than forcing them to come into offices in central London, allowing us to sell off expensive office space which is costing the taxpayer” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	Age						Region											
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Unweighted	2009	286	328	331	343	291	430	267	269	174	178	150	187	168	92	227	151	99	47
Weighted	2009	279	341	343	342	282	422	281	261	161	181	141	181	161	80	221	181	100	60
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	14%	12%	11%	4%	4%	2%	9%	7%	11%	7%	7%	7%	3%	8%	9%	6%	6%	12%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	15%	20%	23%	18%	10%	13%	8%	18%	14%	13%	14%	16%	17%	15%	14%	15%	13%	17%	16%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	20%	29%	23%	20%	20%	15%	16%	21%	19%	18%	22%	23%	24%	18%	27%	18%	16%	23%	12%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	36%	22%	26%	30%	42%	43%	48%	32%	37%	35%	37%	32%	33%	41%	33%	37%	41%	36%	34%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	4%	2%	4%	3%	4%	5%	7%	4%	5%	6%	5%	5%	3%	4%	4%	2%	3%	4%	11%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%	4%	4%	1%	1%	3%	3%	3%	3%	2%	5%	2%	4%	2%	2%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	4%	1%	3%	4%	3%	7%	7%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	6%	1%	4%	5%	2%	4%
Don't Know	10%	11%	8%	13%	15%	10%	6%	11%	13%	9%	8%	11%	8%	11%	8%	11%	12%	9%	9%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(79.B) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will allow civil servants to work from home rather than forcing them to come into offices in central London, allowing us to sell off expensive office space which is costing the taxpayer” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	Gender		Social Grade				Education					EU 2016 Vote			2017 vote			
		Male	Female	AB	C1	C2	DE	GCSE or equivalent	A Level or equivalent	University Undergraduate Degree	University Postgraduate Degree	Doctorate	Leave	Remain	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	
Unweighted	2009	994	1007	458	557	464	520	488	414	439	167	34	827	812	215	727	541	128	227
Weighted	2009	988	1013	540	519	440	500	468	410	457	183	35	813	828	214	716	537	132	228
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	8%	7%	9%	7%	8%	6%	5%	9%	9%	9%	21%	5%	10%	7%	6%	9%	9%	6%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	15%	15%	15%	16%	19%	14%	12%	12%	17%	17%	19%	17%	12%	18%	14%	13%	23%	14%	14%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	20%	20%	20%	23%	20%	18%	20%	18%	20%	24%	27%	20%	18%	22%	18%	17%	23%	28%	16%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	36%	35%	37%	32%	36%	38%	38%	38%	34%	34%	29%	32%	40%	34%	33%	39%	32%	32%	37%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	4%	4%	4%	5%	4%	5%	3%	4%	4%	4%	4%	0%	6%	4%	2%	8%	2%	6%	0%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	3%	4%	1%	4%	2%	3%	1%	3%	2%	2%	4%	5%	4%	1%	2%	4%	1%	3%	1%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	4%	5%	3%	5%	4%	4%	4%	6%	3%	2%	2%	3%	6%	3%	4%	6%	2%	3%	3%
Don't Know	10%	8%	13%	8%	9%	9%	16%	13%	11%	7%	5%	4%	9%	8%	20%	7%	8%	5%	22%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions

(79.C) Imagine a political party was running a campaign to be elected, and made the following pledge: “We will allow civil servants to work from home rather than forcing them to come into offices in central London, allowing us to sell off expensive office space which is costing the taxpayer” Would it make you more or less likely to support that political party, or have no real effect either way?

	Total	2019 vote			Voting Intention			Current or previous employment					Working from home frequency						
		Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrat	I did not vote	Conservative Labour	Liberal Democrats	Self-employed	Private sector firm or company	Nationalised industry or public corporation	Other public sector employer	Charity sector	Have never worked	Fully remote	Mostly remote	Equally split	Mostly at work	Fully at work		
Unweighted	2009	783	527	133	244	509	629	143	219	1064	144	392	61	80	188	153	112	140	658
Weighted	2009	769	524	138	244	498	625	144	220	1064	145	394	60	78	195	158	120	144	650
This would make me definitely vote for the party	8%	6%	10%	8%	4%	8%	9%	11%	14%	6%	13%	8%	12%	5%	17%	17%	11%	5%	5%
This would make me much more likely to vote for the party	15%	12%	23%	15%	14%	11%	21%	19%	12%	17%	19%	13%	12%	12%	19%	26%	19%	25%	14%
This would make me somewhat more likely to vote for the party	20%	16%	25%	28%	19%	17%	24%	24%	22%	21%	14%	17%	19%	33%	21%	22%	23%	26%	20%
This would have no real impact on how likely I am to vote for the party	36%	40%	30%	36%	36%	39%	32%	30%	35%	36%	32%	40%	41%	24%	28%	21%	32%	30%	35%
This would make me somewhat less likely to vote for the party	4%	7%	2%	7%	1%	8%	2%	5%	3%	4%	7%	5%	3%	0%	2%	2%	5%	4%	5%
This would make me much less likely to vote for the party	3%	4%	0%	2%	2%	4%	1%	2%	2%	3%	1%	2%	2%	3%	0%	1%	2%	1%	3%
This would make me definitely NOT vote for the party	4%	6%	2%	1%	4%	6%	2%	1%	5%	5%	4%	3%	3%	1%	4%	2%	3%	1%	4%
Don't Know	10%	8%	8%	2%	21%	7%	8%	8%	9%	9%	9%	11%	8%	22%	8%	9%	4%	8%	13%

Note:

BASE: All Respondents

Fieldwork: 12th Jul - 18th Jul 2022

Data weighted by interlocking age & gender, region and social grade to Nationally Representative Proportions