# Voter Perceptions of Book Bans and Censorship



EveryLibrary Institute | Book Banning Survey Report | September 2022



### Methodology

The EveryLibrary Institute commissioned Embold Research to survey **1223 registered voters** nationally from **Aug 31-Sep 3, 2022**.

Respondents were recruited via dynamic online sampling to obtain a sample reflective of the population.

Post-stratification weighting was performed on age, gender, race/ethnicity, education, and 2020 presidential vote.

The modeled margin of error is 3.4%.



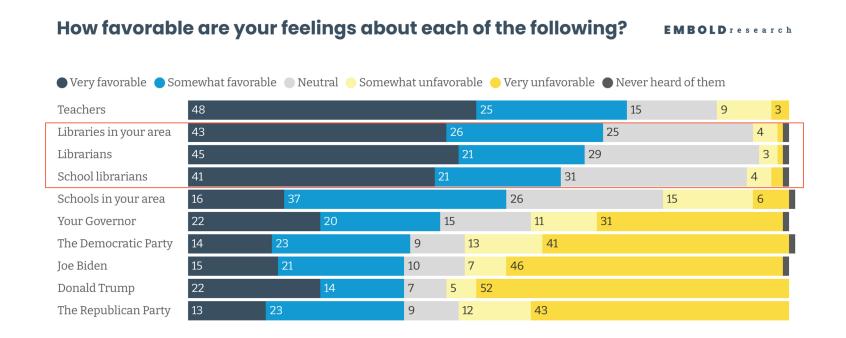
### **Key Findings**

- Nearly all American voters (92%) have heard at least something about book banning.
- Half of voters believe there is "absolutely no time when a book should be banned", 41% think "there are rare times when it's appropriate to ban books", and just 8% think "there are many books that are inappropriate and should be banned".
- At the outset, this issue transcends partisanship 31% of Republicans think there is absolutely no time when a book should be banned.
- Voters are most offended by the idea that children and classic books are being banned.
- Only 34% of voters support banning books about sexuality.
- At least 75% of voters will consider book banning when voting in November



#### Libraries and librarians are broadly favorably viewed

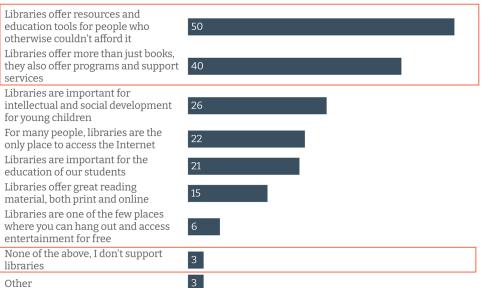
• Impressions are comparable to teachers, better than for local schools, and vastly superior to any of the politicians or political parties tested.



# Provision of free education resources and programs/support services are top "brand" attributes

## What do you think are the most important reasons to support libraries in your area? Select your top 2.

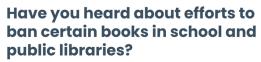
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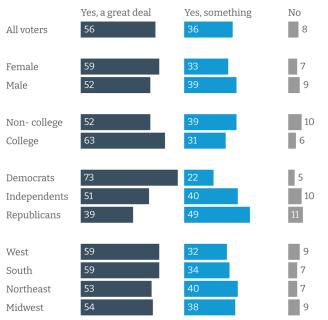
 Just 3% of voters say they can't find a reason to support libraries.



## Nearly all voters have heard about efforts to ban books in school and public libraries







- More than half (56%) have "heard a great deal" about this issue.
- Women, college-educated voters, and Democrats are most likely to have heard a great deal about this.
- Any regional differences are slight.



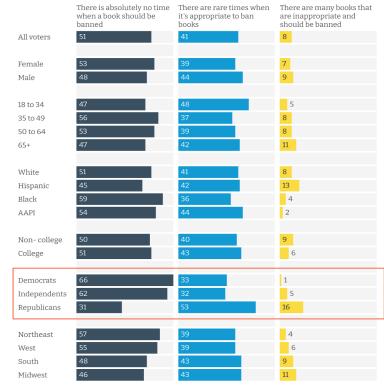
## Voters are divided on the appropriateness of banning books

- Half of voters believe there is "absolutely no time when a book should be banned".
  - This includes a sizeable portion (31%) of Republicans. This has great potential as a wedge issue.
- 41% choose a middle position "there are rare times when it's appropriate to ban books".
- Just 8% of voters think there are many books that are inappropriate and should be banned.



#### Which statement best describes your opinion about banning books in school and public libraries?





# Evidence related to state bans of certain books and blocking attempts at diversity are most worrying

## Below is some information about the increase in book banning across the United States. Which are most concerning to you? Select your top 3.

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States are introducing legislation to ban certain books and/or the teaching of different topics, such as racism, inequality, and sexuality.

Politicians are trying to block attempts to make reading material more diverse and representative of the full picture of America.

In some states, prosecutors are considering charging library employees for stocking certain books.

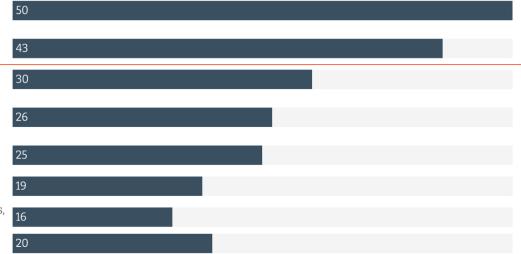
Bills have been introduced that would prohibit public school libraries and public libraries from keeping books on hand that focus on sexual activity, sexual identity or gender identity.

More than 1,500 book bans have been established in US school districts and public libraries in the past year.

Nearly 240 bills were introduced in the first three months of 2022 targeting books about LGBTQ issues.

Challenges to books, specifically books by non-white male authors, are happening at the highest rates we've ever seen.

None of these are concerning to me.



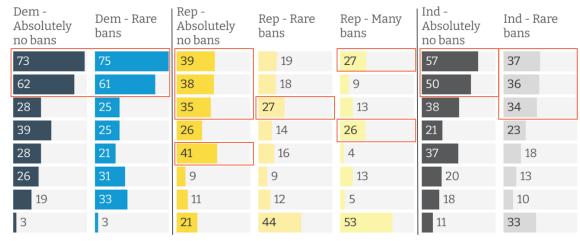
## Level of concern varies by both party ID and reflexive position on book banning

 Possibility of charging library employees emerges as worrying among Republicans and Independents.

## Below is some information about the increase in book banning across the United States. Which are most concerning to you? Select your top 3.

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$Legislation \ to \ ban \ books \ on \ racism, inequality, and \ sexuality$				
Block attempts to make reading material more diverse				
Prosecutors charging library employees				
Prohibit books that focus on sexuality, gender				
1,500 book bans in the past year				
240 bills first three months re: LGBTQ				
Challenges to books, non-white male authors, highest rates				
None of these are concerning to me.				



#### Type of book influences how book bans are received

- Banning classic novels and children's books are nearly universally opposed.
- Only 18% of voters support book banning on issues of race/CRT and only one third of voters support bans for books that discuss sexuality.

Classic novels, such as "The Handmaid's Tale, "Of Mice and Men" and "To Kill a Mockingbird," have been banned because of their depiction of violence and/or race.

Support: 3% Oppose: 93%

Children's Books have been banned for random reasons. For example, The Lorax was banned because a school board member was a logger, and Walter the Farting Dog was banned because it has the word "farting" in it.

Support: 4% Oppose: 91%

There have been many efforts to ban books that focus on **race** and slavery, such as "The 1619 Project," because some people feel they are "racially divisive".

Support: 18% Oppose: 72%

Many politicians and activists are trying to ban books that focus on **sexuality**, such as Maia Kobabe's "Gender Queer" and Toni Morrison's "The Bluest Eye," because some people feel it's too explicit.

Support: 34% Oppose: 59%

# Subject matter related to race, and particularly sexuality, soften Republican opposition to banning books

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Below are some examples of the types of books that have been banned and the reasons why. Do you support or oppose banning each type of book?

Total Support

	Children's books	Classics	Race	Sexuality
Dem - Absolutely no bans	1	2	1	1
Dem - Rare bans	3	2	2	12
Rep - Absolutely no bans	2	2	13	31
Rep - Rare bans	9	2	41	77
Rep - Many bans	24	18	65	97
Ind - Absolutely no bans	0	1	4	13
Ind - Rare bans	5	2	30	55

 Even still, most of the 31% of Republicans who believe there is "absolutely no time when a book should be banned" remain opposed regardless of which type of book tested.

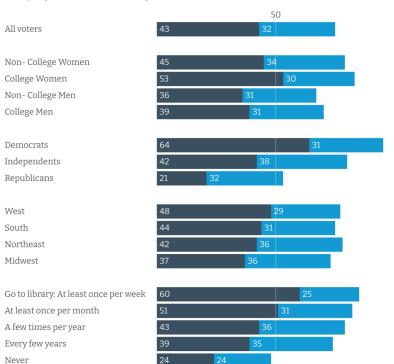


#### This is an important <u>voting</u> issue for 3 in 4 voters

#### How important is preventing book banning to how you decide to vote?







- It is especially mobilizing for collegeeducated women, Democrats, and those who frequently go to a library.
- Preventing book banning is also "very important" to 1 in 5 Republicans, and 42% of Independents.



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